

THE NAPANE

Vol. LIV] No 29 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRID

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Capital Paid up - \$8,000,000.00 Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits - \$7,300,000.00

You Can Start a Savings Account

with \$1.00. It is not necessary for you to wait until you have a large sum of money. An account can be opened with \$1.00 or more on which interest is compounded twice a year.

NAPANEE BRANCH: G. P. REIFFENSTEIN, Manager.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA. ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up.....\$7,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits... 7,245,140
Total Deposits.....62,729,163
Total Assets.....86,190,464

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napane E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.
Branch.

Yarker L. B. SHOREY, Mgr.
Branch.

CORN IS KING!

- Leaming.
- W. C. Yellow Dent.
- Longfellow.
- Early Comptons.

All of which cannot be beaten for excellence of quality or lowness of price. Now at

SYMINGTON'S

NAPANEE, ONT.

WALL PAPER

AT PAUL'S.

On July 5th I again go out with THE WATSON FOSTER CO'S. samples of Wall Paper for 1916. I have spent the summer in this way for the past five years selling wholesale between Cornwall and Peterboro.

My stock is larger than I want at this season, and to reduce it we will offer the greatest bargains we have ever given.

Paper worth 50c. for..... 30c
Paper worth 30c. for..... 20c
Paper worth 25c. for..... 15c
Paper worth 15c. for..... 10c

Any paper in the store at 25 per cent. off, and in many cases less.

Remnants at a song.

This sale will last until July 5th, and is for cash.

All accounts due me should be settled before July 5th.

Have You Seen BEAVER BOARD Paneled Walls and Ceilings?

THEY far surpass lath, plaster and wall-paper in beauty, durability, ease of application, and economy.

Paul's Bookstore

Town Council

Council Chambers,

Napanee, June 21st, 1915.

After Mr. Gibbard had taken the necessary declaration of office and of qualification, the Council proceeded to business.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening. Mayor-elect W. T. Gibbard presiding.

Members present—Councillors Carson, Dickinson, Graham, Waller, Wiseman, Walters and Reeve Denison.

Mayor Gibbard made a few introductory remarks in reference to his position as head official of the town, and hoped that business coming before the Board would go along as smoothly as in the past.

Minutes of last regular session were read and approved.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The following communication was received from Mr. U. M. Wilson:—Mr. Arthur Plumley of this town has consulted me in regard to open water course running through lot 24 on the north side of Mill street, into which in times past effluent from the sewer on Dundas street, Napanee has overflowed and been deposited, so that the stench arising from same has become well nigh unbearable, and a menace to the health of himself and family as well as to the whole neighborhood, and am instructed by Mr. Plumley to advise you that unless this condition of affairs is remedied within the next five days he will cause the matter to be laid before the Provincial Board of Health, and ask to have this condition of affairs remedied.

Moved by Coun. Waller, seconded by Coun. Graham, that the matter be referred to the Provincial Board of Health. Carried.

From the Manager of the General Insurance Act of Canada, representing the Ontario Workman's Compensation Act, giving details of working of said act, etc., was left in the hands of the Clerk to write for further particulars.

A communication was received from the Railway Commissioners, in reference to the proposed new station at Napanee. On motion was ordered filed.

A communication was received from the County Clerk as to the rate of assessment of the Corporation of Napanee.

Moved by Coun. Walters, seconded by Reeve Denison, that the communication be placed in the hands of the Finance Committee. Carried.

A petition was received from Elizabeth Frizzell and Blanche McFarlane asking that a cement walk be laid on the south side of Thomas Street, along their properties near the Driving Park.

Moved by Coun. Walters, seconded by Coun. Carson, that the communication be laid over till order of motions. Carried.

Coun. Graham asked for further time to report re weigh scales.

Coun. Carson reported in reference to well at disposal works, and was given power to have same remedied.

Napanee Collegiate Instit

Promotion Examination Result

From A.L. to B.L.—H. Dunbar Beard, R. Sills, E. Aylsworth, Judson, W. Sills, R. Bartlett, Spencer, S. Aylsworth, F. Miller, Brown, G. McConachie.

From B.L. to C.L.—G. Maclean Dickson * J. Simpson * A. Nickle * Windover *, H. Costigan *, F. Blu E. Switzer, C. Campbell, D. Smith Root, J. Cameron, M. Creighton Dies, L. McCutcheon, W. Dibb. following are recommended:—Smith, F. Coleman, S. Hartman, Ruttan, W. Perry, B. Russell, Perry, H. Miller, E. Coleman.

From C.L. to B.M.—M. Madole * Wright *, (also K. B. Daly, M. S. non upon results of L.S.E.N.

From C.L. to C.M.—V. Hall *, K. Daly *, E. Rockwell, C. Scott, Craven, F. Killorin, L. Rikely, Smith, S. Herrington, L. Smith, VanLoven, W. VanLoven, H. Hart J. Dibb, M. Parks, C. Rose. (U results of L.S.E.N. others may promoted to C.M.

From A.M. to B.M.—Vera Ballan W. Roy *, A. Wagar *, C. Young *, Alexander *, R. Graham, N. Rik V. Denison, H. Mellow, G. Sexton J. Vrooman. Recommended: H. M. Grange.

(Upon results of L. S. E. N. ot may be promoted to B.M.

All names are in order of merit.

* Star beside name indicates ho taken.

Those who by illness were prever from trying the June examinati may write on the supplementary aminations to be held Sept. 8th, and 10th.

Egg preserver at Hooper's good.

TAMWORTH.

R. A. Reid, fifty-four years of age, who lived retired near Enterprise dead, and his wife, a daughter Mr. and Mrs. John O'Brien of village, is seriously ill as the re of poisoning Sunday morning. Connor Dr. G. H. Cowan of Napanee, investigation, concluded that Reid's death was accidental, but the poisoning occurred is still so what of a mystery. The doctors el that Reid and his wife, who taken canned peaches Saturday ni and again Sunday morning, not fing well, had taken salts, which been kept in a can that formerly contained strichnine. In a short t they were both taken violently ill. neighbor heard Mrs. Reid groan and going in found her and her band in great pain. A physician summoned, but in spite of all medical assistance, Mr. Reid passed away in convulsions about 3 a.m. There hope of his wife's recovery.

**Have You Seen
BEAVER BOARD
Panelled Walls and
Ceilings?**

THEY far surpass lath, plaster and wall-paper in beauty, durability, ease of application, and economy.

They deaden sound, resist heat and cold, retard fire, resist shocks or strains, do not crack, chip or deteriorate with age.

BEAVER BOARD

can be used in new or remodeled buildings of every type.



APPLY TO

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.
PHONE 13,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

**On July 1st, 1915
or Before**

All Accounts must be settled by Cash or Satisfactory Notes, and hereafter all accounts must be settled at the end of each calendar month.

**See Me for Your
Binder Twine**

Corn Millet, Buckwheat. All kinds Ground Feeds, Bran, Shorts, and Best Flours.

Bibby's and Royal Purple Calf Feeds and Fertilizers at lowest prices.

The unequalled Frost Fencing and Galvanized Steel Gates, made of fully galvanized, full size No. 9 wire always in stock.

I am open to buy all kinds Farm Produce—Hay, Grain, Potatoes, etc., in car lots a speciality. Phone 175.

**FRED. A. PERRY,
DUNDAS STREET.
Opposite Campbell House.**

NOTICE — Copaline Varnish is the best all-round varnish on the market for furniture, woodwork, linoleum, hard-wood floors, etc., because, dries harder, retains its gloss, and will not turn white with water. Sold in all sizes from 25c up, at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited, agents for Napanee.

Paper worth 30c. for..... 20c
Paper worth 25c. for..... 15c
Paper worth 15c. for..... 10c
Any paper in the store at 25 per cent. off, and in many cases less. Remnants at a song.

This sale will last until July 5th, and is for cash.

All accounts due me should be settled before July 5th.

Paul's Bookstore

The Liquor License Act 1915

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all persons residing within the License District of Addington, who propose to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for Ontario under The Liquor License Act for a Tavern, Shop or Club License to take effect within the said district on and after the 1st day of May 1916, are required to make application therefore to James McE. Wheeler, of Tamworth, License Inspector for the district not later than the 15th day of July next.

Forms of applications for Tavern and Shop licenses can be procured from the said License Inspector either by mail or on personal application therefore.

Public Notice of the time and place at which the meetings of the Commissioners will be held will be given by advertisement at least two weeks previous to the date of such meetings, at which time the particulars required by the Act will also be published for the information of the public.

By Order of the Board,
CLARK E. LOCKE,
Secretary of the Board of
License Commissioners
for Ontario.

Dated at Toronto this
18th day of June, 1915.

The Liquor License Act 1915

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all persons residing within the License District of Lennox, who propose to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for Ontario under The Liquor License Act for a Tavern, Shop or Club License to take effect within the said district on and after the 1st day of May 1916, are required to make application therefore to W. S. Exley, of the Town of Napanee, License Inspector for the district not later than the 15th day of July next.

Forms of applications for Tavern and Shop licenses can be procured from the said License Inspector either by mail or on personal application therefore.

Public Notice of the time and place at which the meetings of the Commissioners will be held will be given by advertisement at least two weeks previous to the date of such meetings, at which time the particulars required by the Act will also be published for the information of the public.

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CLARK E. LOCKE,
Secretary of the Board of
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Dated at Toronto this
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A petition was received from Elizabeth Frizzell and Blanche McFarlane asking that a cement walk be laid on the south side of Thomas Street, along their properties near the Driving Park.

Moved by Coun. Walters, seconded by Coun. Carson, that the communication be laid over till order of motions. Carried.

Coun. Graham asked for further time to report re weigh scales.

Coun. Carson reported in reference to well at disposal works, and was given power to have same remedied.

A By-law to raise by way of loan from the Merchants Bank at Napanee the sum of \$10,000.00, was given its necessary readings, signed, sealed, numbered and finally passed.

Coun. Waller reported that the train service of the C. N. R. at Napanee at present is quite inadequate, and thought same should be laid before the Board of Railway Commissioners to see what could be done. The Bay of Quinte Railway, which had been taken over by the C. N. R. had been bonused to the extent of several thousand dollars by this Corporation a few years ago, and the conditions under which it was given are still in existence.

Mr. A. L. Dafoe appeared before the Council, asking privilege of erecting two posts, one on the south side of John Street and the other on south side of Centre Street, south of Dundas Street, to be lighted with electric lights.

Moved by Coun. Waller, seconded by Councillor Dickinson, that the request be granted, same to be done under the supervision of the Streets Committee. Carried.

Moved by Coun. Walters, seconded by Coun. Carson, that cement walks on the west side of Thomas Street, from Bridge to Thomas Street, and south side of Thomas from Simcoe Street to East side of York Street, be added to the list of walks to be built this year. Carried.

The yeas and nays were taken on this motion.

Yeas—Carson, Dickinson, Graham, Waller, Wiseman, Walters, Denison, Gibbard, 8.

Nays—None.

Moved by Coun. Dickinson, seconded by Coun. Walters, that Coun. Waller, Reeve Denison, the Mayor, and the mover be a Committee to look into the C. N. R. time table at Napanee. Carried.

ACCOUNTS.
The following accounts were ordered to be paid:

P. Gleeson.....\$ 4 00
Dr. Vrooman..... 6 00
J. G. Oliver..... 32 41

The following accounts were referred to:—Joy & Son, \$26.25, to the Streets Committee, with power to act; G. S. Reid, \$7.50, to Solicitor

A new By-law was ordered to be drawn up governing automobiles, and that all vehicles be included in the one to be prepared for distribution.

BELL ROCK.
Rev. J. Lynch preached his farewell sermon here last Sunday.

Rufus Grant a lad about fourteen years of age was taken for treatment, to the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, last Monday.

Miss Casdy has a class of three of her pupils, writing at the entrance examination in Verona this week.

Miss McDonald has a class of four attending the exams.

Mr. and Mrs. James York returned home last week after spending a few days with friends at Tamworth and Marlbank.

Miss Florence Trousdale is visiting at C. D. York's.

Mr. T. E. Furts, Colebrooke, called on friends here recently.

taken caused peaches Saturday and again Sunday morning, not being well, had taken salts, which were kept in a can that formerly contained strychnine. In short time they were both taken violently ill. neighbor heard Mrs. Reid groaning and going in found her and her husband in great pain. A physician summoned, but in spite of all medical assistance, Mr. Reid passed away in convulsions about 3 a.m. There is hope of his wife's recovery.

Grace Sunday School

EMPIRE DAY

Sunday, June 27

School Meets at 10 a.m.

Every member is expected to be present.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mrs. Jas. Empey, Switzerville, visiting at Mr. E. R. Sills.

Master Maurice Sills left on Tuesday for his home, McGee, Sask.

Miss Kathleen Burch, Bethany, visiting her friend, Miss Maybus Dean.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Rankin spent the week end at Mr. W. R. Pringle.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Scott, to visit one day recently at Mr. McSills.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rook, St. Road, called at Mr. I. Taylor's, Wednesday evening.

Miss Marguerite Pringle at Mr. G field Sills Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Boyle and M Helen Davy called at Mr. Fred Vandebogart's Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Menzo Grooms spent Sunday evening at Mr. Esley Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Sills and visited Sunday at George Dupree's.

Mrs. Isaac Taylor spent a day recently at her uncle's, Mr. He Evans, Napanee.

Miss Maybus Dean and Kathleen Burch spent Monday at Mr. Ch Melbourne's, Kingsford.

Mr. E. R. Sills spent a few days in Toronto and Oshawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Elias Wood, Tiverton, visited Monday at Mr. F. Card's.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree, family visited Tuesday at Mr. Rot English's, Empey Hill.

Mr. Frank Vandebogart called Mr. J. G. Sills Thursday evening.

Messrs. Herbert Townsend and Kelly of Holloway, called at Mr. Dean's Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Card were guest at Mr. A. E. Raymond's, town, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sills and family took dinner Sunday at Mr. J. Vine's, town.

If it's in the stationary line to get it at WALLACE'S P.S.—Ask Dr. Baltimore Linen by the pound better and cheaper than ordinary per.

Napanee offers special attractions for Thursday next, July 1st. Large purses are offered for horse races in the big driving park in Ontario.

NAPANEE EXPRESS

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, JUNE 25th, 1915

Napanee Collegiate Institute

Promotion Examination Results.

From A.L. to B.L.—H. Dunbar, B. Ard, R. Sills, E. Aylsworth, A. Dason, W. Sills, R. Bartlett, L. Mercer, S. Aylsworth, F. Miller. S. own, G. McConachie.

From B.L. to C.L.—G. Maclean * M. Kison * J. Simpson * A. Nickle *, F. adover *, H. Costigan *, F. Blute * Switzer, C. Campbell, D. Smith, M. st, J. Cameron, M. Creighton, A. s, L. McCutcheon, W. Dibb. The owing are recommended: — R. ith, F. Coleman, S. Hartman, G. tan, W. Perry, B. Russell, M. ry, H. Miller, E. Coleman.

From C.L. to B.M.—M. Madole, K. ght *, (also) K. B. Daly, M. Shan- upon results of L.S.E.N.

From C.L. to C.M.—V. Hall *, K. F. y *, E. Rockwell, C. Scott, V. ven, F. Killorin, L. Rikely, D. th, S. Herrington, L. Smith, R. Luven, W. VanLuven, H. Wartman Dibb, M. Parks, C. Rose. (Upon its of L.S.E.N. others may be noted to C.M.)

Reports showed Napanee W.C.T.U. also Newburgh alive to their opportunities, they seem to have grasped the significance and importance of the scope of this organization with its various departments.

Report of work among soldiers, Napanee, looked after the spiritual by contributions of psalms, testaments and leaflets "Ways of Salvation," Belleville, too, the "Y" also contributed comforts.

Mrs. Madole, Press Sup't, reported Trenton, Napanee and Belleville W's and "Y"s all disseminating temperance truths by public press.

Mrs. Dunwoodie, Newburgh Evangelistic Sup't in the Bible reading "Service for Others" laid stress on the fact that "The truly great are those who do the most for others." "Can it be said of us she hath done what she could." She drove home the importance of the devotional part of our work and the necessity of everyone taking part and doing his best to make the work successful.

Recommended: Not specializing on parlor meetings but to emphasize curfew bell (re children out at night) and Loyal Temperance Legion.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

Mrs. J. Williams, Belleville, Honorary president.

Mrs. S. Gibson, Napanee—president. Mrs. C. Crow, Trenton—First vice president.

Mrs. O. N. Rockwell, Napanee—Second vice-president.

Miss L. Anderson, Napanee—Corresponding Sec'y.

Miss E. Farley, Belleville—Recording Sec'y.

Miss M. Reeves, Belleville—Treasurer.

Miss L. Gandier, Newburgh—L. T. L. Sec'y.

Superintendents of departments: Evangelistic—Mrs. T. A. Dunwoodie Newburgh.

Anti-Narcotic—Mrs. O. N. Rockwell, Napanee.

Flower mission—Miss F. E. McClatchie, Belleville.

Missionary, soldiers, sailors—Mrs. M. S. Madole, Napanee.

Press—Mrs. W. S. Martin, Stirling. Parlor meetings—Mrs. Courtney, Newburgh.

Scientific Temperance—Mrs. W. C. Dempsey, Belleville.

SIXTH ANNUAL W. C. T. U. CONVENTION OF UNITED COUNTIES

The sixth annual W.C.T.U. convention of the United Counties, Hastings, Lennox and Addington convened in Stirling Presbyterian church, Wednesday and Thursday, June 16 and 17. The president, Mrs. S. Gibson, Napanee, opened this very successful and enthusiastic session with a Bible reading "The Law of Christ," Mrs. M. S. Madole, Napanee, offered prayer, followed by "Crusade Glory Song."

The reports of most departments showed increased interest and activity on the part of the county superintendents, Cor. Sec'y Miss L. Anderson, Napanee, reported an increase of two members and nearly \$100 in money raised.

Reports showed Napanee W.C.T.U. also Newburgh alive to their opportunities, they seem to have grasped the significance and importance of the scope of this organization with its various departments.

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Miss L. Anderson, Napanee—Corresponding Sec'y.

Miss E. Farley, Belleville—Recording Sec'y.

Miss M. Reeves, Belleville—Treasurer.

Miss L. Gandier, Newburgh—L. T. L. Sec'y.

Superintendents of departments: Evangelistic—Mrs. T. A. Dunwoodie Newburgh.

Anti-Narcotic—Mrs. O. N. Rockwell, Napanee.

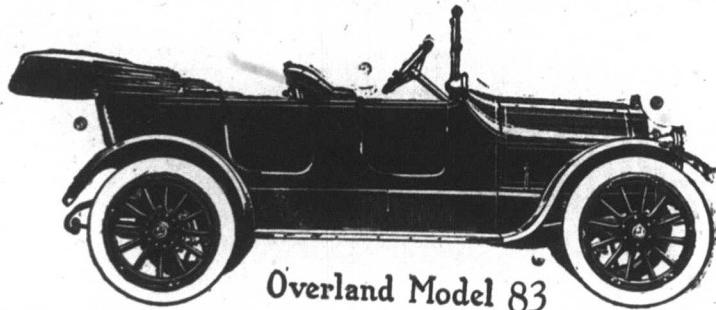
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Scientific Temperance—Mrs. W. C. Dempsey, Belleville.

OVERLAND, MODEL 83, 1916



Overland Model 83

A Magnificent New Car now to be seen at Our Showrooms

Big Beautiful 5 Passenger Car \$1050, f. o. b., Hamilton.
Roadster \$1015, f. o. b., Hamilton.

35 h. p., One Man Top, Electric Starter and Lights, Demountable Rim, one extra rim, Non Skid Tires on rear.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Company, 'Phone 234,
ALL MOTOR BOAT AND AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES

DR. C. E. WILSON

PHYSICIAN.

Hours of Consultation:

11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 3 p. m. to 5 p. m.;
7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

HARRISITER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee,

Money to loan.

Telephones—Office 33, Residence 132.

DOXSEE & CO.

Summer Millinery

We are now showing a large assortment of Ladies's Hats, in Leghorn, Milan, Tagal, Panama and Peanut; also a fresh assortment of White Hats in Corduroy, Georgette Satin, and Poplin in all the newest materials and shapes. Prices are right.

Pretty New Blouses

of various kinds, in White Voile, White Silk, and Natural Shantung Silk. Will launder like Lawn.

Special Sale of Blouses

In White Lawn, Lace and Net at 25c and 50c. while they last.

Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M.

CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice Production. Pupils prepared for all examinations.

MARGARET M. BARTON

Soprano Vocalist and
Elocutionist.

Also instructor of Organ, Piano and Theory. Open for concert engagements.

'Phone 228.

Rooms opposite Harvey Warner Park

25th

The Leading Millinery House

Wood!

We are selling well seasoned wood at the following prices: Hard cord-wood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood \$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood, \$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity

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Grace Sunday School

EMPIRE DAY

Sunday, June 27

School Meets
at 10 a.m.

Every member is expected to
be present.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mrs. Jas. Empey, Switzerville, is staying at Mr. E. R. Sills' home. Maurice Sills left on Tuesday for his home, McGee, Sask. Miss Kathleen Burtch, Bethany, is staying with her friend, Miss Maybus Dean. Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Rankin spent week end at Mr. W. R. Pringle's. Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Scott, town, stayed one day recently at Mr. Merle S.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rook, Slashed, called at Mr. J. Taylor's, Wednesday evening.

Miss Marguerite Pringle at Mr. Garfield Sills Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Boyle and Missen Davy called at Mr. Frank Idehogart's Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Menzo Grooms spent Sunday evening at Mr. Esley Smith's.

Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Sills and son stayed Sunday at George Dupree's.

Mr. Issac Taylor spent a day recently at her uncle's, Mr. Henry Ins, Napanee.

Miss Maybus Dean and Kathleen Burtch spent Monday at Mr. Chas. Bourne's, Kingsford.

Mr. E. R. Sills spent a few days in Oshawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Elias Wood, Tamworth, visited Monday at Mr. F. H. D.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree, and family visited Tuesday at Mr. Robertish's, Empey Hill.

Mr. Frank Vandeburg called at J. G. Sills Thursday evening.

Mrs. Herbert Townsend and C. L. of Holloway, called at Mr. Z. D.'s Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Card were guests Mr. A. E. Raymond's, town, on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sills and family took dinner Sunday at Mr. John D.'s, town.

If it's in the stationary line you'll find it at WALLACE'S P.S.—Ask for Baltimore Linen by the pound and cheaper than ordinary paper.

Napanee offers special
tractions for Thursday
ext., July 1st. Large
prizes are offered for
race races in the best
living park in Ontario.

Miss L. Gandier, Newburgh—L. T. L. Sec'y.

Superintendents of departments : Evangelistic—Mrs. T. A. Dunwoodie Newburgh.

Anti-Narcotic—Mrs. O. N. Rockwell, Napanee.

Flower mission—Miss F. E. McClatchie, Belleville.

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Press—Mrs. W. S. Martin, Stirling, Parlor meetings—Mrs. Courtney, Newburgh.

Scientific Temperance—Mrs. W. C. Dempsey, Belleville.

Temp. in Sunday Schools—Mrs. W. M. Schryver, Belleville.

Moral education and Mothers meeting—Mrs. M. J. Bennett, Belleville.

Medal contest—Miss E. Farley.

Law Enforcement—Mrs. T. H. Holt on, Trenton.

Franchise—Miss H. Palen, Belleville.

Mrs. Dunwoodie, on behalf of Newburgh W.C.T.U. gave a cordial invitation to convene there next year.

At the evening meeting in the Methodist church the president, Mrs. Gibson, presided. Rev. Terrill and Rev. Mr. Hall conducted devotional exercises.

Annual celebration at Napanee—Dominion Day.

STELLA.

An ice cream social was held in the village on Saturday evening under the auspices of St. Alban's church. The proceeds amounted to over \$300.

Rev. J. C. Dixon, pastor of St. Alban's church, has had to give up his duties owing to ill health, for three months. Rev. Mr. Chaffey, Kingston, is filling his place for a time. Mr. Dixon's parishioners and friends here hope for a speedy recovery.

During the severe electrical storm which passed over the island on Sunday night, June 13th, a large elm tree on the farm of Robert Caughey was struck and badly split. Mr. Caughey who was close by at the time, was stunned.

Reeve Caughey attended the session of the County Council at Napanee last week.

Mrs. (Capt.) Glenn and John Glenn are spending a few days with friends in Buffalo, N. Y.

Arthur Kilpatrick attended the meeting of the High Court, C.O.F., at St. Catharines, last week. He was accompanied by his sister, Miss Reita Kilpatrick, who was visiting with friends.

A number of scholars from the different public schools here will try the Entrance Examinations at Bath this week. Some of the High School scholars wrote on their examinations last week.

Mrs. John Sanxers, who has been ill for the past week is improving.

Miss Meta Moutray has returned home after spending the winter at Ottawa. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. J. E. Sunday, and daughter, who will spend a few weeks under the parental roof.

Miss Fanny Tugwell spent Sunday in Kingston.

Miss A. McDonald, who has been teaching in Kingston, has returned home for the vacation.

Mrs. R. Filson, Kingston, was a recent visitor at D. Caughey's.

Annual celebration at Napanee—Dominion Day.

It pays to load your kodak with kodak non-curling films, if you would be sure of the very best results. Sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S, the leading Drug Store. P.S.—Developing and printing done promptly.

CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice Production. Pupils prepared for all examinations.

9-h

MARGARET M. BARTON

Soprano Vocalist and
Elocutionist.

Also instructor of Organ, Piano and Theory. Open for concert engagements. Phone 228. Room opposite Harvey Warner Park

25th

TWO HOUSES FOR SALE—situate east of "Curling Rink." Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

51ft

SERVANT WANTED—Good General servant, one who can cook. Apply to MRS. HERBERT DALY.

29-b-p

FOR ADOPTION—Healthy baby girl 7 months old, brown eyes. Box 96 CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, Napanee.

29

FOR ADOPTION—Several bright children, Boys and Girls. For particulars apply to CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, Box 96, Napanee, Ont.

18ft

HOUSE TO LET—Good frame house, corner Robert and Graham Streets. All modern improvements. Apply P. O. Box 183, or MISS EDWARDS.

FOR SALE—Frame house on west side of Robert Street, just north of Grace Methodist Church, electric lights, gas and furnace. Apply to MRS. H. R. SAVAGE.

25ft

FOR SALE—Seed Store, on Dundas Street, also Store House and Fruit Evaporator, foot of West street, apply to THOS. SWINGINGTON, Owner, Napanee, Ont.

25ft

FARM FOR SALE—75 or 80 acres, pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of Camden. All good land, seed to hay and pasture, 2 wells, good fences. Apply to R. A. BEARD, Napanee, or S. W. SWITZER.

Des-
31ft

FOR SALE—Walnut bedroom suite, walnut couch, walnut-side board, clock, sewing machine, chairs, table, pictures, carpets, ice-cream freezer, quick meal gasoline stove, also desirable frame house on Water street. All must be sold at once. MRS. CHARLES KNIGHT.

29-b-p

MORTGAGE SALE! OF FARM LANDS.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which mortgage will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, at the office of Herrington Warner & Grange, Napanee, on

SATURDAY, JULY 3rd, 1915,
at 2 o'clock in the afternoon,

the following Real Estate: All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Ernesttown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the south east part of lot number two (2) in the third (3) Concession of the said Township of Ernesttown, containing 60 acres more or less, and being all that part of the east half of said lot, not sold and conveyed to one John Garrison and the Grand Trunk Railway Company, also the south west quarter of lot number three (3) in the 3rd concession of said Township of Ernesttown containing fifty (50) acres more or less, and being the lands formerly owned by one John S. Fellow.

The said lands are about 4 miles from Bath, and 8 miles from Napanee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE

Vendor's, Solicitors, Napanee, Ont.

Dated June 14th, 1915.

28-c

The Leading Millinery House

Wood!

We are selling well seasoned wood at the following prices: Hard cordwood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood \$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood, \$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity of soft cord wood to sell at \$4.00 per cord. Cut wood for sale measured in stave wood length. Cut hard wood \$3.00, cut soft wood \$2.50.

We will deliver to any part of the town.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North. Phone 101

Butter Paper

Wrap your Butter in Vegetable Parchment Paper, and keep it clean and sanitary.

10c per Package
3 Packages for 25c.

At This Office.

Str. BROCKVILLE

will be on her route

Trenton to Picton
about May 22.

May be chartered for Excursions. Apply

CAPT. CHRISTIE,
Picton, Ontario.

22-f

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office—Winnipeg.

Authorized Capital... \$6,000,000
Capital (Paid up)... \$2,850,000

DIRECTORS.

President, Sir D. H. McMillan, K. C.
M. G.

Vice-President, Capt. Wm. Robinson.

Jas. H. Ashdown, H. T. Champion,
A. McTavish Campbell, Sir D. C. Cameron,
K. C. M. G., W. J. Christie, John Stovel.

General Manager, Robt. Campbell.
Supt. of Branches, L. M. McCarthy.

A General Banking
Business Transacted

R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager Napanee Branch

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

CAMBRIDGE'S Bakery and Confectionery Store

Give Our Home-Made
Bread a Trial.

We make a SPECIALTY of WHOLE WHEAT BREAD, sales increasing weekly.

Bread made by Electric Machinery, the only Bakery in town equipped with machinery, which insures cleanliness, and uniformity, do you appreciate these qualities? The answer is (Yes!) as we know by our ever increasing trade.

Lunches at all hours.

Oysters best grades.

City Dairy Ice Cream, Assorted Flavours.

W. M. BAMBRIDGE,
'Pone 96. Sole Agent, Napanee.

15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napanee.

Will save you travelling expenses and commission.

Our patrons have confidence and look to us.

V. KOURER, - Napanee

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

The inquiry into the Lusitania disaster was commenced yesterday.

Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface, Manitoba, died in the Hotel Dieu at Montreal yesterday.

Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons that the war would cost Britain \$15,000,000 daily from now on.

Giuseppe Farres was almost instantly killed by a bucket loaded with cement falling upon him at Lock No. 2, Welland Ship Canal.

The surgeons who operated on King Constantine have issued a statement that the worst phase of the King's illness is over.

Maine Rosezel, a deck hand on the steamer Garden City, was drowned last night in Toronto Bay at the foot of Yonge street. Rosezel was attempting to board the boat and fell in.

Official denial was made yesterday of the report circulated in the United States that the British battleship Agamemnon had been sent down in the Dardanelles by a German submarine.

Victor Subosits, a well-known and prosperous Hungarian merchant at Welland, admitted sending money to Austrians and Hungarians for relatives, through a United States banking house.

Col. Royal Burritt, who went with the first contingent in command of the Winnipeg Battalion, and has since been in the training depot at Shorncliffe, has been appointed chief of staff to Col. Skinner, commander of the Canadian forces in England.

THURSDAY.

The Chicago street car strike has been called off, the differences to be settled by arbitration.

Huron Anglican Synod voted down a resolution commanding the Government for establishing the dry canteen.

Some twenty employees of the Ross rifle factory at Quebec, including several women, have been sworn in as special constables.

Frost damaged garden produce considerably yesterday in western Canada, also setting back the field crops in some places.

It is reported that a considerable British force under Rear-Admiral Sir E. C. T. Troubridge has been in Serbia since the end of March.

A Zeppelin airship visited the northeast coast of England Wednesday evening and dropped bombs. Sixteen deaths are reported.

Rumors are circulating in Paris about the speedy intervention of Holland, or, anyhow, permission to the British forces to cross Dutch territory.

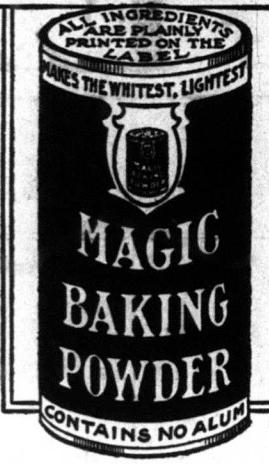
Two residents of St. Hyacinthe, Que., Hormidas Quevillion and Euseb Turcotte, were instantly killed last night at the Intercolonial Railway crossing, St. Hyacinthe, by the eastbound Ocean Limited train.

A Rotterdam despatch reports that the damage done at Karlsruhe by the air raid of the French squadron of aeroplanes was much greater than the papers were allowed to state. Two hundred were killed.

FRIDAY.

The Manitoba Provincial Secretary

NO ALUM



ment's position regarding German submarine activity. The Morgenbladet says if the Government persists in leaving its attitude doubtful Parliament must make its voice heard.

MONDAY.

Allied airmen dropped bombs on the German balloon sheds at Brussels, Thursday, causing slight damage, according to The Massbode, of Amsterdam.

Mrs. Rose McGuire, Seymour township, near Warkworth, is dead in her one hundred and third year. Up to the last she retained possession of all her faculties.

David A. Thomas, the Welsh coal magnate, has accepted an appointment from David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, to come to the United States and Canada to supervise the making of munitions contracts.

Buffeted by a huge wave and carried into deep water by a treacherous undertow, seven bathers, including prominent members of the Philadelphia summer colony, were drowned in the surf at Atlantic City yesterday.

Monsignor M. F. Richard, one of the most prominent of New Brunswick's French-Canadian priests, died Friday at Rogersville, N.B., in the Chatham diocese, aged 65. He was appointed a domestic prelate by Pope Leo XIII.

The retort houses of the Berlin municipal gas works were completely destroyed by a great fire which broke out Saturday afternoon, according to a despatch from the Amsterdam correspondent of the Central News Agency.

William Stone, the father of the young night telegraph operator, Wm. Stone, who was murdered at Whitby Junction station on December 10 last, committed suicide Saturday. He had been subpoenaed to testify regarding his son's murder.

TUESDAY.

The Montenegrin forces have occupied the villages around Scutari, which is now surrounded.

Duff Sanderson was beaten to death by George McLean at Thessalon Sunday night during a drunken brawl over a game of poker.

Prof James Adolf Israel, the widely known German specialist, is at the bedside of Sultan Mehemed at Constantinople, according to the Berlin Tageblatt.

Eleven Austrians are under arrest at Vancouver, B.C., charged with having broken internment regulations by attempting to escape to the United States.

The German Government has made a full explanation and has paid an

MAY GIVE UP LEMBE

Russians Prepare People "Sentimental Sacrifice."

In Order to Free Operations of sians In Galicia the Russian erals Are Expected to Be on Point of Evacuating City—Ruska Is Latest Russian Post to Fall to Enemy.

LONDON, June 22.—With the man Emperor at the front to thuse his troops and with e available man and ounce of n thrown into the scales, the Au German commanders are confi that Lemberg is once more in t grasp.

Rawa Ruska, acording to a lin official report, is the latest sian position in Galicia to fall the hands of the Austro-Germ and as the Teutons also are repo to be fighting east of this town, investment of Lemberg must be nearly complete that the Russ either must withdraw from the Cian capital or leave a portion their forces there to be besieged

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An unofficial despatch from Pe grad quotes The Bourse Gazette saying:

"If in view of the continued man reinforcements in Galicia situation forces us to choose betw retaining Lemberg and preser the freedom of our operations, possible we shall have to mak sentimental sacrifice and aban the Galician capital."

After seven weeks of fighting, ing which the Russians have l thrown back more than 150 m the enemy were yesterday close to Lemberg as were the mans to Paris after their first across France last fall.

Never, perhaps, since before battle of the Marne, have the tonic allies appeared so confiden success. Having failed in their c final plan of crushing France, then turning to Russia, they t reversed the order of their strat and now, judging by the expe ture of life and ammunition in Cia, they have pinned their w faith on so paralyzing the Russ army as to permit of the throw of a tremendous weight of men metal into the western theatre in effort to break through the Fra British line or force an intermin period of sanguinary warfare.

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MAY GO TO STRAITS.

Destination of Canadian Second vision Is Eagerly Discussed.

LONDON, June 22.—The desti

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napane. Will save you travelling expenses and commission. Our patrons have confidence and look us.

V. KOUBER, - Napane

SOLUBLE SULPHUR For Spraying

This new compound requires no boiling—simply dissolve it in water and spray.

PRICES

100 lb. drums...	\$7.75
50 lb. drums...	4.75
25 lb. cans...	2.90

Ask us for literature on this new spraying compound.

Wallace's Drug Store Limited

NAPANEE, ONT.

N.B.—Everything recommended by Agricultural College for sale here.

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EXPERIENCE

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Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada \$1.25 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all news dealers.

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IT PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove without doubt that it surely pays every farmer to vaccinate. Fresh vaccine "in sealed tubes" as recommended and used by the government. For sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED

territory.

Two residents of St. Hyacinthe, Que., Hormidas Quevillion and Euseb Turcotte, were instantly killed last night at the Intercolonial Railway crossing, St. Hyacinthe, by the east-bound Ocean Limited train.

A Rotterdam despatch reports that the damage done at Karlsruhe by the air raid of the French squadron of aeroplanes was much greater than the papers were allowed to state. Two hundred were killed.

FRIDAY.

The Manitoba Provincial Secretary has announced that registration will take place June 28 to 30.

Lieut.-Col. H. C. Becher, commanding officer of the 1st Battalion, has been killed in action.

Powdery mildew has appeared in the Niagara district among the strawberries, doing considerable damage to the crop.

At 41 years' service with the Ontario Ladies' College, the Principal, Rev. J. J. Hare, Ph.D., bade farewell to the college last night.

Berlin public school pupils are being asked to contribute a mile of coppers to the Red Cross Fund during the summer vacation.

William Marconi has asked that he be enrolled as a Lieutenant of Engineers and assigned to duty with the telegraph brigade at Florence.

News was received in London yesterday that Lieut. Herbert Asquith, a son of the British Premier, had been slightly wounded on the field of battle.

A new \$300,000 public building for postoffice, customs, etc., was formally opened at Brantford by Hon. T. Chase Casgrain, Postmaster-General.

Lloyd George is sending a prominent business man to the United States and Canada to discuss the whole question of contracts for munitions.

James Cushing, a veteran of the Crimean and other Imperial service, and turnkey at Lambton County Jail for 23 years, died at Sarnia in his 66th year.

Lieut. Reginald A. J. Warneford, V.C., who gained fame recently by blowing to pieces a Zeppelin over Belgium, was killed yesterday by the fall of an aeroplane at Buc, France. H. B. Needham, an American correspondent, was also killed.

SATURDAY.

Pte. Harry Finch, attached to C Company of the 38th Battalion, was struck by an automobile while he was returning to Barriefield camp and seriously injured.

"That there should be no dissolution of Parliament was the decision virtually arrived at by the Cabinet at its meeting Thursday," says The London Times of Saturday.

Harry K. Thaw is entitled to a trial by jury to test his sanity, the court of appeals at Albany, N.Y., decided Friday. The court specifically affirmed the lower court's judgment granting the sanity trial.

Fifteen lives were lost, a score of persons were injured and property damage estimated at \$250,000 was done by a wind, hail and electrical storm which centred in Missouri and Kansas Thursday night and early Friday.

German prisoners reaching Warsaw state that the Kaiser had a narrow escape from death while at the Bzura front in Poland recently, a shell exploding close to staff headquarters and destroying the Emperor's motor car.

The body of Lieut.-Col. Campbell Becher of London, Ont., who has been killed in action in France, may be brought home for burial despite the standing regulations against such procedure.

The Norwegian press has demanded a clear statement of the Govern-

death by George McLean at Thessaloniki Sunday night during a drunken brawl over a game of poker.

Prof James Adolf Israel, the widely known German specialist, is at the bedside of Sultan Mehemed at Constantinople, according to the Berlin Tageblatt.

Eleven Austrians are under arrest at Vancouver, B.C., charged with having broken internment regulations by attempting to escape to the United States.

The German Government has made a full explanation and has paid an indemnity of \$45,000 for the lives of Spaniards who were shot by mistake at Liege last August.

There is every reason to believe that Cherry Kearton, the famous moving picture operator, has met death in East Africa, where he has been taking big game pictures.

An official Turkish report indicates that there has been considerable activity in the Dardanelles, with an allied battleship again battering away at the forts of Seddul Bahr.

Official announcement has been made in Berlin that no order of merit has been conferred on any submarine commander for the sinking of the Cunard Line steamer Lusitania.

Victor Subosits, of Welland, merchant, was found guilty on a charge of treason, in trading with the enemy, and a fine of \$500 was imposed and paid at once. He remitted money for aliens to their families.

NEW LOAN AUTHORIZED.

Britain Enacts Measure For Maximum Vote of £1,000,000,000.

LONDON, June 22.—The House of Commons adjourned last night after unanimously giving a first reading to the bill providing the new Chancellor of the Exchequer, Reginald McKenna, with a blank cheque which may amount at a maximum to one thousand million pounds, or \$5,000,000,000.

The vote of credit for £250,000,000 passed last week by the House simply authorized the Government to spend that much for war purposes, but did not provide for the manner in which this sum should be raised. Last night's enactment was in the form of a resolution, which empowers the Government to raise not only the £250,000,000 deemed necessary to pay the cost of the war, at the rate of £3,000,000 daily, for a limited period, but as much more as may be needed.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer made a long explanation of the proposed loan, and, in closing, said that on the technical question as to the limit of the loan it would be dangerous to disclose the necessity for not fixing any definite sum, and he added that the only figures he could put in the bill were a maximum which would cover all requirements of the new loan, including provisions enabling the subscribers to previous war loans and the holders of consols to participate. This maximum would not fall far short of a thousand million pounds sterling.

Girl Is a Prisoner.

BERLIN, June 21.—Among the prisoners taken by General von Mackensen's army during the fighting in Galicia is the daughter of a Russian colonel. She was dressed in the uniform of a one-year volunteer, and had been fighting in the ranks.

The official reports of both sides agree that the Russians have retaken Grodok and Komarov, to west and southwest of Lemberg. The Russians are now holding positions six miles east of Grodok and about ten miles from the capital.

MAY GO TO STRAITS.

Destination of Canadian Second vision Is Eagerly Discussed.

LONDON, June 22.—The destination of the second contingent is matter of much speculation. It is generally believed that no move will be made for months. It is hinted circles where the truth should be known, that the second division Canadians may join other overseas forces in the Dardanelles, but probably this will depend upon the progress made in that region so weeks hence.

At the present moment the second contingent is complete. The serving battalions are at the moment very low strength, as even with their present numbers—which are low—they are largely composed of invalided men. A group of 48 officers has crossed the Channel.

Col. J. A. Currie, M.P., and C. Frank S. Meighen will probably return to Canada on leave for a month or so at the special request of the Minister of Militia. Col. Currie commands the 15th Highlander battalion of Toronto, and Col. Meighen the 14th battalion of Montreal, the regiments which suffered very heavily in the St. Julien struggle. The idea is to have these two officers visit different training camps in Canada to give officers and men benefit of their experience.

Power Station Bombed.

LONDON, June 22.—An official statement issued by the British War Office yesterday says:

"On Friday, north of Hooge, occupied German trenches on a front of 250 yards, which the enemy had been forced to abandon owing to local successes there."

"As a result of the fighting in the neighborhood during the week, captured 213 prisoners, including two officers, and took three machine guns and a full gas cylinder."

"Northeast of Armentieres we exploded several mines last night and destroyed a portion of the enemy's trenches. Our artillery and rifle fire inflicted casualties on the enemy while trying to escape after the explosion."

"The electric power station at Bassee was successfully bombed yesterday by our airmen."

To Feed Many Prisoners.

BERLIN, June 22.—The prisoners taken by the German and Austro-Hungarian armies up to June totalled 1,610,000, according to the Bavarian Staats Zeitung. The new paper says this total is divided follows: Russian, 1,240,000; French, 255,000; British, 24,000; Belgian, 41,000; Serbians, 55,000.

Fear U. S. Speculators.

LONDON, June 22.—"Why advance notice giving American speculators an opportunity to corner the spelter supplies?" asks a writer in The London Globe, commenting on the report that the new munitions committee contemplates, view of the shortage, to commandeer all spelter other than that used in factories making cartridges and shells, and prohibiting the use of spelter for galvanized sheets a wire unless they are for the Government.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

AY GIVE UP LEMBERG

Russians Prepare People for "Sentimental Sacrifice."

Order to Free Operations of Russians In Galicia the Russian Generals Are Expected to Be on the Point of Evacuating City—Raw Ruska Is Latest Russian Position to Fall to Enemy.

LONDON, June 22.—With the German Emperor at the front to ensure his troops and with every liable man and ounce of metal down into the scales, the Austro-German commanders are confident Lemberg is once more in their sp.

Raw Ruska, according to a Berlin official report, is the latest Russian position in Galicia to fall into hands of the Austro-Germans, as the Teutons also are reported to be fighting east of this town, the investment of Lemberg must be so nearly complete that the Russians either must withdraw from the Galician capital or leave a portion of forces there to be besieged. The German General Von Macken-

is reported to have seized the way connecting Raw Ruska with Lemberg, thus cutting off the retreat northward of the Russians. According to the latest news from Austrian headquarters, the Teuton allies are now within nine miles of the limits of Lemberg. An unofficial despatch from Petrov-

quotes The Bourse Gazette as

If in view of the continued German reinforcements in Galicia the Russian forces us to choose between leaving Lemberg and preserving freedom of our operations, it is possible we shall have to make a sentimental sacrifice and abandon the Galician capital." After seven weeks of fighting, during which the Russians have been won back more than 150 miles, the enemy were yesterday as close to Lemberg as were the Germans to Paris after their first dash across France last fall.

ever, perhaps, since before the battle of the Marne, have the Teuton allies appeared so confident of success. Having failed in their original plan of crushing France, and turning to Russia, they have revised the order of their strategy, now, judging by the expenditure of life and ammunition in Galicia they have pinned their whole hope on so paralyzing the Russian army as to permit of the throwing of tremendous weight of men and material into the western theatre in attempt to break through the Franco-German line or force an interminable and sanguinary warfare.

despatch from Copenhagen last night says that the German Emperor himself has taken supreme command of the Galician campaign, establishing his headquarters in Silesia near to the front as practicable. The official reports of both sides state that the Russians have retired to Grodok and Komarno, towns about southwest of Lemberg. The Russians are now holding prepared positions six miles east of Grodok about ten miles from the capital

UNINTERRUPTED SUCCESS.

Italians Have Won Steadily Since Declaration of War.

ROME, June 22.—The first four weeks of the war have been marked by an uninterrupted series of successes from the Trentino to the Adriatic. They close with a brilliant victory at Plava, announced Sunday by General Cadorna. Students of the Italian campaign will need no reminder of the value of this new foothold on the left bank of the Isonzo, permitting, as it does, the development of concentrations on Gorizia to the south and Tolmino to the north.

This battle is more significant because it occurred at a point where General Cadorna's forces enjoyed elbow-room to develop an attack on a larger scale than had been possible previously.

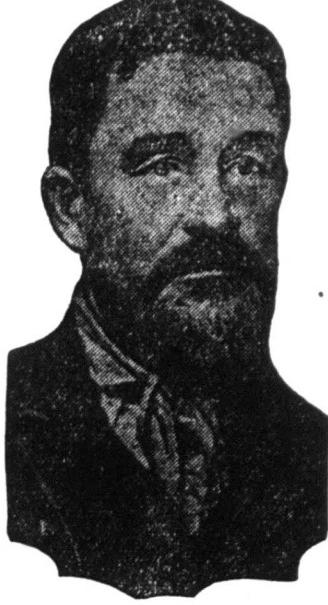
Our allies, it is clear, owe this victory as much to the tactical superiority shown by the commanders as to the tenacity and valor of the troops so highly praised by the Commander-in-chief. If the losses were relatively grave in this battle for the heights of Plava, it is some satisfaction to know that the good work done in the preceding weeks was accomplished at a surprisingly low cost.

The assertion is made by newspapers of Rome that the Italian army now occupies 10,000 square kilometres (a kilometre is about two-thirds of a mile) of "unredeemed" territory, or more than twice as much as Austria offered Italy for remaining neutral.

DE WET IS GUILTY.

It Is Expected That Rebel Boer Will Be Executed.

BLOEMFONTEIN, South Africa, June 22.—General Christian De Wet, the famous Boer soldier, who was leader of the recent South African uprising, was yesterday found guilty on eight counts of the indictment



GEN. CHRISTIAN DE WET.

charging him with treason. He is to be sentenced to-day. It is expected that he will be executed.

The indictment against him was a long one and covered alleged rebellious acts and seditious utterances. He pleaded not guilty to a

MAY GO TO STRAITS.

Invasion of Canadian Second Division Is Eagerly Discussed.

LONDON, June 22.—The destina-

FRENCH NEARING RHINE

Metzeral Captured by Assault in Victorious Advance.

Many Prisoners Are Captured and Germans Are Driven Back Toward Meyerhof — New French Position Is Five Miles From the Border of German Lorraine — Poisonous Gases Used Again.

LONDON, June 22.—The French have carried Metzeral, in Alsace, by assault, and have driven the Germans back toward Meyerhof, to the east, in their drive toward the Rhine positions of the Kaiser's forces, while maintaining all their gains in the sector north of Arras and gaining local successes in isolated encounters on various other sectors of the front.

The Germans admit evacuating Metzeral, but state it was done merely to avoid further unnecessary loss of life, the town having been reduced to a heap of ruins by the French bombardment.

Heavy losses are admitted by the French in a local encounter on the western edge of the Argonne Forest, where fierce fighting has been resumed.

Delayed reports from Paris giving details of this action state that the Germans attacked on Sunday evening after a violent bombardment with shells and asphyxiating gas bombs. The advanced French line was forced to give way before the vicious attack, two entire companies of French infantry, felled by the gases, being buried in the trenches when the German artillery fire demolished them, tumbling the parapets in upon the stricken defenders. Recovering, the French directed a violent counter-attack against the Germans, retaking all the ground they had lost.

On the Meuse heights and in Lorraine fresh gains have been made by the French, who are now within five miles of the German Lorraine border. Near Reillon, in Lorraine, the French have occupied the entire first line of German trenches along a front of 1,500 yards.

The Metzeral victory is of importance, not only because of the strategic advantage it offers, but as well because of the encouragement it will afford to the troops fighting in this region. Metzeral has been an objective of the French campaign in this region since early spring. The advance has been slow, and the resistance offered has been of a most stubborn nature. The village itself was invested only after practically all of the surrounding heights had been captured, the Germans finally setting fire to the houses and defences and retreating along the Fecht towards Munster.

One wing of the army that occupied Metzeral already has swung down through the valley towards Munster, and is now within three miles of the town. Colmar, one of the most important centres in this section, is but 12 miles farther on. Even from the heights surrounding Metzeral the French guns will be able to shower their shells down the valley and into the defences at Munster.

The French, under the protection of a curtain of intense artillery fire along the front north of Arras, have taken trenches and driven wedges into the German lines at various points.

W. G. WILSON,
BARRISTER,

Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Et
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Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

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Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened and office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence : West Street, near Madden's grocery.

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Canada's Highest Grade Business School offers superior courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service and all commercial subjects.

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H. E. METCALF, Principal.

MADE HIM A PROFESSOR.

He Didn't Know Very Much, but His Bluff Won the Appointment.

In one of the Japanese papers are some reminiscences of the war with Russia, and among them is the following:

When peace was concluded between Japan and Russia the study of the Japanese language became something like a craze among Russians. At Harbin, for instance, Japanese were in great demand as teachers of their mother tongue. Many Japanese barbers and laundrymen shut up their shops and became instructors of Japanese.

As in most cases the instruction was not conducted on a systematic method, many Russian students of Japanese only succeeded in acquiring a smattering of the language.

Then one day a Japanese interpreter who taught Japanese to Russian railway men at Harbin received a letter from one of his former pupils asking for a certificate of his proficiency. As

Grodek and Komarno, towns east and southwest of Lemberg. The Russians are now holding prepared positions six miles east of Grodek about ten miles from the capital.

MAY GO TO STRAITS.

Destination of Canadian Second Division Is Eagerly Discussed.

LONDON, June 22.—The destination of the second contingent is a matter of much speculation. It is generally believed that no move will be made for months. It is hinted in circles where the truth should be known, that the second division of Canadians may join other overseas forces in the Dardanelles, but probably this will depend upon the progress made in that region some weeks hence.

At the present moment the second contingent is complete. The reserve battalions are at the moment very low strength, as even with their present numbers—which are very low—they are largely composed of invalid men. A group of 48 officers has crossed the Channel.

Col. J. A. Currie, M.P., and Col. Frank S. Meighen will probably return to Canada on leave for a month so at the special request of the Minister of Militia. Col. Currie commands the 15th Highlander battalion of Toronto, and Col. Meighen the 14th battalion of Montreal, two regiments which suffered very heavily in the St. Julien struggle. The idea is to have these two officers in different training camps in Canada to give officers and men the benefit of their experience.

Power Station Bombed.

LONDON, June 22.—An official statement issued by the British War Office yesterday says:

"On Friday, north of Hooge, we occupied German trenches on a front 250 yards, which the enemy had been forced to abandon owing to our successes there. As a result of the fighting in this neighborhood during the week, we captured 213 prisoners, including 10 officers, and took three machine guns and a full gas cylinder."

"Northeast of Armentieres we exploded several mines last night and destroyed a portion of the enemy's trenches. Our artillery and rifle fire killed casualties on the enemy while trying to escape after the explosion."

"The electric power station at La Bassée was successfully bombed yesterday by our airmen."

To Feed Many Prisoners.

BERLIN, June 22.—The prisoners taken by the German and Austro-Hungarian armies up to June 14 totalled 1,610,000, according to the German Staats Zeitung. The newspaper says this total is divided as follows: Russian, 1,240,000; French, 5,000; British, 24,000; Belgians, 0,000; Serbians, 55,000.

Fear U. S. Speculators.

LONDON, June 22.—"Why the advance notice giving American speculators an opportunity to corner the spelter supplies?" asks a writer in the London Globe, commenting on the report that the new munitions committee contemplates, in view of the shortage, to commandeer all spelter other than that used in factories making cartridges and shells, and prohibiting the use of spelter for galvanized sheets and wire unless they are for the Government.

GEN. CHRISTIAN DE WET.

charging him with treason. He is to be sentenced to-day. It is expected that he will be executed.

The indictment against him was a long one and covered alleged rebellious acts and seditious utterances. He pleaded not guilty to a charge of high treason, but guilty to a charge of sedition. General De Wet was commander-in-chief of the Free State forces during the Boer war. He was Minister for Agriculture in the Orange River Colony for several years.

FACTORY DYNAMITED.

Peabody Plant Damaged at Windsor

—Attempt on Armories Fails.

Windsor, June 22.—Dynamiting of the Peabody overall factory at Walkerville, the discovery of 26 sticks of dynamite in a satchel in the rear of the Windsor Armories, and the finding of what was rumored to be evidence that an attempt had been made to tamper with the Michigan Central tunnel threw all Windsor and neighboring Canadian towns into a ferment yesterday.

That one band of plotters is responsible for the elaborate destructive scheme is plainly evident, according to the military authorities. They are hunting for the perpetrators, but believe they came from Detroit, and have returned there.

A defective detonating cap alone saved the armories, where a guard of ten men was stationed and 15 recruits were quartered. The fact that the dynamite failed to explode has given the authorities an important clue, although the satchel itself bore no marks that would make identification easy. The same scientific arrangement used by the McNamaras in dynamite plots—a time clock calculated to discharge the death-dealing machine at any hour desired—was brought into service Sunday night.

The police are looking for two men who approached the armories Sunday evening about 9 o'clock carrying a satchel. The men, evidently strangers, stood at the front of the building some little time; then they disappeared.

Austrians Driven From Bessarabia.

LONDON, June 22.—A despatch to The Times from Bucharest says: "Reports from the frontier state that the Russians have taken a counter-offensive against the Austrians who invaded Bessarabia under General Pflanzer. The Austrians have been forced to retire hastily as far as Bojana, to the east of Czernowitz, and are evacuating Novo Selica, in Russia, on the Pruth, and the rest of the occupied territory. The Russians have captured a great quantity of war material."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

section, is but 12 miles farther on. Even from the heights surrounding Metzeral the French guns will be able to shower their shells down the valley and into the defences at Munster.

The French, under the protection of a curtain of intense artillery fire along the front north of Arras, have taken trenches and driven wedges into the German lines at various points.

One of the most desperate conflicts, according to last night's official report of the French War Office, centred around the Fond de Buval, which has been stubbornly defended by the Germans for six weeks. This position the French carried by an assault so desperate that only a dozen Germans remained alive when the trenches were finally won.

After becoming master of the Fond de Buval position, General Joffre's forces delivered an attack towards the east in the direction of Souchez, and advanced two-thirds of a mile. Many machine guns and a few prisoners were captured. Trenches were also captured to the east of Lozette in the direction of Souchez. The Germans in a counter-attack of extreme violence, retook one part of the great passage way known as "The Labyrinth," but the French subsequently regained it.

North of Hooge the British occupied German trenches on nearly a quarter of a mile front, which the enemy had been forced to abandon owing to local successes of the British. Several hundred prisoners were captured, and a full gas cylinder taken. The electric power station at La Bassée was successfully bombarded by airmen. Northeast of Armentieres several of the enemy's trenches were destroyed by mines.

Taking Over Munition Factories.

BERLIN, June 22.—The National Zeitung's correspondent, "On the Russian Border," who repeatedly has shown himself to be well informed, sends a despatch, saying that the Russian War Ministry has ordered the military expropriation of all factories capable of making ammunition. The correspondent says that despite the fact that Russian ammunition factories are working three shifts of men, the production still lacks much of covering the gigantic consumption.

CLEANING HINTS.

Ribbons that are creased and wrinkled may be renovated by rolling them over a large bottle filled with hot water. To freshen black moire ribbon first brush thoroughly and then sponge with a solution made of a quart of coffee and a teaspoonful of ammonia. Roll the ribbon over a bottle and while still damp press it on the wrong side with a hot iron over a white muslin cloth.

To revive chiffon spread a wet cloth over a very hot iron and hold the chiffon over the steam until it is free from wrinkles. Renew both cloth and iron as soon as the steam flows feebly. Allow it to dry quickly. To wash use plenty of warm water with a little borax dissolved in it and pure castile soap. Do not rub the soap directly on the material, but make suds and rub the chiffon very softly between the hands until it is absolutely clean. Rinse in clear, cold water and shake out gently. To dry, pin to a sheet on the floor.

shops and became instructors of Japanese.

As in most cases the instruction was not conducted on a systematic method, many Russian students of Japanese only succeeded in acquiring a smattering of the language.

Then one day a Japanese interpreter who taught Japanese to Russian railway men at Harbin received a letter from one of his whom pupils asking for a certificate of his proficiency. As a matter of fact, his knowledge of Japanese does not extend beyond what may be called pidgin Japanese, but a certificate was forwarded to him as requested.

A few weeks later the interpreter was surprised to receive a letter from the Russian informing him that he had been engaged by the government as professor of Japanese at a monthly salary of 500 roubles.—Japanese Chronicle.

SEEK THE BRIGHT SPOTS.

Don't Grouch in the Gloom, but Look Up and Be an Optimist.

He who thinks the world is full of good people and kindly blessings is much richer than he who thinks the contrary. Each man's imagination largely peoples the world for himself. Some live in a world peopled with princes of the royal blood; some in a world of paupers and privation. You have your choice.

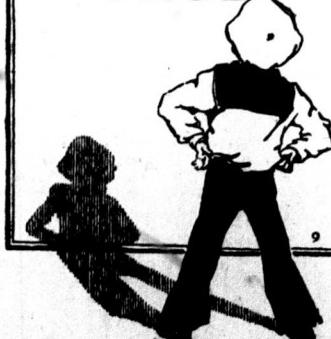
This is a big, busy world. It cares precious little what you think of it or what faults or troubles you find in it. It is a choice that concerns yourself more than all others combined, whether you grouch in the gloom, the companion of hateful goblins, or stride in the sunshine, seeing smiles and catching shreds of song.

Men and women in God's image were not made as whining, groveling beings. They were made to stand erect, mentally as well as physically; to labor well and joyously; to take the gifts of Providence, whether they be joy or sorrow, and bear them cheerfully and with courage; to add ever something to the world's store of happiness, if it be only a smile.

Look up! See how flooded with sunshine this beautiful world is when faced with smiling eyes.

If you would win anything, do anything, be anything, don't whine.—Christian Herald.

SEE
ANNOUNCEMENT
ON
PAGE 7



OTTAWA POLITICS.

The Hon. Arthur Meighen, who was chosen Solicitor-General by a partially dumb Government because it had need of his gift of speech, goes on acquiring merit at headquarters for his good work on the stump. It is conceded that he is performing his task well.

The Solicitor-General who is not a member of the Cabinet but in close touch with it, being just near enough to catch its whispers, enjoys the privilege of irresponsible statement at Conservative nomination conventions and other places of party resort. He is a sort of barker for the big show with this peculiar modification, that while he stands for all the big show does, the big show needn't stand for all he says.

In a word the Solicitor-General handles the arguments the Cabinet Ministers do not care to risk, makes use of the by-products, throws the poison bombs, and earns his money a dozen times over by giving unofficial circulation to the things the Government would have everybody say but themselves. Somebody has to do this touch-it-and-get-away stuff and the Solicitor-General is just the man for the job. The Hon. Artgur is young and ambitious and when the present Minister of Justice retires from public life through sheer fatigue at drawing two salaries from his beloved country, there is no doubt that the Solicitor-General will move up and come into his reward.

When it came to selecting a talented young man who should be the outward and visible sign of the Government's underground arguments, there was considerable delay. Two points had to be considered—could he do it if he would, and would he do it if he could. There was another prodigy from the West who had just as great as, if not greater, oratorical claims than the Portage la Prairie man. That was R. B. Bennett of Calgary, whose eloquence is known from sea to sea. The stumbling block in R. B. Bennett's way was that he could do it but wouldn't. He was young and full of fire but he had had a career full of success, was rich enough to be independent, and had achieved a frame of mind in which ideals were more to him than political preferment. This he promptly proved by forming "caves" and leading rebellions against the Government for handing over the rest of Canada to Mackenzie and Mann. So far as party purposes were concerned R. B. Bennett was a mauvais sujet. So they passed him up.

Not so Arthur Meighen. He was young; had his future all ahead of him, needed the money and the glory and had a mind open to current impressions. Things could be put into him and ground out again with considerable advantage. His acute angled intellect made punctures in almost any subject and he was a hair-splitter without equal in the House of Commons. Specious was about the mildest word one could apply to his reasoning. The harder his case, the better Arthur Meighen could plead it. He would even call on the higher mathematics or German metaphysics if that were necessary to confuse the issue. His wit was sharp at all points, and one way and another he was a mighty handy young man for a Government with a dull edge to have lying around.

Most of the Solicitor-General's well known methods were in evidence at the East Middlesex Conservative Convention in London a fortnight answerable. For instance Mr. Meighen spoke about railways. He denied that there

WHEN WAR COMES

How the Nations Sever Their Diplomatic Relations.

PASSPORTS TO AMBASSADORS

The Formal Etiquette That Governs This Ceremony and the Issuance of Safe Conduct Papers—Hurry and Confusion of Enforced Departure.

"The ambassador has been presented with his passports and has left the country."

Behind this curt formula, which indicates the departure of an ambassador from the country to which he is accredited on the rupture of diplomatic relations, lies a picturesque, significant proceeding with which few of the public can be conversant.

When a foreign country declares war it is usual for its representative formally to present this declaration, the terms of which are received by wire from the foreign minister, under whose orders he acts, and then to ask for his passport, or safe conduct papers, which are furnished him by the foreign office of the nation whose honored guest he has been. On the other hand, if the initiative is taken by the country to which he is accredited his passport is sent to him by special messenger.

An ambassador is the personal representative of his sovereign, and the responsibility rests with the country among whose people he has been staying to insure him a safe passage out of its boundaries.

If the ambassador has held his position long and is on terms of great cordiality with the foreign minister he generally calls to express his sorrow at the unfortunate turn of events and to take a friendly farewell; and occasions have been known when such leave taking has been of the most painful character and associated with tears.

A diplomat is not generally considered an emotional character, but human nature sometimes will break through even the bounds of iron restraint, and on a delicate occasion, like an ambassador's recall, the final parting scene with a minister whom he has probably grown both to love and admire, is of a most affecting description.

When an envoy completes his term of appointment in times of peace, it is customary for him to have a farewell audience of the monarch, when there is a delightful exchange of compliments, but this ceremony is dispensed with when his recall either means war or is a prelude to war. He forfeits then all the official courtesies due to an ambassador, and the handing him of his passports and the insuring of his safe passage out of the country finish his connection officially with the nation.

The time in which an ambassador is allowed to make his preparations for departure depends to some extent on his own convenience and the temper of the nation with which his own nation is at war. Twenty-four to forty-eight hours may be taken as the period which elapses between his recall and his departure, and his safety meanwhile is secured by precautions taken by the civil authorities. During this time papers of importance, which have not already been delivered into

ANCIENT GREEK TRAINING.

What It Did For the Boy Physically and Intellectually.

The manner in which the Athenians brought up their children is worth remembering.

At seven years of age the Athenian lad entered the palestra, which was essentially a playground. All the first and better half of the day was spent in gymnastics, dancing, games and play. In the afternoon there were singing, some writing, some reading, all in the open air, and then came a long period of play again. Such was the schooling of the Greek lad up to the age of ten or eleven, and it did not differ essentially up to the age of sixteen, except in the severity of the exercises.

And yet the world has not ceased to marvel at the results of the Greek education. It produced the highest type of man, physically and intellectually, that the world has ever seen, which Galton says was as far in advance of the modern Englishman as the modern Englishman is in advance of the native African.

In physical beauty, courage and patriotism, in philosophy, literature, architecture and art, the Greeks have been the unsurpassed models of the ages and are still the inspiration of our schools today. But they placed the emphasis upon hygiene, exercise, games and play, which are too much neglected in these days. — Kansas City Star.

THE PLANET MERCURY.

It Is Difficult to Weigh, and Its Orbit is Very Eccentric.

Though Mercury is one of the smallest of the planets, it is perhaps the most troublesome of all to the astronomer.

It lies so close to the sun that it is seen but seldom in comparison with the other great planets. Its orbit is very eccentric, and it experiences disturbances by the attraction of other bodies in a way not yet fully understood.

A special difficulty has also been found in the attempt to place Mercury in the weighing scales. We can weigh the whole earth, we can weigh the sun, the moon and even Jupiter and other planets, but Mercury presents difficulties of a peculiar character. Le Verrier, however, succeeded in devising a method of weighing it.

He demonstrated that our earth is attracted by this planet, and he showed how the amount of attraction may be disclosed by observations of the sun, so that from an examination of the observations he made an approximate determination of the mass of Mercury.

Le Verrier's result indicated that the weight of the planet was about the fifteenth part of the weight of the earth. In other words, if our earth was placed in a balance and fifteen globes, each equal to Mercury, were laid in the other the scales would hang evenly.—"Story of the Heavens."

Spain's Arbitration Court.

"The most unique and interesting institution for the settlement of civil suits in Spain," writes Thomas W. Palmer, Jr., in Case and Comment, "is the arbitration court. All contentions or disputes before or after the commencement of litigation, no matter how far advanced, can be submitted to an arbitration tribunal by agreement of all the interested parties. The exceptions

COMPULSORY TRAINING

HOW AUSTRALIA TEACHES ITS GENERATION TO SHOOT

System of Military Instruction Modelled on That of Switzerland But Begins With Twelve-Year Boys—It Ends In the Cities Force at Twenty-Six.

Last year the Inspector-General of the Overseas Forces, Gen. Sir Hamilton, traveled from one end of Australia to the other, inspecting forces of the young army there, in his report he was clearly enthusiastic. He went to Australia anponent of the compulsory service system for military purposes, but came away with a very different opinion of the value and of the success of the method when properly applied.

Australia's entire population just reached 5,000,000. There roughly, 3,000,000 square miles of country within the boundaries of Commonwealth, so that it is the sparsely populated country on globe's face.

While Australia's method is based on that so well known in Switzerland, it differs therefrom in several respects. It begins with the school-going age of twelve, it is required that all boys shall be registered, and as the scheme became operative in 1911, all boys registered as having been born in 1900 became liable for training as Junior Cadets, and those born four years earlier were required to join the Senior Cadets. With a complete system of registration it is thus easy to trace the boys through the various stages till as men of 25 or 26 they complete their period of service and are sufficiently trained to take their place in the defence forces when called upon. Each year a number automatically pass from one stage to another just as the ranks of Junior Cadets are augmented by boys reaching the age of twelve that year. The method of registration is simple. Forms may be obtained from any postoffice, when filled in must be sent to "area" officer or local postmaster. Failure to register incurs the liability of a fine of \$50. The scheme which Australia is working is that was practically laid down by Lord Kitchener who visited the Commonwealth for the purpose in 1902 and will not, in the ordinary reach its full strength until 1918 when there should be 4,500 officers and 130,500 of other ranks, or a total of 135,000.

The Junior Cadets' course of training extends over two years, comprising 90 hours of each year. By arrangement with the Education Department, this training is done during school hours, so that when a lad presents himself at the age of fourteen for the Senior Cadets must have completed in that period the junior course.

Special instructors are provided by the Commonwealth authorities. Commonwealth instructors train school teachers, and they, in turn, impart the knowledge to the Junior Cadets.

At the age of 14 the young Australian is transferred to the Senior Cadets, and is required for the next years to attend forty drills each. Four of these drills are classes of whole days of not less than four hours each, twelve as half day, two hours each, and the remainder may be night drills of not less

reasoning. The harder his case, the better Arthur Meighen could plead it. He would even call on the higher mathematics or German metaphysics if that were necessary to confuse the issue. His wit was sharp at all points, and one way and another he was a mighty handy young man for a Government with a dull edge to have lying around.

Most of the Solicitor-General's well known methods were in evidence at the East Middlesex Conservative Convention in London a fortnight answerable. For instance Mr. Meighen spoke about railways. He denied that there had been any degrading done on the National Transcontinental Railway, although the Staunton-Guttilius report, full of unscrupulous misstatements, is regarded as one of the most degrading exhibitions in Canadian history. He also said that the Grand Trunk Pacific refused to take over the National Transcontinental because it cost too much money.

The truth is that the G.T.P. re-negged because ever since 1911 the Conservative Government has been creating flaws in the contract by meddling with its terms—furnishing excuses, in short, for the G.T.P. to draw out and dish the Liberals. When the National Transcontinental Bill was before the House, Leader Borden had an alternative policy for every day in the week except Sunday. These six policies ranged from a crazy quilt railway made up of patches from a dozen different systems to an all-water road that wouldn't need any rails whatever. Not one of Leader Borden's alternative railways began and ended in Canada—somewhere or other they turned the traffic over to the United States. A seventh policy toward the N.T.R. has been adopted since the Government came into power and that is to knock the thing whenever possible. Premier Borden's conception of an all-water road takes shape in the Canadian Northern which has an appointee in the Cabinet in the person of Finance Minister White. The Government may not have all the water there is in this road but it has a good part of it. Whenever Mackenzie and Mann need more cash or credit or guarantees from the government, they pump that much water into the stock and pay for it in that way. At one time it looked as if the C.N.R. would have to build a siding into the East Block to carry away the subsidies. Owing to these efforts on the part of Mr. Meighen's colleagues the people of Canada are now involved in a partnership with two railway promoters who have let them in for obligations amounting to \$380,000,000. For all this responsibility the people of Canada have \$40,000,000 of watered stock and Mackenzie and Mann have the railway. Every amendment to increase the people's control or better its security in this railway was ruled out by order of the Speaker. Dr. Pyggsley's calculation is that, win or lose, Mackenzie and Mann stand to make \$60,000,000 out of a railway in which they did not put a cent of their own. Mr. Meighen also dealt in a casual way with "the factious Opposition," "the Laurier Navy" and other matters, but as he will probably use the same arguments again the answer can be kept for another time.

in a balance and fifteen groves, each equal to Mercury, were laid in the other the scales would hang evenly.—"Story of the Heavens."

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Neither the Junior nor Senior Cadets are required to attend military camps. It is after he reaches eighteenth year that the young Australian, who has undergone his physical training and the elementary work of the first two stages, sets himself seriously to the important work.

He is now promoted to the Citizen Force and his eight years' connect with the force begins on the 1st July of the year in which he becomes eighteen years of age. His training consists of continuous training camp for seventeen days per year in the case of naval forces, artillery, engineer arms; eight days for engineers; and eight days (or the equivalent) home training for all arms. Total service is thus 25 days per annum for the specialist and technical corps, and sixteen days for the corps, the main body of whom is light horse infantry. The period of eight days of home training is made up of whole days, half-days, and nights, the respective minimum being six, three, and one an half hours; two half-days and one night counting as one whole day.

Unless a young Australian produce a "clean record" of military service, he stands a very poor chance of a position in the Commonwealth public service, and employers generally are disposed to regard a "clean record" in this respect as an excellent recommendation.

Trainees in Citizen Force receive 3s. per day during the first year, 4s. per day during the subsequent years of their training. The pay for corporals is 9s.; sergeants, 10s.; sergeant-majors, 10s. 6d. and 11s. allowance of £4 per annum is made for the keep of a horse to the light horse trainees. In the commission ranks the daily rates of pay are 1s. for lieutenants; 22s. 6d. for captain majors; 37s. 6d. for lieutenants, and 45s. for colonels. Uniform and equipment are, of course, provided. Government factories for manufacture of clothing, saddle small arms, and ammunition have been established so that the influence of "Kruppism" should never be in Australia.

Spain's Arbitration Court.

"The most unique and interesting institution for the settlement of civil suits in Spain," writes Thomas W. Palmer, Jr., in Case and Comment, "is the arbitration court. All contentions or disputes before or after the commencement of litigation, no matter how far advanced, can be submitted to an arbitration tribunal by agreement of all the interested parties. The exceptions to this are those suits involving political and civil rights, etc., or those matters in which the state is especially concerned. The arbitrators, whose number must not exceed five, are lawyers of twenty-five or more years of age and in full enjoyment of civil rights. In some instances the arbitrators may be laymen (amigables compendores). Appeal is made from the arbitration direct to the territorial appeal court. This method of deciding claims has proved successful and is employed considerably."

A Tartar Courtship.

Among the Tchilian Tartars a curious mode of "popping the question" exists. The Tchilian bachelor in search of a wife, having filled a brand new pipe with fragrant tobacco, stealthily enters the dwelling of the fair one upon whom he has bestowed his affections, deposits the pipe upon a conspicuous article of furniture and retires on tiptoe to some convenient hiding place in the neighborhood, local etiquette requiring that he should execute this strategic movement apparently undetected by the damsel of his choice or any other member of her family. Presently he returns without further affection of secrecy and looks into the apartment in a casual sort of way. A single glance at the pipe he left behind him enables him to learn the fate of his proposal. If it has been smoked he goes forth an accepted and exultant bridegroom; if not, the offer of his hand and heart has been rejected.

No Business Good Business.

"Yes," said the quiet man, "business

has been good with me this week—or

bad—I don't know which you would

call it. I have been busier than the

company likes to have me."

"What do you mean by that? Is

there an employer who does not like to

have his employees work? Could I get

a job there? It seems to me that such

a position would suit my temperament

exactly."

"The company doesn't care to have

anything doing in my department. It

would be glad to pay me my salary

and never have me do a stroke of

work."

"What an ideal job! What kind of a

place is it?"

"I am an adjuster of death claims

for a life insurance company."—New

York Press.

They Were Not.

A young clergyman, small of stature, preaching as a candidate in a certain place one Sabbath, peering over the pulpit Bible, announced as his text:

"It is I. Be not afraid."

Arab Horse Test.

A good horse, according to an Arab test, is one that can stand perfectly erect upon his legs when drinking from a shallow pool.

As we grow less young the aged grow less old.—Bacon.

Sandy's Advice.

At a time when the Scots had considerably less love for their southern neighbors than in these days a father, taking leave of his son, said: "Sandy, ma bairn, ye're about the gung up tae London. Tak' a' th' siller ye can frae the English—a' everything ye can frae them. But mind ye, Sandy, they're a brax fechtin' people, so be carefu' wi' them. Never fecht a bald mon, fer ye canna catch him by th' hair."—Aragonaut.

Holland's Abode of Peace.

Zelst, in Holland, is best known the abode of peace. The religious community of Moravians has been settled there for over a century and a half. Its gray, sober looking buildings stand in their own well cultivated grounds within which the members lead a life of Quaker-like simplicity. There is no display even of the goods it makes, particularly their flour which are sold in small rooms that have no likeness to shops except the plain counter that runs along them.—London Chronicle.

CASTORIA
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Bears the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

COMPULSORY TRAINING

OW AUSTRALIA TEACHES RISING GENERATION TO SHOOT.

ystem of Military Instruction Is Modelled on That of Switzerland, But Begins With Twelve-Year-Old Boys—It Ends In the Citizens' Force at Twenty-Six.

Last year the Inspector-General of the Oversea Forces, Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, traveled from one end of Australia to the other, inspecting the forces of the young army there, and his report he was clearly enthusiastic. He went to Australia an opponent of the compulsory service system for military purposes, but came away with a very different opinion of its value and of the success of the method when properly applied.

Australia's entire population has just reached 5,000,000. There are, roughly, 3,000,000 square miles of country within the boundaries of the commonwealth, so that it is the most sparsely people country on the globe's face.

While Australia's method is modelled on that so well known in Switzerland, it differs therefrom in several respects. It begins with the lads in the school-going age of twelve. It required that all boys shall be registered, and as the scheme became operative in 1911, all boys registered having been born in 1900 became eligible for training as Junior Cadets, and those born four years earlier were required to join the Senior Cadets. With a complete system of registration it is thus easy to trace the boys through the various stages as men of 25 or 26 they complete their period of service and are then efficiently trained to take their place in the defence forces whenever called upon. Each year a number automatically pass from one stage to another just as the ranks of the Senior Cadets are augmented by the boys reaching the age of twelve in that year. The method of registration is simple. Forms may be obtained from any postoffice, and when filled in must be sent to the "area" officer or local postmaster. Failure to register incurs the liability of a fine of \$50. The scheme upon which Australia is working is one that was practically laid down by Lord Kitchener who visited the Commonwealth for the purpose in 1909, and will not, in the ordinary way, reach its full strength until 1919-20, when there should be 4,500 officers and 130,500 of other ranks, or a total of 135,000.

The Junior Cadets' course of training extends over two years, comprising 90 hours of each year. By arrangements with the Education Departments, this training is done during school hours, so that when the boy presents himself at the age of fourteen for the Senior Cadets he has completed in that period the junior course.

Special instructors are provided by the Commonwealth authorities. The Commonwealth instructors train the school teachers, and they, in turn, impart the knowledge to the Junior Cadets.

At the age of 14 the young Australian is transferred to the Senior Cadets, and is required for the next four years to attend forty drills each year. Of these drills are classed as whole days of not less than four hours each, twelve as half days of two hours each, and the remainder may be night drills of not less than

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, June 21.—Wheat prices broke to below \$1 a bushel today, the first time for the 1915 crop. Slowness of export demand, together with a northward spread of the harvest, did a good deal to force the decline. Prices closed steady at 3½c to 4c under Saturday night's level. Other leading staples, too, showed losses: Corn, 1½c to 2½c; oats, 1½c to 1¾c; and provisions, 12½c to 20c.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, full bushel	\$1.20 to \$1.25
Goose wheat, bushel	1.20
Buckwheat, bushel	0.80
Barley, bushel	0.70
Oats, bushel	0.61 0.62
Rye, bushel	1.10

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, lb. sq.	0.27 0.29
Butter, creamery, solids	0.26 0.28
Butter, dairy	0.22
Eggs, per dozen	0.22 0.23
Cheese, new, large, lb.	0.17
Cheese, twins	0.17½

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, June 22.—Board of Trade official market quotations:

Manitoba Wheat,	
No. 1 northern, \$1.25½ to \$1.26½, track, lake ports.	
No. 2 northern, \$1.23 to \$1.25, track, lake ports.	
No. 3 northern, \$1.20 to \$1.21, track, lake ports.	

Manitoba Oats.

No. 2 C.W., 57½c to 58½c, track, lake ports.	
No. 3 C.W., 56½c to 57½c, track, lake ports.	
Extra No. 1 feed, 56½c to 57½c, track, lake ports.	

American Corn.

Canadian Corn.	
No. 2 yellow, 78½c, track, lake ports.	

Ontario Oats.

No. 2 white, 55c to 56c, according to freight outside.	
No. 3 white, 54c to 55c, according to freight outside.	

Ontario Wheat.

No. 2, winter, per car lot, \$1.12 to \$1.14, according to freight outside.	
Peas.	

Barley.

Good malting barley, 70c to 73c, according to freight outside.	
Feed barley, 65c, according to freight outside.	

Buckwheat.

Nominal, car lots, 74c to 76c, according to freight outside.	
Rye.	

No. 2 nominal, \$1.05 to \$1.10, according to freight outside.

Manitoba Flour.	
First patents, in jute bags, \$7, Toronto.	

Second patents, in jute bags, \$6.50, Toronto.

Strong bakers', in jute bags, \$6.30, Toronto.	
In cotton bags, 10c more.	

Ontario Flour.

Winter, 90 per cent. patents, \$4.80, sea-board, or Toronto freight in bags.	
Milled, Car Lots.	

Bran, per ton, \$26, delivered Montreal freights.

Shorts, per ton, \$28, delivered Montreal freights.	
Middlings, per ton, \$29, delivered Montreal freights.	

Good feed flour, per bag, \$1.85, delivered Montreal freights.

Hay.	
No. 1 per ton, \$16.50 to \$18, track, Toronto.	

No. 2, per ton, \$14.50 to \$16, track, Toronto.

Straw.	
Car lots, per ton, \$7 to \$8, track, Toronto.	

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, June 21.—Better weather conditions in the Canadian west caused a more bearish sentiment, and prices were lower on all grades of grain today. Trading in futures was fair, and in the hands of the speculative element for the most part.

Total inspections on Saturday were 136 cars, against 337 last year. In sight today were 180.

Wheat futures closed 2c to 2½c lower cash 2c lower on contract grades, oats 1½c to 2c lower, and flax 3½c to 4c lower.

Wheat—July, 110½; Oct., 100½; Dec., 100½.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, June 22.—Receipts of

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE

BIBLE STUDY ON
PRAYERS THAT ARE HEARD.

—June 20.—Psalm 141.—

"Keep me from the snares they have laid for me."—Verse 9.

W E should note the difference between worship and praise, which anybody may render to the Lord, and prayers and supplications, which are acceptable only from His consecrated people. To illustrate: It is one thing to show respect for a ruler, but quite another thing to be received as his friend or to have his counsel and guidance. So, while God has a deep interest in all mankind, it is not the same interest that He has in His Church—those who, regardless of sectarian lines, have entered into heart covenant with Him. These are the Bible Church.—Hebrews 12:25; 1 Corinthians 1:26.

Strangely enough, many have gotten the thought that anybody, at any time, may rush into the presence of Almighty God with requests, and that God is unhappy because people do not come to Him thus. Such views indicate a lack of information in regard to the Bible. The Bible teaches that prayer is a great privilege. Jesus declared the restrictions upon those who would approach the Father—they must become His disciples. (John 14:6; Matthew 16:24.) They must renounce their own wills and accept the Divine will; otherwise they cannot be begotten of the Holy Spirit—cannot have the privilege of prayer.

Misinformation on this subject has worked disadvantageously to

many. The majority only occasionally flee to the Lord in some trouble, without entering into covenant with Him. Were they rightly informed, they would awake to the realization that their affairs are not under Divine supervision, but that as a part of the world

they are under death sentence. It is high time that the difference between Church and world be distinctly discerned. The effect would be to awaken others to their need of God.

The Prophet David, in the opening verses of our lesson, pictures the Christian in distress coming to God in His appointed way. Elsewhere the Bible gives the same thought—that the prayers of God's people arise as sweet perfume. (Revelation 5:8.) The incense of old, typifying the prayers of the saints, was a rare mixture of spices, peculiarly sweet; and nobody was allowed to make it except the priests. (Exodus 30:34-38.) Thus the Lord again shows us that the privilege of prayer is confined to the antitypical priests.

Our prayers should be in harmony with our endeavors. Thus the Church are represented as praying the Lord to set a guard over their lips. The thought is that they strive to speak only what would be helpful to others and honoring to God. Because they cultivate heart purity and avoid practicing wicked works with evildoers, they pray for assistance in their opposition to all these things.—Verses 3, 4.

How appropriate that the Lord's consecrated people note carefully to what extent they practice the Golden Rule! Whoever prays intelligently

SUFFERED EVERYTHING

For Years, Restored To Health
by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Canadian women are continually writing us such letters as the two following, which are heartfelt expressions of gratitude for restored health:

Glanford Station, Ont.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and never found any medicine to compare with it. I had ulcers and falling of womb and doctors did me no good. I suffered dreadfully for years until I began taking your medicine. I also recommend it for nervousness and indigestion." — Mrs.

HENRY CLARK, Glanford Station, Ont.

Chesterville, Ont.—"I heard your medicines highly praised, and a year ago I began taking them for falling of womb and ovarian trouble.

"My left side pained me all the time and just before my periods which were irregular and painful it would be worse. To sit down caused me pain and suffering and I would be so nervous sometimes that I could not bear to see any one or hear any one speak. Little specks would float before my eyes and I was always constipated.

"I cannot say too much for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, for there are no medicines like them. I have taken them and I recommend them to all women. You may publish this testimonial." — Mrs. STEPHEN J. MARTIN, Chesterville, Ontario, Canada.

WOOD FOR VIOLINS.

Maple Is the Best and Is What the Old World Famed Makers Used.

In the finest violins the body is made of white maple. In cheap ones violet ebony is used. In medium priced ones alternate leaves of the two are employed. The best wood of all is that of the epicea, a tree resembling a fir in general appearance, which grows in central and northern Europe, but musical instrument makers set special value on that from the Vosges mountains. Its wood is most homogeneous and has the advantage over all others that there is scarcely any difference between the sap wood and the heart.

Violet ebony, which comes from Brazil, Africa and India, is much used for pianos. True ebony is now so expensive that it is reserved for nuts and twisters.

Sycamore maple, somewhat less homogeneous than white maple and hence less sonorous, is employed chiefly in making mandolins.

The wood of trees from high altitudes and a severe climate is much better than that from plains and warmer countries for all purposes in which sonority is desired. And it should have had not less than 200 or 300 years of growth, and its concentric

Commonwealth authorities. Commonwealth instructors train the teachers, and they, in turn, part the knowledge to the Junior lots.

At the age of 14 the young Australian is transferred to the Senior Cadets, and is required for the next four years to attend forty drills each year. Of these drills are classed as one days of not less than four hours each, twelve as half days of two hours each, and the remainder by night drills of not less than one hour each. To meet special cases, such as lads working at any trade which makes it inconvenient to attend the drill set down, modifications may be made, but the minimum attendance allowed is 64 hours per annum. The four years' training in Senior Cadets is calculated to set foundation work necessary to enable the youth to take up service in the army.

Neither the Junior nor Senior Cadets are required to attend military camps. It is after he reaches his sixteenth year that the young Australian, who has undergone his physical training and the elementary work the first two stages, sets himself seriously to the important work.

He is now promoted to the Citizen Service and his eight years' connection with the force begins on the 1st of July of the year in which he becomes eighteen years of age. His training consists of continuous training in camp for seventeen days per year in case of naval forces, artillery, and engineer arms; eight days for other arms; and eight days (or the equivalent) home training for all arms. The annual service is thus 25 days per annum for the specialist and technical corps, and sixteen days for other corps, the main body of whom are in horse infantry. The period of 17 days of home training is made up of whole days, half-days, and parts, the respective minimum of six being six, three, and one and a half hours; two half-days and four parts counting as one whole day.

Unless a young Australian can produce a "clean record" of military vice, he stands a very poor chance of a position in the Commonwealth public service, and employers generally are disposed to regard a "clean card" in this respect as an excellent commendation.

Trainees in Citizen Force receive 12 pence per day during the first year, and 15 pence per day during the subsequent years of their training. The pay for corporals is 9s.; sergeants, 10s.; senior-majors, 10s. 6d. and 11s. An allowance of £4 per annum is made for the keep of a horse to the light horse trainees. In the commissioned ranks the daily rates of pay are 15s. lieutenants; 22s. 6d. for captains; 31s. majors; 37s. 6d. lieutenant-colonels, and 45s. for colonels. Uniform equipment are, of course, provided. Government factories for the manufacture of clothing, saddlery, all arms, and ammunition have been established so that the influence of "Kruppism" should never be felt in Australia.

Holland's Abode of Peace.
Holland, in Holland, is best known as abode of peace. The religious community of Moravians has been settled there for over a century and a half. Gray, sober looking buildings stand their own well cultivated grounds, in which the members lead a life Quaker-like simplicity. There is little display even of the goods they sell, particularly their tinware, which is sold in small rooms that have no likeness to shops except for plain counter that runs across them.—London Chronicle.

most part.

Total inspections on Saturday were 136 cars, against 337 last year. In sight today were 180.

Wheat futures closed 2c to 2½c lower cash 2c lower on contract grades, oats 1½c to 2c lower, and flax 3½c to 4c lower.

Wheat—July, 110%; Oct., 100%; Dec., 100%.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, June 22.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 2050 cattle, 2215 hogs, 586 sheep and lambs and 230 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy steers, \$8.40 to \$8.70; choice butchers' steers and heifers, \$8.25 to \$8.50; good, \$8 to \$8.25; medium, \$7.75 to \$8; common, \$7.25 to \$7.60; choice cows, \$6.75 to \$7; good cows, \$6 to \$6.75; medium cows, \$5.75 to \$6; common, \$5 to \$5.50; cannars and cutters, \$4 to \$4.75; bulls, good, \$7.25 to \$7.50; medium bulls, \$6.50 to \$7; common, \$5.75 to \$6.

Stockers and Feeders.

Good to choice, \$60 to 300-lb. steers sold at \$7.25 to \$7.50; medium, 700 to 800-lb. steers at \$6.75 to \$7.25; stockers, 300 to 600 lbs., sold at \$5.65 to \$6.25.

Milkers and Springers.

Choice milkers sold at from \$70 to \$90 each; medium to good at \$60 to \$70; common at \$45 to \$55 each, and slow sale.

Veal Calves.

Choice calves, \$9 to \$10.50; good at \$7.75 to \$8.75; medium at \$7 to \$7.75; common calves at \$5 to \$6.50.

Sheep and Lambs.

Light sheep, \$6 to \$7.50; heavy sheep, \$4 to \$5; yearlings, \$6.50 to \$8; spring lambs, \$6 to 12c per lb.

Hogs.

Hogs weighed off cars sold at \$9.10 per cwt.

MONTRÉAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, June 21.—At the Montreal stock yards, west end market, while prices were steady a downward trend was noticeable. There were few choice cattle in the market. Packers and butchers bought freely and a more active trade was done with sales of full loads of choice steers at \$8.85 and picked lots at \$9 to \$9.25. Small lots of choice butchers' cows brought \$7.50 to \$7.60 per cwt.

There was no important change in the small meats market owing to the light arrivals. Receipts of lambs and sheep are increasing. Lambs sold at \$5.50 to \$6 each for round lots, and old sheep sold at \$5.50 to \$6.50 per 100 pounds. Calves were active at unchanged prices.

Hogs were weak and prices for selected lots scored a further decline of 30c per 100 pounds. Sales of selected lots of Ontario hogs were made at \$9.50 to \$9.60, and Manitobas at \$9.25 to \$9.50. Sows brought \$7.50 to \$7.60, and stags \$4.25 to \$4.30.

Butchers' cattle, choice, \$8.85 to \$9.25; do., medium, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do. common, \$6.25 to \$6.50; cannars, \$4.50 to \$5.25; butchers' cattle, choice cows, \$7.25 to \$7.60; do. medium, \$6.25 to \$7; do. bulls, \$6 to \$8; milkers, choice, each, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do. common and medium, each, \$5.50 to \$7.50; springers, \$5 to \$6; sheep, ewes, \$6 to \$6.50; bucks and culms, \$5.50 to \$7.50; lambs, each, \$5.50 to \$6; hogs, \$9.50 to \$9.60; calves, \$1.50 to \$10.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, June 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 3500 head; fairly active. Prime steers, \$9 to \$9.50; shipping, \$8.50 to \$8.90; butchers, \$7.25 to \$8.75; heifers, \$6.50 to \$8.25; cows, \$3.50 to \$7; bulls, \$5 to \$7.

Veals—Receipts, 1900 head; active; \$4.50 to \$10.

Hogs—Receipts, 18,000 head; active; heavy, \$7.85 to \$8.10; mixed, \$8.15; yorkers, \$8.10 to \$8.15; pigs, \$7.90 to \$8; roughs, \$6.50 to \$6.65; stags, \$5 to \$5.75.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 2000 head; active; lambs, \$7 to \$10; yearlings, \$5 to \$8; wethers, \$6.25 to \$6.50; ewes, \$3 to \$5.50; sheep, mixed, \$5.75 to \$6.

Fringe as Trimming.

Fringes of many sorts are still used. Some of the newest skirts show an edging of fringe at the bottom. There is a silk corded fringe that is often used with faille, and there is a fringe made of strands of beads that is used a good deal on evening frocks.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

are represented as praying the Lord to set a guard over their lips. The thought is that they strive to speak only what would be helpful to others and honoring to God. Because they cultivate heart purity and avoid practicing wicked works with evil-doers, they pray for assistance in their opposition to all these things.—Verses 3, 4.

How appropriate that the Lord's consecrated people note carefully to what extent they practice the Golden Rule! Whoever prays intelligently will surely scrutinize his business relations, that he may not eat dainties which come from injustice or oppression, but may rejoice in life's commonest things procured in harmony with principles of righteousness.

Those in fellowship with God will take no offense if reproved by the righteous — rather these reproofs will be like excellent oil, such as a guest received from his host in ancient times. True Christians have the heart qualities described as traits of the Holy Spirit — meekness, gentleness, patience, long-suffering, brotherly-kindness, love. Hence they appreciate such experiences as Divine providence may direct—especially if these come from brethren who rebuke in a Christian manner. (Galatians 6:1.) Neither their heads nor their hearts are broken by such Scriptural reproofs; and they learn to admonish others similarly. Their prayers are for each other in what seem to be calamities; and all life's affairs operate for their good.—Romans 8:28.

In hyperbole the Prophet declares of the Church, "our bones are scattered at the mouth of Sheol (the grave), as when one cutteth and cleaveth wood upon the earth"—like chips which the wood-cutter considers not worth gathering. But whatever afflictions God's consecrated people may now have, they have God's promise of future glory, honor, immortality. He will not leave them desolate. They shall come forth from the tomb glorious in the First Resurrection majesty, to reign with Christ a thousand years.—Revelation 20:4, 6.

Satan is represented as a fowler, seeking the Lord's people even as man hunts speckled birds. The great Arch-enemy is accredited with using agents. Chief amongst these, according to the Bible, are those fallen angels of whom he is the prince. But amongst men he has many agents—his servants. Apparently many professed servants of God are deceiving themselves, are really Satan's servants; for his works they do, as Jesus said. They co-labor for the upbuilding of unrighteousness, iniquity, injustice, in suppressing the Truth and misleading the people.

Aisle on the Car in a Wreck.

A veteran railroad man gave a piece of valuable advice not long ago.

"If you ever get into a wreck," he said, "and have time to follow out this suggestion, remember this: Always stand in the aisle. Most of the injuries that are suffered occur because the victim is crushed between the seats. If you are in the aisle you may be thrown forward and bruised a little, but there is much less chance of receiving serious hurts. It isn't always possible to get out of your seat before the crash comes, but if it is follow that advice."—Pittsburgh Press.

live that it is reserved for the wise twisters.

Sycamore maple, somewhat less homogeneous than white maple and hence less sonorous, is employed chiefly in making mandolins.

The wood of trees from high altitudes and a severe climate is much better than that from plains and warmer countries for all purposes in which sonority is desired. And it should have had not less than 200 or 300 years of growth, and its concentric circles should be no more than two or three millimeters apart.

The ancient violin makers, Stradivarius, Amati, Guarnerius and the others, used the finest and best seasoned maple, and this, with their perfect varnish, is why their violins have lasted so long.—New York World.

The Seven Wise Men of Greece.

The seven wise men of Greece were Thales of Miletus, Periander of Corinth, Cleobulus of Lyndus, Chilon of Lacedaemon, Solon of Athens, Bias of Priene and Pittacus of Mitylene. Some fishermen of Miletus sold a draft of fishes to a bystander. When the net was drawn in it contained a golden tripod, and the purchaser claimed it was his, while the fishermen contended that they sold only the fish that might be in the net. The dispute was referred to the oracle of Delphi, who awarded the tripod to the wisest man in Greece. Thereupon it was taken to Thales, who declined it and suggested that it be given to Bias. He in turn refused to accept it, and thus it was successively declined by all the seven, and they were thereafter known as the seven wise men of Greece.



Prayer of one Not Consecrated.

Beltane.

In the highlands of Scotland and in Ireland May 1 was called Beltane. This was the name of an ancient pagan festival, traces of which have survived to this day. The name is still used for May day in Gaelic Scotland. It is said that the druids on that day used to make two fires with great incantations and drive their cattle between them as a safeguard against disease.

Every Move a Picture.

"That movie star spends all his time in bed when he isn't acting."

"Is the work, then, so awfully arduous?"

"No, but he can't bear to stand around in elegant poses that he isn't being paid for"—Pittsburgh Post.

The Only Way.

"I done wore out three foots of a graveyard rabbit in de hopes of good luck comin' my way," said Brother Williams, "an' I des' bout come ter de conclusion dat de only way ter git dar is ter go ter work fer yo' livin'."—Atlanta Constitution.

Appropriate Emblem.

"You women ought to organize a society for the encouragement of pick-pockets."

"What do you mean?"

"And adopt as your insignia the dangling band bag."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

What you do for an ungrateful man is thrown away.—Latin Proverb.

Shiloh 25¢

The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

10 Days Furniture Sale, Beginning June 26

The Best Values ever offered in Napanee.

LOOK AT THESE.

Beautiful Quartered Oak Writing Desk, regular price \$28.00, Sale Price \$19.50.

Sectional Book Case—regular price \$18.00, Sale Price \$13.75.

Sectional Bookcase and Desk—regular price \$23.00, Sale Price \$18.50

Quartered Oak Extension Table—regular price \$26.00, Sale Price \$20.50.

This is only a few of the many things we have on sale at Great Reductions at this time, come and get our prices. No trouble to show goods.

JUDSON'S Furniture Store

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

Smith's Jewelry Store

Trees! Trees! Trees!

All kinds of Fruits and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses, Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your wants for prices. Catalogue free.

OLD FASHIONED HINTS.

How To Aid the Housewife's Struggle For Cleanliness.

It would seem as if about half of woman's whole duty in life, if she follows the profession of housewife, consists of various kinds of cleaning—fighting and struggling day after day against just plain dirt. Yet when you consider how largely our civilization depends on the elimination of dirt this doesn't seem such a tiresome duty, after all.

The baby's bath, washing clothes, cleaning rooms, "doing dishes," dusting—all these things that take up so large a share of the housewife's time are simply phases of the general crusade against dirt.

Here are some old fashioned hints to aid the process of cleaning:

To clean grease spots from clothing or carpet an old and good rule calls for four parts of alcohol to one part of ammonia and half as much ether as ammonia. Apply the mixture to the spot and then rub with clear water and a cloth.

To take grease spots from rugs or carpets, if you act at once, a thorough coating of cornmeal rubbed into the spot is often effective. Another method is to lay a blotting paper over the spot and then press over it with a hot flat iron, repeating this process several times. Care should be taken not to press over an oiled or varnished floor.

To clean blankets the old fashioned method was to use a "pounder" or any smooth piece of wood that could be used to pound the soap and water into the blankets, as rubbing on a board is not good for blankets. Dissolve soap in boiling water to make a good suds and add tablespoonful of ammonia. Pour scalding hot over the blankets and then with the "pounder" work thoroughly into the blankets. Rinse in hot water. Put the blankets through the wringer and then pull into shape. This operation requires two persons, one holding one end and pulling against another person holding the other end of the blanket.

To clean the inside of jars and bottles fill them with hot water and then stir in a teaspoonful of baking soda. Shake well and rinse.

To clean mattresses use a paste of

BINDER TWINE.

Do not send out of town for it. Best prices at MADOLE'S.

Our Motto.

Pure drugs, prompt service, accuracy, and no fancy prices. Three graduates always in attendance at WALLACE'S, Limited, the leading drug store.

The Anesco film gives the pictures you want at Hooper's.

Remember the baseball match in aid of the Red Cross in the park this afternoon at 5.30. A suggestion is made that the merchants close their places of business a little early and attend the game. Mayor Gibbard will donate to the best decorated residence in Napanee on July 1st, a \$2.00 box of chocolates.

The Queen's Canadian Military Hospital was organized at the commencement of the war by Canadians in London, England, for the special purpose of treating Canadian wounded. Sir William Osler, Bart., F.R.S., Surgeon-in-Chief; and the hospital is managed by a representative committee of which Mr. George McLaren Brown is Chairman. It is beautifully situated at Beachborough Park, which is being kindly loaned for the purpose by Sir Arthur and Lady Markham.

The hospital, which is supported by voluntary contributions of friends in England and Canada, is urgently in need of funds and all kinds of surgical supplies and dressings; especially gauze bandages. Any person desiring to assist the work of the hospital in caring for the Canadian wounded will kindly send funds or supplies to Lieut. Col. Donald Armour, The Queen's Canadian Military Hospital, Beachborough Park, Shorncliffe, England.

Toothpaste and powder, best quality at Hooper's.

JOHN MUIR AND TREES.

The Great Naturalist's Plea For the Preservation of Forests.

Few men loved and knew trees better than John Muir, the naturalist of the Sierras. He fought hard to preserve the forests, and in one of his books he says:

All sort of local laws and regulations have been tried and found wanting, and the costly lessons of our own experience as well as that of every civilized nation show conclusively that the fate of the remnant of our forests is in the hands of the federal government and that if the remnant is to be saved at all it must be saved quickly.

Any fool can destroy trees. They cannot run away, and if they could they would still be destroyed—chased and hunted down as long as fun or a dollar could be got out of their bark, hides, branching horns or ungainly bole backbones. Few that fell trees plant them. Nor would planting avail much toward getting back anything like the noble primeval forests. During a man's life only saplings can be grown in the place of the old trees—tens of centuries old—that have been destroyed. It took more than 3,000 years to make some of the trees in these western woods—trees that are still standing in perfect strength and beauty, waving and surging in the mighty forests of the Sierra.

Through all the wonderful eventful centuries since Christ's time—and long before that—God has cared for these trees, saved them from drought, disease, avalanches and a thousand straining, leveling tempests and floods, but he cannot save them from fools. Only



HOW SASKATCHEWAN FEELS

EXTRACTS FROM SPEECHES THANKSGIVING MASS MEETING RECENTLY HELD IN THE CITY HALL, REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN.

"The clouds are commencing break away and blue sky is appearing in Saskatchewan and it is going to spread to Alberta and Manitoba, will be able to see and by to bring little blue sky into old Ontario."

"We are on the eve of the first temperance legislation ever enacted."

"Let us be thankful for this giant step forward in the cause of temperance and sobriety."

"The small places in the country will be given enough help to assist them in turning the bars into libraries and places which will be a credit to the town. Even Russia has then ready where they are known as 'ple's palaces."

Talcum powders, in latest and best quality, at Hooper's.

SHEEP DOG TRIALS.

Australia's National Pastime, the Mallette Cross Test.

Sheep dog trials may be considered a national pastime if not a national sport in Australia. There is an annual agricultural show in every town and village in the pastoral parts. There are general competitions on the lines of the American county and state fairs. There are horse races, jumping, shearing, log chopping, other strenuous competitions. But one of these excites more interest than the sheep dog trials, and in these the Australians have set the example. Certain of the most serious tasks a man and a dog may be asked to accomplish with three strange sheep that had never previously been turned out from three separate pens to be packed or gathered together in the dog.

It was the Australians who first started, and they still maintain it, the Mallette cross test. The eight six-foot hurdles are set in the shape of a M

Trees! Trees! Trees!

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses, Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your wants for prices. Catalogue free.

Agents wanted Everywhere

Apply for terms

J. H. WISNER, Nurseyman,
49-61 PORT ELGIN, Ontario



Carriage REPAIRING

We are at it "hammer and tongs" every working day, turning out the best repair work that the Carriage trade can boast of hereabouts. No matter how bad the damage to your conveyance, we can soon put it right for you in a way that will last and give you complete satisfaction. We put into our work energy, experience, and the very best materials, yet we are very moderate in our charges for all kinds of jobs.

J. M. GRAHAM

At Normile's Garage.

A Joint Concern.

When Richard Brinsley Sheridan was in distress, in early life, one of his resources was that of writing for the fugitive publications of the day, in which he was materially assisted by his wife, and many years after his entrance into the spheres of politics he was heard to say that "if he had stuck to the law he believed he should have done as much as his friend Tom Erskine; but," continued he, "I had no time for such studies. Mrs. Sheridan and myself were often obliged to keep writing for our daily leg or shoulder of mutton; otherwise we should have had no dinner." One of his friends, to whom he confessed this, wittily replied, "Then I perceive it was a 'joint concern'."

His "Junior Partner" Entered.

Littleman was telling the young bachelors at a recent affair uptown just how to manage a wife.

"When you young fellows are married, you must take the upper hand at once," he said. "No weakness, no sentiment. Make your wife understand that, though you love her and so forth, she is the junior partner. If necessary, resort to the effective methods of our cavemen ancestors—use the heavy hand! Put her nose to the domestic grindstone. Why, when I speak to my wife!"

Littleman never finished. Why? See headline.—*New York Times*.

work thoroughly into the blankets. Rinse in hot water. Put the blankets through the wringer and then pull into shape. This operation requires two persons, one holding one end and pulling against another person holding the other end of the blanket.

To clean the inside of jars and bottles fill them with hot water and then stir in a teaspoonful of baking soda. Shake well and rinse.

To clean mattresses use a paste of cold water and starch. After the mattresses have been thoroughly beaten and freed from dust spread this paste freshly made on all spots and expose to the sun for several hours; then rub off the starch. A second application of this paste should be tried if the first is not entirely satisfactory.

Culinary Courtship.

Janet had molded the domestic affairs of the family with whom she lived for so many years that the news of her intended marriage had much the effect of an earthquake. "Have you and David been engaged long?" ventured the mistress of the household.

"One week when next Sabbath comes," stated Janet briefly.

"And—and had you any thought of marrying before that?" asked her mistress.

"Times I had and times I had not," said the imperturbable Janet, "as any person will. But a month ago when I gave David a wee bit of the cake I'd been making and he said to me, 'Janet, have you the recipe firm in your mind, lass, so you could make it if Mrs. Mann's book would be far from your reach?' I knew well the time was drawing short.

"And when," said Janet, closing her eyes at the recollection, "I said to him, 'David, lad, the recipe is copied in a little book of my own,' and I saw the glint in his eye I reckoned 'twould be within the mouth he'd ask me."

Sweltering, Odorous Hodeidah.

"Where can one find a more filthy, hot, sweltering, odorous town than Hodeidah?" asks a recent traveler regarding the Arabian port where the misdeeds of Turkish officials have led to trouble with Italy. A filthier town it would indeed be difficult to discover, even in Asiatic Turkey, and the character of its inhabitants may be judged from the fact that the Akhdam Arabs, who are treated as outcasts by all the other tribes, have been allowed to establish themselves in Hodeidah. Nevertheless, the port is the gateway to one of the most beautiful, fertile and populous regions of Arabia, and had a flourishing trade in days prior to Turkish misrule.

Then He Landed.

"Beauty is a woman's most important attribute," said a beauty doctor. "She who increases beauty is woman's greatest benefactor. Husband, brothers, even fathers—in their utmost hearts beauty is the thing they desire most to see in their feminine relations. Only the other day a gray, fat old gentleman entered a newspaper office and said:

"Are you the managing editor?"

"Yes," was the reply.

"I suppose that on you, then," said the visitor, "rests the responsibility for this morning's reference to my daughter Patty as Fatty. Take that!"

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

years to make some of the trees in these western woods—trees that are still standing in perfect strength and beauty, waving and surging in the mighty forests of the Sierra.

Through all the wonderful eventful centuries since Christ's time—and long before that—God has cared for these trees, saved them from drought, disease, avalanches and a thousand straining, leveling tempests and floods, but he cannot save them from fools. Only Uncle Sam can do that.

Didn't Ruffle Him.

M. Maeterlinck, unlike most men of letters, has one of the calmest natures imaginable. Nothing seems to ruffle his temper, and he takes all things as they come. While he was dining at a big restaurant some time ago a clumsy waiter spilled nearly a whole plate of clear soup down his back.

The author of "The Blue Bird" never turned a hair, but, looking calmly at the flustered waiter, merely remarked:

"It was thick soup I asked for."

Pertinent Query.

"Pa, what sort of a house is that?"

"That, my son, is the blind boy's home. Blind people live in there."

"They can't see, can they?"

"No, my boy."

"Then tell me, pa, please, what house got windows for a boy who can't see?"

The Napanee Drug Store.

The Medical Hall,
FRED L. HOOPER.

Hardwood floor and linoleum varnished at Hooper's.

certain of the most serious tasks a man and a dog may be asked to accomplish with three strange sheep that had never previously until they had a moment before been turned out from three separate pens to be packed or gathered together the dog.

It was the Australians who first forward, and they still maintain it, Maltese cross test. The eight six-hurdles are set in the shape of a Maltese cross. The passages are of a width that will permit only one sheep to pass through at a time. The animals have to be driven north and south and east and west, all the passes being open the time. The skill and patience of the dog are here tried to the utmost and there can be little wonder then a gasp of satisfaction and a cheer joy when the sheep have been successfully driven through these narrow ways.

The Australian sheep dogs are smallest in use in the world, but quick and lively in their work. It is no wonder that the Australian girl much thought for his dogs, for it is without saying that the work of sheep station could not be accomplished without them. In ordinary cases it is reckoned that one dog can do the work of half a dozen men. In instances a dog is superior to fifty men, and where there are such flocks of nimble sheep, such as merinos in Australia are, it would be impossible to round them up so that they may be examined, counted and duly looked over without the dog Argonaut.

Kovah health salt at Hooper's.

Fruit and Dry Goods Store

Michael Maker.

I have decided to go in the Fruit Business again, and I will be glad to have all of my old customers to call and see what they can get before buying elsewhere. **New Fruits of all kinds just in.**—Everything] in the Fruit Line, and of the best quality.

Opening Day

Saturday, June 19th, '11

These Prices for Saturday Only:

Cucumbers, 2 for 5c. and 3 for 10c.
Tomatoes,..... 10c. per lb.
Bananas 10c. doz.
Pine Apples, 10c. each, 6 for 50c.
Oranges 15c. doz.

We are also serving Ice Cream and Soft Drinks of all kinds, at

M. Maker's Fruit and Dry Goods Store

Next Door to Frank Perry.
'Phone 227.



W SASKATCHEWAN FEELS.

RACTS FROM SPEECHES AT THANKSGIVING MASS MEETING RECENTLY HELD IN THE CITY HALL, REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN.

The clouds are commencing to break away and blue sky is appearing Saskatchewan and it is going to add to Alberta and Manitoba. We will be able to bring a blue sky into old Ontario. We are on the eve of the finest permanence legislation ever enacted. Let us be thankful for this gigantic forward in the cause of temperance and sobriety."

The small places in the country be given enough help to assist in turning the bars into libraries places which will be a credit to town. Even Russia has them already where they are known as "peopelaces."

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It was the Australians who first put up the money, and they still maintain it, the Maltese cross test. The eight six-foot logs are set in the shape of a Maltese cross. The passages are of a width

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the Daughters of the Empire.

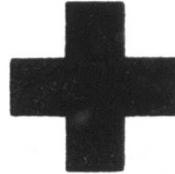


A very grateful and appreciative letter of thanks and acknowledgement of the last case sent for the No. 4 General Stationary Hospital (University of Toronto) has been received from the Ladies' Committee.

Next Thursday, being the 1st of July—Dominion Day—there will be no work meeting and tea at our room on that day—for information in regard to this matter, see item elsewhere in this paper.

Remember to send in your donation for the French National Relief Committee, who are so splendidly aiding our distressed Allies, the Belgian and French refugees in Northern France.

Our Committee room is open every Saturday from 2.30 to 5.30 p.m.



The Red Cross Society

A most successful garden party was held Friday evening, June 18th, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Herrington. The grounds were decorated with flags, the beautiful trees and shrubs hung with electric lights made a fascinating picture. On either side of the entrance to the grounds were tables for donations of either money or supplies for Queen's Stationary Hospital No. 5, presided over by Mrs. Herbert Daly, treasurer of the Red Cross Society, and Mrs. F. F. Miller, First Vice-President. The guests were graciously welcomed by Mr. and Mrs. Herrington and Mrs. A. W. Grange, the President. Seats were arranged all over the grounds for everyone to rest and enjoy themselves.

A tea table, where sandwiches, cake, and tea were served, was under the direction of Mrs. Lyons, Mrs. Wagstaff, Mrs. Bartlett and Mrs. Stevens. A candy table did a rushing trade, with Mrs. Doller and Mrs. Rowley Hawley in charge. The night was just warm enough for the ice cream booth to be well patronized under the able direction of Mrs. J. W. Robinson. The tables were all assisted by a number of young ladies who were indefatigable. At the back of the house, in the midst of the beautiful garden, was a tent where three young gypsies told a strictly truthful fortune to all. They were much in demand all evening by old and young. A splendid program was given in the house during the evening. Mrs. Fitzpatrick took charge of that branch, and is to be congratulated on her success. During the evening a centre-piece was raffled, Mrs. Bristol, of Toronto, being the winner. One hundred and eighty dollars is the grand total in money realized while the dinner donated has

been the largest amount ever given to the Red Cross Society in Napanee. The money will be used for the hospital.

McINTOSH BROS'.

Extra Special Add. for Saturday.

At 9 o'Clock Sharp on Saturday Morning
we will place on Sale a Large
Assortment of Cotton Voils

in Black and White Dot, Fancy Stripe, and Dainty Flower, 29 inches wide. Only a limited quantity to each customer. It's our 15c. special line. On Rush Sale Saturday Morning

9c. Per Yard.

Made in Canada Army and Navy
Linen Note Paper

done up in a neat box. Regular 35c. On Rush Sale Saturday Morning.

15c. per Box.

A Large Assortment to Choose from in Ladies' and Misses' Tan and Leather Color Hose

some slightly damaged. Regular 25c per pair. On Rush Sale now

3 Pairs for 25c.

'Phone 228 **McIntosh Bros. Napanee**

WITH THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

The following letter was received by Mrs. Manly Jones from her son, who is a wireless operator in the U.S. navy:

Army and Navy Young Men's Christian Association, Newport, R. I.

June 14th, 1915.

Dear Mother:—I have covered considerable territory since I last wrote you, but I sent you some cards so you would know my whereabouts occasionally. Received The Napanee Express last Sunday and was very glad to get it. It had been on the road quite a while.

My transfer from the Perking to the Nicholson was very unexpected, but they seem to be short of wireless men so they are taking them off the older boats and putting them on the new ones. When I left Charleston I had transportation and orders to proceed to the U.S.S. Nicholson at Philadelphia, so when I got to Philadelphia the Nicholson had left there for Newport, so they gave me transportation from Philadelphia to Newport. I arrived here last Saturday morning. I came from Philadelphia to New York by train and from New York to Newport up Long Island Sound on the Fall River line steamer, "Commonwealth" the largest passenger boat in America.

A by-law closing up the road allowance between lots five and six in the Mill Reserve in the Town of Napanee, running easterly from Dundas street.

Passed the day of , 1915.

Whereas by a map or plan of the Village of Napanee, now in the Town of Napanee, which said map was made by A. B. Perry, P.L.S., and dated August 30th, 1859, and registered in the Registry Division of the County of Lennox and Addington, a road allowance in the Mill Reserve between lots five and six running easterly from Dundas street to the canal is laid out, and

Whereas said road allowance has never been dedicated as a public highway except as being marked on said plan as aforesaid, and

Whereas in order to remove any doubts as to whether the said road allowance as so marked is or is not a road allowance

NOW THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED BY the Corporation of the Town of Napanee, and it is hereby enacted

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nes in Australia are, it would be
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may be examined, counted and
looked over without the dogs—
naut.

Wah health salt at Hooper's.

Goods Store Maker.

In the Fruit Business
to have all of my old
t they can get before
ruits of all kinds
e Fruit Line, and of

Day
19th, '15

aturday Only:

and 3 for 10c.
..... 10c. per lb.
..... 10c. doz.
each, 6 for 50c.
..... 15c. doz.

Cream and Soft
inds, at

Dry Goods Store.

ink Perry.
Phone 227.

a tent where three young gypsies told a strictly truthful fortune to all. They were much in demand all evening by old and young. A splendid program was given in the house during the evening. Mrs. Fitzpatrick took charge of that branch, and is to be congratulated on her success. During the evening a centre-piece was raffled, Mrs. Bristol, of Toronto, being the winner. One hundred and eighty dollars is the grand total in money realized, while the linen donated has been valued at very nearly two hundred dollars. The knitting committee, of which Mrs. Herrington is convenor, is to be congratulated on the large amount realized, and Mr. and Mrs. Herrington are to be given a hearty vote of thanks for their untiring efforts in patriotic work.

The Red Cross Society acknowledge with thanks the sum of twenty-nine (\$29.00) dollars from the Ladies' Guild, of St. Paul's Anglican Church, of Sandhurst, the proceeds of a lecture given at Sandhurst by Mr. Herrington. The money has been sent to Dr. J. C. Connell, Dean of Queen's Medical Faculty for a cot in Queen's Stationary Hospital No. 5, to be known as the Sandhurst bed.

The thanks of the Society are also due the Woman's Guild of St. Alban's Church, Odessa, for seven pairs of pillows, and to Miss Jessie McLean for four pairs of pillows.

The rooms will be open Saturday as usual, and a special work meeting will be held in the afternoon, when tea will be served.

The following letter has been received:

Medical Faculty,
Queen's University,
Kingston, Ont.

June 17, 1915.

Miss Alma Thompson,
Napanee.

Dear Miss Thompson:—In reply to your letter of to-day I have the pleasure of assuring you that there is no basis for the rumor that Queen's Hospital is not to be established. On the contrary the War Office has suggested that we might be able to enlarge it to 500 beds in place of 200.

The Hospital equipment had to be issued in England and it will take another month to get it all together. At present the nurses are at work in various Hospitals in France. The men are under canvas at St. Martin's Plain near Flckstone running a Field Hospital for the troops there and some of the staff are assisting and getting experience in some of the Base Hospitals in England. Dr. W. T. Connell is in London purchasing the extra laboratory equipment. Dr. Etherington, the Commanding Officer has been purchasing instruments and this week was to go to France to select a location for the Hospital. The War Office expects to send them all over in July.

So everything is going as well as possible. We are sending them this week a Motor Ambulance which is a fine addition to the three trucks they have for transport. On the fifth of June we sent them 55 cases of supplies. This week over 100 cases are going from Toronto. The next shipment from here will be the first week in July when we will have at least fifty more.

We expect to issue a circular letter from time to time to the subscribers telling them of the work of the Hospital. This will be sent to you so that our generous friends in Napanee will be fully informed of what is going on. If the Hospital is enlarged we will have to send them more Nurses.

Yours Sincerely,
J. C. CONNELL.

transportation and orders to proceed to the U.S.S. Nicholson at Philadelphia, so when I got to Philadelphia the Nicholson had left there for Newport, so they gave me transportation from Philadelphia to Newport. I arrived here last Saturday morning. I came from Philadelphia to New York by train and from New York to Newport, up Long Island Sound on the Fall River line steamer, "Commonwealth" the largest passenger boat in America.

The Nicholson is the same kind of a boat as the Perkins, only larger and faster—more modern in every way and has only been in commission a month, so everything is brand new. Our wireless set is about three times as powerful as the one I had on the Perkins, and is altogether a different make, so I have been busy studying up the blue prints and instructions, and leaving all the fine points about it—wireless sets are like machinery—every make is altogether different, but they all work to the same end. I have another wireless man aboard but since I am the senior man it is necessary that I should know most about it if possible.

We are going out on speed runs six hours every other day testing the engines and speed meters, and I expect we will be on speed runs for 10 days or two weeks yet, then I understand we will go to Boston for short overhaul period—Boston is going to be our home yard so whenever we are not on any special duty or out for manoeuvres with the fleet we will be at our home yard—"Boston Navy Yard." I like Boston very well, and was hoping we would either get New York or Boston for home yard. We will probably be around Newport, Boston and New York most of the summer, as we don't expect to take our place with the fleet till fall.

Society folks are here in great numbers this year since it's not safe to go to Europe. They are all taking summer homes here so they expect a gay summer in the 400-class at Newport.

Well I guess I've told you all the news so will close for this time with much love.

Your loving son,
MORLEY T.

The Napanee driving park has been undergoing repairs and a thorough cleaning up in preparation for the races on Thursday, next July 1st. Come and meet your friends at Napanee next Thursday.

and

Whereas said road allowance has never been dedicated as a public highway except as being marked on said plan as aforesaid, and

Whereas in order to remove any doubts as to whether the said road-way as so marked is or is not a road allowance

NOW THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED BY the Corporation of the Town of Napanee, and it is hereby enacted as follows:

1. That the road allowance as marked on said plan of the Village of Napanee made by A. B. Perry, P.L.S., and dated August 30th, 1859, and being the allowance for road between lots five and six running easterly from Dundas street on said plan, is hereby stopped up.

2. It is further enacted that the said plan be amended by designating the said highway so stopped up as "lot No. 12 a."

3. This by-law shall come into force and take effect after it shall have been published at least once a week for four successive weeks and upon the date of the final passing thereof.

Mayor.

Clerk.

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of a by-law which has been considered by the Council of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee and will be finally passed after it shall have been published at least once a week for four successive weeks, the first of which said publications was June 11th, 1915.

Dated this 7th day of June, 1915.

W. A. GRANGE,

Clerk.

DATES OF FALL FAIRS, 1915

Arden.....	Oct. 5
Bancroft.....	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Pelleville.....	Sept. 6 & 7
Brockville.....	Sept. 6-8
Campbellford.....	Sept. 26-30
Centreville.....	Sept. 11
Demarestown.....	Sept. 1
Harrowsmith.....	Sept. 16-17
Kingston.....	Sept. 28-30
NAPANEE.....	Sept. 14-15
Odessa.....	Sept. 1
Picton.....	Sept. 21-22
Robbins Mills.....	Oct. 12
Shannonville.....	Sept. 18
Stella.....	Sept. 28
Tamworth.....	Sept. 29
Tweed.....	Sept. 26-30

CONVENIENT—Burns coal, coke, or wood. Large feed doors make firing easy.

McClary's Sunshine Furnace
See the McClary dealer or write for booklet.

Sold by Boyle & Son.

Water pan is filled without removing.

Lumber Cedar Posts and Stakes

Shingles, all Grades

ROBT. LIGHT, Napanee, Ont.

Every Style Bracelet and Strap Watches

Silver, Gunmetal, Filled and Solid Gold

is one of the best buys you can make. It is a dandy and fully guaranteed. All Watches good values.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store.

Our \$3.00 Strap Wristlet Watch

dandy and fully guaranteed.

JUST WHAT YOU NEED !

DRY PINE KINDLING

for starting fires
and then some

—DRY—

HARD WOOD

(cut in stove lengths)

to keep it going, "SOME FIRE."

CHAS. STEVENS, COAL AND
WOOD.

A LADY AND A BABY

And Uncle Sam's Polite Consul
In a City In France.

HOW THEY MET AND PARTED.

And How Light Was Thrown on the Problem That the Woman, Who Was French and Voluble, and the Infant, Who Was American, Presented.

Not very long after having taken charge of one of the consulates in France I was one morning seated at my desk busily engaged in figuring over my quarterly accounts, when suddenly a woman carrying a bundle in her arms appeared before me. I had not resided in France sufficiently long to imbibe the unadulterated French politeness, but I had progressed sufficiently to ask:

"Madame, what can I have the pleasure of doing for you this morning?"

"Monsieur," she exclaimed, walking toward me, holding out the bundle as if to deposit it on my desk, "this is an American baby. What shall I do with it?"

Abashed at the prospect of so suddenly becoming a father with the orange blossoms and rice omitted and knowing that the American government had established no precedent of maintaining orphan asylums either at home or abroad, I hesitated a moment and replied:

"Will the madame please be seated over there by the door and tell me why, being a Frenchwoman, she has become possessed of an American baby?"

It never occurred to me to examine the little bundle of humanity. I had in previous times rather prided myself on my ability to distinguish the nationality of people, had even boasted I could tell them by their shoes, but I had never tried my perceptive powers on infant physiognomies.

"Voila!" she said, seating herself.

I shall never forget that word voila. It was one of the first French words I ever learned. You know it means—oh, so many things when used exclamatorily, as it generally is. Usually, however, to the beginner in the French language it conveys the meaning of "Here it is." That was about as far as I had progressed in my French education at that time in regard to the many varied meanings of voila, and I determined that if it meant the baby then it would retain its geographical location indefinitely—that is, in the woman's lap over by the door, or preferably outside. But her voila referred not so much to the infant as to the story of how it came to be in her possession. She talked volubly while I tried to assume the defensive power of silence. But to a Frenchwoman—well, silence simply means what the jockey gives the horse in the last heat—encouragement.

From the verbal French cyclone she hurled at me I gathered a few fragments that enabled me to understand.

For three months she had been employed as nurse by an American woman who had paid her good wages. Four weeks previously, however, the mother had returned to New York, saying she



**SEE
ANNOUNCEMENT
ON
PAGE 7**

BRAWNY NORWEGIANS.

They Are the Longest Lived People in the World Today.

The fine stature and unique physical qualities of the athletic Norsemen thus described by Price Collier in article on "Norway and the Norwegians. From an American Point of View," in Scribner's Magazine:

"The so called bonder, or agricultural peasantry, form the very backbone of the nation in Norway. Each proprietor of his own farm, and occupy the country from the shore the sea to the foot of the hills and every glen or valley as far as corn grows. They are, as a rule, fine looking athletic men, as their properties are so large as to exempt them from work but large enough to supply them their families with wholesome food the old days they built their houses, made their own furniture, plows, carts, harness, ironwork, work and basketwork. Probably there are no communities anywhere else in the world so self efficient, so independent and so comfortable.

"Indeed, their size and wholesomeness prove this, for they are the tallest, broadest chested and best lived people in the world today.

"In the streets of the towns, at farms, on the roads, one seldom sees a fat man or one who looks unhealthy. They are sturdily, sometimes heavily built, but they are lean in the fine broad of shoulder and thick throat, and, though they do not always carry themselves lightly or gracefully, look to have plenty of room for working machinery of living, for heart and lungs and digestive apparatus. Wherever you go in Norway, from Christiansand to the North cape, cannot go far without going up and down hill, nor can you go far without inhaling the champagne-like mountain air. It is not impossible that the food—a necessity in a poor country—the physical training in the schools, obligatory military training, the sensible temperance legislation, the up and down hill exercise, the almost entire lack of luxury and the fact that are not hard workers—not lazy, haps, but certainly leisurely in their toil, seldom making any undue demand upon their nervous energy—have

—DRY—

HARD WOOD

(cut in stove lengths)

to keep it going, "SOME FIRE."

CHAS. STEVENS, COAL AND WOOD.

Phone 104

Office opposite Campbell House



NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.

Effective June 12th, 1915.

TRAIN LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate points. Connection at TRENTON for PICTON: 5:45 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

For TRENTON and TORONTO: *2:50 a.m., 5:45 a.m., 4:25 p.m., 5:35 p.m. Sunday only.

For TWFED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM, KINGSTON and intermediate stations: 6:30 a.m.

For BELLEVILLE, TRENTON, PICTON and other intermediate points: 5:45 a.m., 12:05 noon; 4:25 p.m.

For BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITH FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 2:50 p.m.; *3:25 a.m.

For DESERONTO: *2:50 a.m., 5:45 a.m., 10:30 a.m., 12:05 noon, 4:25 p.m., 5:35 p.m. Sunday only.

TRAIN ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations: 2:50 p.m., *3:25 a.m.

From PICTON and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m., 10:05 p.m.

From COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m.

From DESERONTO: *3:25 a.m., 6:30 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 10:05 p.m., 5:20 Saturday only.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: *2:50 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

From TAMWORTH and intermediate stations: 10:30 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

From BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITH FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 4:25 p.m., *2:50 a.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

* Daily.
For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

**Waterman's
Ideal
Fountain Pen**

For sale at Wallace's, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

SEED FOR SALE.

The Agricultural Office have issued a list of seed for sale by farmers in the County. This list may be had free on application. A sample of each man's seed is kept, and marked with the Government Grade. All sales must be made direct between the buyer and seller, as these samples are kept for reference only. To obtain this list of seed for sale, call at the Agricultural Office, or write Mr. G. B. Curran, Napanee.

in her garden, but certainly one of the most remarkable weapons on record was the big saucepan which it is credibly said a lusty Turk brandished with great effect at the battle of Widdin. Since Samson's use of the jawbone of an ass there surely has never been a stranger weapon.

In one of the fierce actions in the Peninsular war ammunition ran short and many shifts were resorted to in order to make up for the lack of bullets. The chief means were buttons. There were not many left on the soldiers' uniforms when the fight was over. To-day, of course, a soldier could not do this, for all the rifles are breechloaders. But in those days it was different. Thus in this very same battle it is reported that a soldier took a razor from his Laversack, rammed it down, and fired it after the flying French cavalry. Evidently that cavalry had a close shave.

sume the defensive power of silence. But to a Frenchwoman—well, silence simply means what the jockey gives the horse in the last heat—encouragement.

From the verbal French cyclone she burled at me I gathered few fragments that enabled me to understand.

For three months she had been employed as nurse by an American woman who had paid her good wages. Four weeks previously, however, the mother had returned to New York, saying she was going over for only two or three days on an urgent business matter and would return at once. She had not seen or heard of her since. Being a woman who had to work for her own living, the baby was a burden on her hands. She could hardly support herself, much less provide for the infant, and as the child was of American parentage she thought the representative of the American government ought to take care of it.

I suggested that I would write to the city authorities in New York asking as to the genuineness of the address that the woman said the mother had left with her.

"And what shall I do during all the time you are waiting for an answer-starve?"

My answer finally was a twenty franc gold piece, with which she departed, saying she would try to take care of the baby until I could hear from the New York authorities.

Now, the reasonable and the unreasonable part of the story is that since her departure, though the sun has risen hundreds of times, she has never returned. It had not risen more than seven times, however, before I learned the reason.

It was just one week later at an informal dinner of the sixteen consuls who resided in the city that in the course of a conversation with my Italian colleague I told him the story of the woman and the baby. What do you suppose he answered?

"Well, well," he laughed, "why, that same woman came to my office, only she had an Italian baby. And I thought I was fortunate to get rid of her for 50 francs."

In the general conversation that followed I discovered that the woman had visited every one of the sixteen consulates in the city, and by her ability to change the baby's nationality from English to German and from Haitian to Japanese and all the other colors of the rainbow she had extracted from the consular corps of that particular French city the sum of 775 francs.

This incident is just one of a series of similar experiences with frauds and others a consul has to face in the performance of his duties.—Thornwell Maynes in New York Tribune.

Keeping Hair Fluffy.

With the aid of wavers and other similar simple contrivances some girls are able to impart to their hair a charmingly fluffy appearance—until they go out in the damp or the wind; then the fluffiness disappears as though by magic, and the hair hangs in dank wisps over their brows.

Here is a remedy. Before putting in the wavers damp the strands of hair to be waved with a little slightly diluted eau de cologne. This will serve to keep the wave in for quite a long time. You must dilute the eau de cologne with water, though; otherwise the hair will frizz too stiffly. Just to what extent you will require to dilute it you will find by experience. A teaspoonful of each, however, will usually meet the case.

cannot go far without going up hill, nor can you go far without inhaling the champagne-like mountain air. It is not impossible that the food—a necessity in a poor country—cannot be had without going up hill exercise, the almost entire lack of luxury and the fact that they are not hard workers—not lazy, haps, but certainly leisurely in toll, seldom making any undue exertion upon their nervous energy—have produced what no artificial legislation copy."

Napoleon and Rousseau.

Napoleon on visiting the tomb Rousseau said:

"It would have been better for the repose of France that this man never been born."

"Why so, Citizen Consul?"

"It is he who prepared the French revolution."

"I should have thought, Citizen Consul, that it was not for you to comment on the revolution."

"Well," replied Napoleon, "the French will discover whether it was not for the repose of the world that neither Rousseau nor I had ever been born."

In these words we hear the first son of advancing imperialism—"Personality of Napoleon," J. Bol Rose.

The Origin of "Hurrah."

The word "hurrah" is pure Slavic and is commonly heard from coast of Dalmatia to Bering's when any of the population lie within these limits called on to prove of courage and valor. The origin of the word belongs to the primitive idea that every man that heroically for his country goes straight to heaven—Hiray, to paradise—in the shock and ardor of battle combatants utter that cry, as Turks do that of "Allah!" each aiming himself by the certitude of immediate recompence to forget earth to contemn death.

How Indians Purified Water.

The Indians had a way of purifying water from a pond or swamp by digging a hole about a foot across down about six inches below the water level a few feet from the pond. It was filled with water they bailed out quickly, repeating the bailing less about three times. After the bailing the hole would be filled with filtered water. Try it.—Boy's Handbook.

Why Corn Has Silk.

A Potato Hill man who is sixty years old never knew until recently that for every grain on an ear of corn there is a silk running out to the light and moisture. These silks back under the husk. One is attached to each grain on the cob and nourishes it. Everything in nature is more wonderful than any invented story.—Potato Hill Cor. in Atchison Globe.

Culture's Progress.

"Our daughter is studying French, German, music, dancing and painting said the fond mother complacently.

"Well," replied Mr. Cumrox, "that's a good start. But has she yet learned not to use back number slang chew gum?"—Washington Star.

The best in house and barn part Hooper's.

Annual celebration at Napanee Dominion Day.

**BRAWNY NORWEGIANS.**

'hey Are the Longest Lived People in the World Today.

The fine stature and unique physical qualities of the athletic Norsemen are best described by Price Collier in an article on "Norway and the Norwegians. From an American Point of View," in Scribner's Magazine:

"The so called border, or agricultural peasantry, form the very backbone of the nation in Norway. Each is proprietor of his own farm, and they occupy the country from the shore of the sea to the foot of the hills and up every glen or valley as far as corn will grow. They are, as a rule, fine looking, athletic men, as their properties are not so large as to exempt them from work, but large enough to supply them and their families with wholesome food. In the old days they built their own houses, made their own furniture, plows, carts, harness, ironwork, wood-work and basketwork. Probably there are no communities anywhere else in the world so self efficient, so independent and so comfortable."

"Indeed, their size and wholesome aspect prove this, for they are the fairest, tallest, broadest chested and longest lived people in the world today."

"In the streets of the towns, at the arms, on the roads, one seldom sees a fat man or one who looks unwieldy. They are sturdily, sometimes heavily, built, but they are lean in the flank, broad of shoulder and thick through the middle, though they do not always carry themselves lightly or gracefully, they look to have plenty of room for the working machinery of living, for heart and lungs and digestive apparatus. Wherever you go in Norway, from Christiansand to the North cape, you cannot go far without going up and down hill, nor can you go far without abasing the champagne-like mountain air. It is not impossible that the plain food—a necessity in a poor country—he physical training in the schools, the obligatory military training, the sensible temperance legislation, the up and down hill exercise, the almost entire lack of luxury and the fact that they are not hard workers—not lazy, perhaps, but certainly leisurely in their oil, seldom making any undue demand upon their nervous energy—have pro-

War Losses to Date 7,500,000 Men

Based on the official statement of Premier Asquith that Great Britain's casualties to date amount to 250,000 men, military experts of the United States figure that the casualties of all the armies involved in the European war total more than 7,500,000 men. Of this number probably 1,500,000 have been killed, 4,500,000 wounded and the rest are missing.

The large part of the men reported as missing are military prisoners. The statement on Great Britain's losses shows that there are approximately three soldiers wounded to every one killed.

It is generally believed here that England's losses are not as great, proportionately, as those of the other countries involved in the conflict, but by pro-rating her losses in the armies of other nations the conclusion is reached that the casualties of the land forces are as follows:

Germany and Austria.....	8,500,000
Russia.....	2,000,000
France.....	250,000
Great Britain.....	250,000
Serbia.....	250,000
Belgium.....	200,000
Turks.....	150,000
South Africas, East Africans,	
Italians.....	50,000

Total..... 7,500,000

According to these figures almost one-third of the organized war strength of Germany, Austria, France, England, Russia, Turkey and Italy has been dissipated.

At this rate of losses—750,000 a month—a simple calculation reveals that in a little more than two years from the beginning of the war the entire military establishments of all these countries as it stood on July 31, 1914, will have been wiped out.

The reports showing the total of men available in the countries of war show that, according to the rate of loss indicated, there are enough unorganized reserves to carry on the war for three years.

Paris Green, Sprayers, Fly Oil, Berry Boxes, Carborundum Grinders, Binder Twine, Scythes, Snaths.

MADOLE'S have them.

All Civilians Ordered To Abandon Trieste.

MIDAN, June 22.—The authorities have evidently abandoned all hope of the City of Trieste escaping capture by the Italian army, as they are advising the citizens to leave. All state employees receive free railway tickets for themselves and families.

Michael O'Leary Calls Upon King.

LONDON, June 22.—Seagt. Michael O'Leary of the Irish Guards went to Buckingham Palace to-day and received the personal congratulations of King George, who pinned the Victoria Cross on the soldier's breast.

O'Leary won this, the most coveted of the British military decorations, during the winter campaign in France. According to the official account, O'Leary formed one of a storming party at Cuinchy. As the party was advancing against the German trenches, O'Leary rushed to the front and killed five Germans, who were holding the first barricade, which he captured, after killing three Germans and taking two other prisoners. The official report added that O'Leary virtually captured the German position by himself and prevented the remainder of

All
filmy
garments
requiring
extra care—

woollens and
flannels should
be washed with

LUX

LUX dissolves readily in hot water—gives a rich, foamy, cream-like lather and coaxes rather than forces dirt out of clothes. LUX softens hard water so that it cannot harm the daintiest garments or hands, and if anything, it refines the original softness of both. LUX is the pure essence of soap in flakes and



LUX Won't Shrink Woollens—Price 10c.

Made in Canada by Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto.

A CUP OF COFFEE.

It Has No Value as Food, but It Has a Stimulating Effect.

The infusion of coffee presents practically very little material that is of direct nourishing value, says a writer in the London Tablet, but by diminishing nervous fatigue, by virtue chiefly of the caffeine present, it may increase muscular power. It is not itself a builder of tissue. The use of coffee after dinner, it is of interest to note, is justified in a large number of cases by the fact of its stimulating effect upon the vital centers, and it is said to serve to some extent as an antidote to alcohol.

It is commonly claimed to remove drowsiness. As a matter of fact, in many subjects it produces drowsiness, but this is usually followed by marked wakefulness. The practice of drinking coffee after a meal for the sake of the stimulus which is experienced has much to be said in its favor dietetically.

There is no reason for supposing that coffee possesses any value as a food. The berry contains a quite important proportion of fatty substances (12 per cent average), but these are necessarily excluded from the infusion, as, owing to their insolubility, they remain in the "grounds."

According to our analysis, the protein contents of a cup of coffee are small, approximating to 1.25 per cent of the coffee extracted. This amount can have little dietary significance. There is also a trifling quantity of sugar present, besides traces of alcohol, which again can possess no importance from a physiological point of view.

LINCOLN'S KIND HEART.

the following:

"President Lincoln—I pray you not to interfere with the courts martial of the army. You will destroy all discipline among our soldiers."

Lincoln watched the old man's grief for a minute and then exclaimed:

"By jingo! Butler or no Butler, here goes!"

Then he wrote:

"Job White is not to be shot until further orders from me."

"Why," said the old man sadly, "I thought it was a pardon. You may order him shot next week."

"My old friend," replied Lincoln, "I see you are not very well acquainted with me. If your son never dies till orders come from me to shoot him he will live to be a great deal older than Methuselah."

One day a woman, accompanied by a senator, called on President Lincoln. The woman was the wife of one of Mosby's men. Her husband had been captured, tried and condemned to be shot. She came to ask for the pardon of her husband. Lincoln heard her story and then asked what kind of a husband her husband was.

"Is he intemperate; does he abuse the children and beat you?" asked the president.

"No, no," said the wife. "He is a good man, a good husband; he loves me and he loves the children, and we cannot live without him. The only trouble is that he is a fool about politics. I live in the north and was born there, and if I get him home he will do no more fighting for the south."

"Well," said Lincoln, after examining the papers, "I will pardon him and turn him over to you for safekeeping."

The woman, overcome with joy, began to sob as though her heart would break.

"My dear woman," said Lincoln, "if

n hill, nor can you go far without finding the champagne-like mountain It is not impossible that the plain—a necessity in a poor country—physical training in the schools, the gatory military training, the temperance legislation, the up and down hill exercise, the almost entire of luxury and the fact that they not hard workers—not lazy, per-, but certainly leisurely in their seldom making any undue demand on their nervous energy—have proved what no artificial legislation can."

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"Why so, Citizen Consul?" asked it is he who prepared the French Revolution."

should have thought, Citizen Consul, that it was not for you to complain of revolution." "Well," replied Napoleon, "the future discover whether it was not better the repose of the world than neither Rousseau nor I had ever been born." these words we hear the first clarion of advancing imperialism.—"The Personality of Napoleon." J. Holland.

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Steamer was Saved By Sacrificing Cargo.

Newcastle, Eng., June 22nd.—The Norwegian mail steamer Venus arrived here to-day minus the larger part of her cargo which was thrown overboard, the captain asserted, under a threat of a German submarine commander that otherwise the Venus would be sunk.

The captain says the Venus was hailed by the submarine and given the alternative of jettisoning all foodstuffs on board or being sent to the bottom, and that in order to save his boat several hundred casks of butter and many cases of salmon and other tinned fish were consigned to the sea. The remainder of the freight on the Venus consisting of wood, was permitted to remain on board.

This is the first time that a German submarine boat is reported to have permitted a vessel to escape under such terms.

WEEDS ON VACANT LOTS.

What undoubtedly constitutes a menace to those farmers who are making an honest effort to keep their farms clean is the crop of weeds found growing on vacant lots and roadsides in and around our towns and cities. These vacant lots are often nothing more nor less than nurseries and breeding places for all kinds of weeds. This is especially true of towns where large areas adjoining have been subject to wildcat subdivisioning and have had roadways ploughed, forming lodging places for weeds, which are allowed to grow unmolested. These produce countless numbers of seeds, to be blown and scattered by the winds over the farms. So far, bulletins, articles and advice pertaining to weed control have been directed at the farmer. A glance at the conditions found in most of our cities and towns will prove convincing that the farmer is not entirely to blame in the matter of weed seed production and distribution.

In the West the weed inspectors are being trained and instructed along lines that will enable them to assist the farmers in weed control, while at the same time provision by law is made to prevent any farmer from allowing his farm to become a breeding place for weeds and a menace to his neighbours. In most towns there are by-laws covering the weed problem but too often they are not enforced. Those living in towns and cities should co-operate and do their bit in the war against weeds. This is an important matter, and should receive strict attention by every town council. Action should be taken at once and not deferred until the weeds ripen and scatter their seeds.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Splendid horse races in the Napanee driving park on Thursday next, July 1st. Join the crowd in Napanee on above date.

tein contents of a cup of coffee are small, approximating to 1.25 per cent of the coffee extracted. This amount can have little dietary significance. There is also a trifling quantity of sugar present, besides traces of alcohol, which again can possess no importance from a physiological point of view.

LINCOLN'S KIND HEART.

It Showed Itself In His Aversion to the Death Penalty.

It is related that one day a man came to Lincoln with a sad tale. His son had been sentenced to death, an only son too. Lincoln said kindly:

"I am sorry I can do nothing for you. Listen to this telegram I received from General Butler yesterday," and he read

and he loves the children, and we cannot live without him. The only trouble is that he is a fool about politics. I live in the north and was born there, and if I get him home he will do no more fighting for the south."

"Well," said Lincoln, after examining the papers. "I will pardon him and turn him over to you for safekeeping."

The woman, overcome with joy, began to sob as though her heart would break.

"My dear woman," said Lincoln, "I had known how badly it was going to make you feel I never would have pardoned him."

"You do not understand me," she cried between sobs.

"Yes, yes, I do," answered Lincoln. "And if you do not go away at once I shall be crying with you."

Made in Canada



Made in Canada

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Columbia Trademark on a

Columbia Record

Is as true a mark of quality as the Sterling mark on silver.

The making of a Columbia Record is an artistic triumph.

Every shade of a vocal expression and every variation in tone is faithfully recorded and reproduced.

The same holds true in reproducing instrumental music.

In the records of such famous selections as Tschaikowsky's Overture 1812, one can distinguish the notes of every instrument at any moment, even in the most tremendous passages.

Get this Demonstration Disc 30c.

In order that you may become better acquainted with the qualities of Columbia Records, we have issued a Demonstration Record at 30c. This record is typical of the thousands of records in our general catalogues and demonstrates to what a degree of perfection the Columbia Graphophone Co. has brought the art of reproducing vocal and instrumental music.

We will gladly play this and any other Columbia record for you.

R. B. ALLEN, Agent,

Market Square,

Napanee, Ont.

The Trey O' Hearts

A Novelized Version of the Motion Picture Drama of the Same Name
Produced by the Universal Film Co.

By LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

Author of "The Fortune Hunter," "The Brass Bowl," "The Black Bag," etc.

Illustrated with Photographs from the Picture Production

Copyright, 1914, by Louis Joseph Vance

He believed, however, that a crisis impended when the tinkle of mule-bells sounded down the canyon road; and at this he threw discretion to the winds and ran toward the two with hands upheld in mock horror and a manner of humorous protest.

"Ladies, ladies!" he pleaded. "I beg of you both, let dogs delight to bark and bite—"

He got no farther: Judith's ears were as quick as his own; she, too, had caught the sound of bells behind the base of the hill. And of a sudden, without another word, she turned and flung away into the heavy thickets of undergrowth that masked all the canyon, to either side of the wagon-trail. In a twinkling she had lost herself to view in their labyrinthine shadows.

The remainder of that business was transacted rapidly enough. There were no preparations to be made; once Alan had ridden up with his three burros, nothing remained but to mount and make off without delay.

Before morning they were all riding like so many hypnotized subjects, fatigued bearing so heavily on all their senses that none spoke or cared to speak.

Broad daylight surprised them in this state, still stubbornly traveling; and shortly afterward showed them one place so perilous that it shocked them temporarily awake.

This was simply a spot where the trail came abruptly to an end on one side of a cleft in the hills quite thirty feet wide and several hundred in depth, and was continued on the farther side, the chasm being spanned by a bridge of the simplest character—no more than a footway of boards bound together with ropes none too substantial in seeming, with another rope, breast-high, to serve as a handrail.

Alan tested the bridge cautiously. It bore him. He returned, helped Rose to cross, and with her once safely landed on the other side, took his life in his hands and, aided by a Barcus unaffectedly afflicted with qualms, somehow or other (neither of them knew precisely how) persuaded the burros to cross.

After that, though the way grew more broad and easy and even showed symptoms of a decline, they had not enough strength left to sustain through another hour.

And what they thought good fortune, opportunely at this pass, brought them to a clearing dotted with the buildings of an abandoned copper mine. Not a soul was in evidence there, but the rude structures offered shelter for beast as well as man.

Barely had they made Rose as comfortable as might be upon the rough plank flooring of one of the sheds and tethered the burros out of sight, when Alan collapsed as if drugged, while Bracus who had elected himself

With infinite pains he had contrived to bridge the distance by half, or possibly not quite so much, when a dark body put the sunlight of the open doorway into temporary eclipse. Another followed it. Boots clumped heavily on the flooring. The laugh sounded again, apparently in ironic appreciation of Mr. Barcus' efforts. Two pairs of hands seized him, one beneath the shoulders, the other beneath the knees, and he was tugged laboriously out into the sunlight, carried a considerable distance, and deposited unceremoniously within a few feet of the mouth of the abandoned mine just at the moment when he had satisfied himself that the purpose of his captors was simply to throw him into the black well.

He wasted a look of appeal on the frozen mask of villainy that was Marrophat's (who bore the burden of Barcus' head and shoulders) and got laughed at for all his pains.

Then he was left to himself once more, but only for a few moments; the interval ended when the two appeared again, this time bringing Rose in similar fashion.

Not until she had been put down beside him did he discover that Alan was likewise a captive—trussed to a tree at some distance.

The remaining arrangements of their captors were swiftly and deftly consummated, though their design remained obscure to Mr. Barcus until he, after Rose, was dumped like a bale into a huge bucket, and therein by means of rope and windlass lowered to the bottom of the shaft—a descent, he estimated shrewdly, of something like a hundred feet.

A hideous screeching followed, the protests of rusty and greaseless machinery. Twisting his neck, Barcus saw the dim opening of the shaft slowly closing, as if a curtain were being drawn down over it. Jimmy was closing the bulkhead door, leaving them definitely prisoners, beyond human aid, there in that everlasting black hole.

With a final squeal and thump the bulkhead settled into place. A confusion of remote sounds thereafter indicated that Jimmy (with, perhaps, Marrophat's assistance) was making the bulkhead fast beyond question—wedging and blocking it with timbers.

These ceased—and the silence was broken by Alan's voice.

"Barcus!"

The latter grunted soulfully by way of answer: he could do no more.

"I've worked my gag loose," Alan pursued in a hurried whisper, "but my hands are tied behind my back. Are yours? Grunt once for 'yes'."

Dutifully Bracus grunted a solitary grunt.

"Then roll over on your face and give me a chance to work them free

HE STRUCK IT RIGHT AT LAST

After Suffering Almost Two Years,
"Fruit-a-tives" Brought Relief.



MR. WHITMAN
882 St. Valier St., Montreal.

"In 1912, I was taken suddenly ill with Acute Stomach Trouble and dropped in the street. I was treated by several physicians for nearly two years. I was in constant misery from my stomach and my weight dropped down from 225 pounds to 160 pounds. Several of my friends advised me to try 'Fruit-a-tives' and I did so. That was eight months ago. I began to improve almost with the first dose. No other medicine I ever used acted so pleasantly and quickly as 'Fruit-a-tives', and by using it I recovered from the distressing Stomach Trouble, and all pain and Constipation and misery were cured. I completely recovered by the use of 'Fruit-a-tives' and now I weigh 208 pounds. I cannot praise 'Fruit-a-tives' enough".

H. WHITMAN.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c.
At all dealers or sent postpaid by
Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

a gingerly scramble. Then an elbow in the tunnel—sensed rather than felt or seen—cut them off from direct communication with the bulkhead, and at the same time opened up a shaft of daylight, striking down through that pitchy darkness like a column of fine gold.

Cries of joy, amazement, incredulity choking in their throats, they stumbled forward, gained the spot immediately below the shaft, looked upward, dazzled, to see blue sky like a coin of heaven's minting far above them at the end of a long and almost perpendicular tunnel, wide enough to permit the passage of a man's body, and lined with wooden ladders.

The end of the lowermost ladder hung within easy reach from the floor of the tunnel.

But even as Alan lifted his hands to grasp the bottom rung the opening at the top of the shaft was temporarily obscured.

Thrilled with apprehension, he hesitated: Marrophat was up there, he little doubted; hardly like that one to overlook the ladder-shaft in preparing the tunnel to be a living tomb.

"What is it?" Rose demanded at his elbow, in a shaken whisper.

"Nothing," he lied instantly, and seizing the bottom rung, swung himself up. "But wait for me till I signal

"That devil! He's found the reservoir—opened the sluicet-gates—turn it into that shaft! We're done for! Alan had no argument with which gainsay him. Silently getting on feet, silently he groped for Rose in darkness, momentarily becoming dense as the fall of water shut the light, and drew her away with him up the slight incline that led back the bulkhead. . . .

The hour that followed lived on in his memory as an hour in hell, ray of hope lightened its impenetrable blackness. He could say nothing to comfort the girl; bravely though he strove to keep up her heart, time again she shook in his arms like a thing, when panic dread caught him by the neck as a terrier catches a rat.

To die there, in the darkness, like many noxious animals trapped in well! . . .

The water mounted rapidly. Within five minutes it drove them back the elbow in the tunnel; within ten lapped their ankles as they lingered there, doubting which was the greater peril, to advance or to stand fast a let the flooding tide snuff out the fire of life. To return to the neighborhood of the bulkhead was to court death indicated by the fuse and keg of blasting powder. . . .

Of a sudden the thought crossed Alan's mind that Marrophat had ranged the latter solely to keep the away from the bulkhead. Now that thought of it, he felt certain that powder room had been deliberately disclosed to him by Jimmy.

Probably, then, the keg and fuse were but stage properties—or possibly . . .

Whether or no, was death in one form preferable to the other?

He was decidedly of the opinion that it were better to be extinguished once and for all time, in the space of a second, annihilated by an explosion than to die thus lingeringly.

On this consideration, he drew Rose with him back to the bulkhead.

When they had been some fifteen minutes beside the bulkhead, the latter mounted the head of a slight rise, perhaps ten feet behind them, a poured down in ever deeper volume to back up against the barrier.

It was waist deep, however, before they retreated to the head of the rise.

Half an hour later it was waist deep there, on the highest spot in the tunnel.

In fifteen minutes more it reached their chins. And they stood with head against the roof of the tunnel.

Holding Rose close to him, Alan kissed her lips, that were as cold death.

Then, fumbling under water, found the hand of the man at his side.

The water lapped his lips like blind hand

In the tunnel that branched off from the main shaft, beyond the bulkhead, some thirty minutes before this juncture, a candle had guttered in its stick.



through another hour.

And what they thought good fortune, opportunely at this pass, brought them to a clearing dotted with the buildings of an abandoned copper mine. Not a soul was in evidence there, but the rude structures offered shelter for beast as well as man.

Barely had they made Rose as comfortable as might be upon the rough plank flooring of one of the sheds and tethered the burros out of sight, when Alan collapsed as if drugged, while Barcus, who had elected himself to keep the first watch and purposed doing it in a sitting position, with his back against the door-jamb, felt sleep overcoming him like a dense, dark cloud.

CHAPTER XLV.

The Bowels of the Earth.

Awaking befell Mr. Barcus in a fashion sufficiently sharp and startling to render him indifferent to the beneficial effects of some eight hours of dreamless slumber.

He discovered himself lying flat on his face, with somebody's inconsiderate, heavy hand purposely grinding the said face into the aged and splintery planks of the shed flooring. At the

same time other hands were busy binding his own together by the wrists and lashing the same to the small of his back by means of a cord passed around his middle, while his natural if somewhat spasmodic efforts to kick were sadly hampered by the fact that his ankles had already been secured by means of half a dozen half-hitches and a square knot.

His hands attended to, his head was released. Promptly he lifted it and essayed to yell; an effort rendered abortive by the gag that was thrust between his teeth the instant his jaws opened.

Then he heard a laugh, a cold, mirthless chuckle.

Now the blood of Thomas Barcus ran cold (or he thought it did; which amounts to much the same thing). For if his senses had played fair, the laugh he had heard was the laugh of Mr. Marrophat, head-devil in the service of Seneca Trine.

He twisted his head to one side and glancing along the floor, saw nothing but the wall. Twisted the other way, at the cost of a splinter in his nose, the effort was repaid by the discovery of Rose Trine in a plight like his own—wrists and ankles bound, gagged into the bargain—the width of the shed between them.

But of Alan Law, no sign. . . .

The heart of Mr. Barcus checked momentarily; he shut his eyes and shivered in an uncontrollable seizure of dread.

Then, tormented beyond endurance by the fears he suffered for the safety of his friend, he began to wriggle and squirm like a crippled snake, painfully inching his way across the floor toward Rose—with what design, heaven alone knows! Dimly his mental vision comprehended the bare possibility of his being able, with his fast-numbing fingers, to work loose the knots at Rose's wrists; but deep in his heart he knew this to be nothing but forlornest hope. . . .

wedging and blocking it with timbers.

These ceased—and the silence was broken by Alan's voice.

"Barcus!"

The latter grunted soulfully by way of answer: he could do no more.

"I've worked my gag loose," Alan pursued in a hurried whisper, "but my hands are tied behind my back. Are yours? Grunt once for 'yes'."

Dutifully Barcus grunted a solitary grunt.

"Then roll over on your face and give me a chance to work them free that way, given time . . ."

"Time!" was the mirthless thought of Barcus. "Haven't we got all eternity?"

For all that, he wasted no time whatever in obeying Alan's suggestion—then lay for upward of ten minutes with his face in the mold of the tunnel while Alan chewed and spat and chewed and spat and chewed again at the ropes round the wrists of his friend.

If it were in truth no more than ten minutes it seemed upward of an hour before the bonds grew slack and Barcus with an effort that cost him much of the skin on one wrist worried a hand free, then loosed the other, removed and spat out his gag, and set hastily about freeing his friend. That took but a few instants—little more than was needed to rid Rose of her bonds.

That much accomplished, a pause of profound consternation followed. The darkness was absolute in the tunnel, Jimmy having taken the candle away with him; and its silence was rendered uncanny by the sobs and murmurs of the lovers, that sounded somehow fearfully remote and inhuman to Barcus—who had turned immediately to the bulkhead and was, without the slightest hope, groping about its joints and crevices in search of some way of forcing it. . . .

"Barcus—old man!"

"Yes?"

"Have you any idea—"

"Devil a one!"

A pause . . .

"Did you notice what that blackguard had fixed up?"

"What do you mean?"

"Why—at the bottom of the shaft—I got only a glimpse coming in—the door of the powder room was open, and I saw a fuse set to the top of a keg of blasting powder . . ."

"What's the good of that? We're fast enough as it is!"

"Simply to make assurance doubly sure by causing a cave-in . . ."

"I seem to remember hearing or reading, some place, that tunnels have two ends. If that's true, the far end of this ought to be about the safest place when that explosion happens—if it ever does."

"Something in that!"

"Got any matches?" Barcus inquired, as Alan hurriedly helped Rose to her feet.

"Never one."

"Nor I. We'll have to feel our way along. Let me lead. If I step over the brink of a pit or anything, I'll try to yell and warn you in time."

Alan caught his friend's hand in passing and pressed it warmly—a caress eloquent of his gratitude to Barcus for taking their peril lightly, or pretending to, for the sake of Rose.

A ticklish business, that—groping their way through blackness so opaque that it seemed as palpable as a pool of ink. And haste was indicated; they stumbled on with what caution was possible against pitfalls—

but even as Alan lifted his hands to grasp the bottom rung the opening at the top of the shaft was temporarily obscured.

Thrilled with apprehension, he hesitated: Marrophat was up there, he little doubted; hardly like that one to overlook the ladder-shaft in preparing the tunnel to be a living tomb.

"What is it?" Rose demanded at his elbow, in a shaken whisper.

"Nothing," he lied instantly, and seizing the bottom rung, swung himself up. "But wait for me till I signal the coast's clear," he warned before committing himself finally to the ascent.

Marrophat or no Marrophat at the top, there was nothing for him to do but to grasp the nettle danger with a steady hand, unflinching. Even though he were shot dead on emerging from the shaft, it were better than to die down there like a rat in a trap. . . .

He had climbed not more than half a dozen rungs when a voice hailed from above:

"Law—Oh, Mister Law. I say—don't come up—here's a present for you."

Pausing without answer, he looked up. A few drops of water splattered his face, like heavy rain. Almost immediately the blue sky was permanently eclipsed: a heavy cascade of water, almost a solid column, shot down the shaft with terrific force.

Half-drowned and wholly dazed, he felt himself picked up and dragged away from the waterfall.

Then, as his senses cleared, he comprehended the fact that the tunnel was already filling; that where they stood it was already ankle deep; while the water continued to fall without hint of letup.

CHAPTER XLVI.

Flood and Fire.

Screaming to make himself heard above the roar of the deluge, Barcus yammered in Alan's ear:

In the tunnel that branched off the main shaft, beyond the bulk some thirty minutes before this issue, a candle had guttered in its



Alan Negotiates for the Burro

left carelessly thrust into the wall Marrophat's lieutenant, and gutter had dropped a flaming wick into a pile heap of bone-dry debris. This flamed, licked hungrily at the tim ing that upheld the falls of the tun The timbering caught fire without lay. In a space of time incred brief the flames were spreading r and left, the tunnel was a vault blistering fury.

As Alan said his last mute fare to Rose and Barcus, the fire spr out in the bottom of the shaft and vaded the powder room.

Alan had guessed aright at Ma phat's design; the keg of blasting r der was less than an eighth full; explosion could not possibly have



Gnash'ng His Teeth in Impotent Rage.

That devil! He's found the reservoir—opened the sluicegates—turned into that shaft! We're done for!" he had no argument with which to say him. Silently getting on his, silently he groped for Rose in the darkness, momentarily becoming more as the fall of water shut out light, and drew her away with him, the slight incline that led back to bulkhead.

The hour that followed lived ever in memory as an hour in hell. No of hope lightened its impenetrable darkness. He could say nothing to fort the girl; bravely though she ve to keep up her heart, time and she shook in his arms like a mad g. when panic dread caught her neck as a terrier catches a rat. die there, in the darkness, like so noxious animals trapped in a

he water mounted rapidly. Within minutes it drove them back to elbow in the tunnel; within ten it their ankles as they lingered, e, doubting which was the greater l, to advance or to stand fast and he flooding tide snuff out the fires ife. To return to the neighborl of the bulkhead was to court the h indicated by the fuse and the of blasting powder . . .

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fected the cave-in Alan had at first feared.

But what Marrophat had overlooked was the proximity to the keg of some several sticks of dynamite, masked by a film of earth that had fallen from the crumbling walls.

When the blazing fuse dropped sparks into the blasting powder this last exploded right willingly and the dynamite took its cue without the least delay.

The resultant detonation was terrific. The bulkhead was crushed in like an eggshell barrier. Part of the walls fell in, but the tunnels and shaft remained intact. The released flood streamed out and spread swiftly to the farthest recesses of the burning tunnel. Dense clouds of steam filled that place of terror as the fires were extinguished.

Swept with the stream as it poured out of the tunnel, Alan contrived throughout to retain his hold round the waist of Rose. Barcus shot past him unseen in the darkness. It was not until Alan had contrived to catch an unburned timber and stay himself and his almost witless burden beneath the mouth of the shaft that he discovered Barcus alive, if almost unrecognizable in his mask of mold and soot, battling back toward the shaft against the knee-deep water.

Half-blinded and stifled as he was by the reek of steam and powder fumes, Alan struggled with himself until his wits were passably clear.

Immediately before him dangled the hoisting bucket and rope.

Surrendering the care of Rose to Barcus, Alan climbed into the bucket and stared upward, examining the walls of the shaft for a way to the top.

There was none other than the most difficult; gaps too great to be bridged by climbing showed in the wooden ladders.

The one feasible route was via the rope. And there was nobody at the top to work the windlass—and Alan hoped there would be nobody to oppose his essay.

He addressed himself to the task without murmuring—lifted himself upon the rope, wound it round one leg, and began that heartbreaking climb.

How he accomplished it he never knew. That it must be accomplished was his one, all-absorbing thought. And somehow, by some almost super-human effort, it was eventually accomplished.

He arrived at the top of the shaft far too exhausted to show surprise when, falling in half-fainting condition within two feet of the brink, he saw Judith Trine running like mad across the clearing.

But without her aid he would not within hours have been able to work the windlass and lift Rose and Barcus to the surface.

CHAPTER XLVII.

The Last Warning.

In the chill, violet-shadowed dusk of that clear evening, a chap-fallen motor car crept sluggishly into the little mountain town of Mesquite at the heels of two mutinous mules, driven by a chauffeur who steered with one hand while the other flourished a crackling whip-lash over the backs of its sole motive power.

Its one passenger, a cripple as helpless as the car itself, huddled in a corner of the rear seat, saluted Mes-

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. *Pat H. Fletcher* Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experiment against Experiment.

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Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulence. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. 'The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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The watcher didn't see it fall, and though he spent an unconscionable time searching for it in the deep dust



It Was a Trey of Hearts.

of the roadway, he went his way in the end with curiosity unsated: Fate had reserved that card for a higher purpose.

Undisturbed, it lay where it had

in front of the blacksmith's. Probably we can hire her—"

"Trine's car!" Alan ejaculated, swinging round and recognizing the automobile at a glance. "Then he's here, as well!"

"Locks like it," Barcus admitted. "But so much the better. We'll just naturally take the darn' thing off his hands, and I'll bet a dollar there isn't another car within a radius of fifty miles! We'll be well out of these giddy mountains long before he finds anything to chase us with."

But his confidence was demonstrated to be premature by the discovery, which rewarded the first cursory examination, that the car was very thoroughly out of commission.

Two minutes later, however, their earnest inquiries elicited the fact that, although Barcus was justified in his surmise that the neighboring country was poverty-stricken in respect of motor cars, Mesquite itself boasted two motorcycles whose owners were not indifferent to a chance to sell them second-hand at a considerable advance on the retail list price of the machines, when new.

And thus it was that, within ten minutes from Rose's discovery of that chance-flung warning in the dust, the party was again in rapid motion.

...a candle had guttered in its stick,



Alan Negotiates for the Burros.

carelessly thrust into the wall by Marrohat's lieutenant, and guttering, dropped a flaming wick into a little heap of bone-dry debris. This last ed, licked hungrily at the timber that upheld the falls of the tunnel timbering caught fire without delay.

In a space of time incredibly brief the flames were spreading right and left, the tunnel was a vault of searing fury.

Alan said his last mute farewell toose and Barcus, the fire spread in the bottom of the shaft and ignited the powder room.

an had guessed aright at Marrohat's design; the keg of blasting powder was less than an eighth full; its explosion could not possibly have ef-

of that clear evening, a chap-fallen motor car crept sluggishly into the little mountain town of Mesquite at the heels of two mutinous mules, driven by a chauffeur who steered with one hand while the other flourished a crackling whip-lash over the backs of its sole motive power.

Its one passenger, a cripple as helpless as the car itself, huddled in a corner of the rear seat, saluted Mesquite with a snarl. Though he was in sore need of such rude comforts as the town stood prepared to afford him, his demeanor toward it was that of one who suffers an indignity rather than begs accommodation.

And now, as the car crawled to a pause before the Mountain house—Mesquite's one caravanserai—and Mesquite itself, to the last flea-bitten hound, gathered round to view this wonder, Mr. Trine's indignation and chagrin distilled words of poisonous import.

Far from resenting this, Mesquite, pipe in mouth, hands in pockets, admired and applauded, and rather resented the change that befell when two other strangers (whose earlier appearance in town had helped make that one day memorable beyond all others in Mesquite's history) charged out of the Mountain house and interrupted the elder devil with cries of greeting and jubilation.

The leader of these answered to the name of Marrohat; his companion was a person named Jimmy. Mesquite acquired this information through paying close attention to the substance of their communications with the cripple. More than this, however, it learned little. Something seemed to have been accomplished by the two, something that was highly gratifying to Seneca Trine: for he was chuckling almost mirthfully when lifted from the car and carried into the hotel.

What passed between the trio after they disappeared behind that bedchamber door Mesquite could by no means guess. But that a celebration of some sort was in progress was evidenced by the frequency with which Marrohat and Jimmy called on the bar for more liquid refreshment.

And toward midnight one belated Mesquite paused in the street outside the Mountain house for one last curious stare at the lighted windows of Mr. Trine's quarters.

He saw, clearly silhouetted against the glowing oblong of the window, the Mephistophelean profile of Seneca Trine, distorted with a grimace of the cruelest joy that ever heart of man conceived. He saw Marrohat approach his master with a drunken swagger and a speech which, though indistinguishable to the unseen auditor, unquestionably afforded both of the other men ample excuse for ecstatic glee. Toward its conclusion Mr. Marrohat apparently capped the peak of jubilation by fumbling in his coat pocket and bringing forth something which strongly resembled a single playing card.

Now when he had contrived to master his mirth, the cripple made a gesture which eloquently abolished this card, a gesture which said quite plainly: "All that is finished. The thing has served its purpose! To hell with it!"

Whereupon, with a smart jerk of his wrist, Mr. Marrohat sent the card spinning and sailing out through the open window to lose itself in the night.

It Was a Trey of Hearts.

of the roadway, he went his way in the end with curiosity unsated: Fate had reserved that card for a higher purpose.

Undisturbed, it lay where it had fallen, face upward, not a dozen feet from the front door of the Mountain house, until another day dawned on Mesquite.

Then, in the clear light of that dawn, four more strangers straggled into town—two weary and haggard men, two footsore and bedraggled women. One of these last was dressed in a suit of man's clothing, much the worse for wear.

At sight of the Mountain house the party betrayed slight symptoms of a more cheerful spirit: rejoicing in its promise of food and drink and beds whithal wherein to sleep, the four quickened their steps.

But of a sudden one of the women—she who wore the garments of her sex—paused, uttered a low cry, a thrill with terror, and clutching the arm of the man nearest her, pointed down to the card that stared up from the dust at her feet.

It was a troy of hearts.

CHAPTER XLVIII.

Full Flight.

"Oh, what can it mean?" Rose whispered brokenly, clinging to her lover's arm. "Surely you don't think . . . Surely, it must be accidental . . . Surely it can't mean—"

"I'm afraid it does," Alan Law responded gravely, eyeing the front of the Mountain house. "Our luck holds consistently—that's all. It wouldn't be us if we didn't pick out the one place where Marrohat and Jimmy chose to stop over night. Fortunately, it's early; I doubt they're up. With half a show we ought to be able to find some way of putting a good distance between us and this town before they waken . . . Tom!"

But Mr. Barcus was already at his elbow, in thorough sympathy with Alan's interpretation of the significance to be attached to the card that trembled in Rose's hand.

"Sharp's the word!" he agreed. "And there's a motor car over there,

country was poverty-stricken in respect of motor cars, Mesquite itself boasted two motorcycles whose owners were not indifferent to a chance to sell them second-hand at a considerable advance on the retail list price of the machines, when new.

And thus it was that, within ten minutes from Rose's discovery of that chance-flung warning in the dust, the party was again in rapid motion.

His beauty sleep disturbed by the departure of the machine bearing Barcus and Judith, Seneca Trine roused on an elbow and looked out of the window just in time to see the second motorcycle gathering momentum, Alan steering, Rose in the seat behind.

Sixty seconds later a flaunting banner of dust was all that remained to remind Mesquite that romance had passed that way—that, and a series of passionate screams emanating from the bedchamber of Seneca Trine, where the cripple lay possessed by seven devils of insensate rage.

His screams brought attendance; but it was a matter of many precious minutes before his demands could be met and Marrohat and Jimmy roused from their rapacious slumbers in adjoining chambers; and half an hour elapsed before the chauffeur, roused from his own well-earned rest, succeeded in convincing the pair that pursuit with the motor car was out of the question.

But the devil takes care of his own: within another half hour what seemed to be sheer, bull-headed, dumb luck brought a casual automobile to Mesquite—a two-seated, high-power racing machine of the latest and speediest pattern, driven by two irresponsible wayfarers who proved only too susceptible to Marrohat's offer of double the cost of the car—f. o. b. Detroit—for its immediate surrender.

The two piled out promptly enough; Marrohat and Jimmy jumped in; Trine from his bedroom window sped them on their murderous mission with a blast of blasphemy.

It must have been an hour later when Alan, checking his motorcycle as it surmounted the summit of a long upgrade, looked back and discovered, several miles distant on the far-flung windings of the mountain road, a small crimson shape that ran like a mad thing tirelessly pursued by a cloud of tawny dust like a golden ghost.

(To be Continued.)

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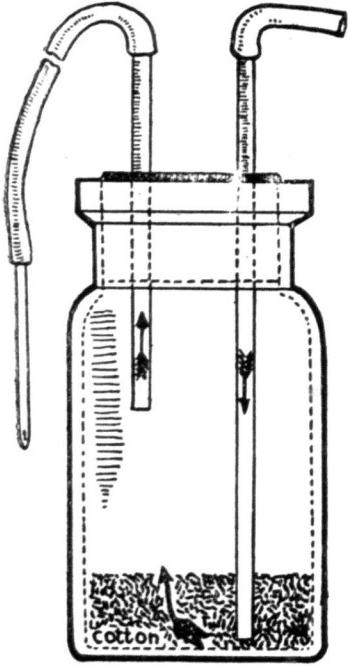
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Are you Bilious?



Air Treatment For Milk Fever.

An efficient apparatus for giving the air cure for milk fever may be rigged up in a few minutes. Every man who keeps cows should have a milking tube always at hand. The only other things necessary are a wide mouthed bottle, two pieces of tubing, either glass or other material, an air pump of some kind, some absorbent cotton, some rubber tubing and a little carbolic acid. The sketch shows how the



apparatus is put together. The purpose is to thoroughly filter the air through the cotton, thus freeing it from all dust and germs. The carbolic acid is to be put into the bottom of the bottle, so as to partly saturate the cotton. Never use a milking tube for either milk fever or any other trouble without thoroughly cleaning and sterilizing it. Neglect of this precaution may lose you a cow. Pump the udder full enough so that it is just tense, but not strained with pressure. It will often be necessary to repeat the operation several times.—Mail and Breeze.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

NEW TYPE OF ALFALFA.

May Be Grown Successfully In Hard Pan Soils of the East.

That alfalfa may be grown successfully in the hard pan soils of the east is the conclusion reached by experts after study of climate, soil and conditions. "A particular type of seed for every soil and every climate" is one of the axioms of modern farming, and experts assert that many failures of alfalfa crops in the east have been because the seed used has been adapted neither to the climate nor the soil. A type of plant recently has been developed that will thrive in the east.

It is pointed out that the variations in alfalfa are shown in the general hardness of the plant, the root system, the place where the buds start out and the general ability of the plant to resist unfavorable conditions. Alfalfa is produced largely in the west and southwest under irrigation and under conditions which make it entirely possible for the grower to control the water content in the soil, thereby insuring the proper moisture condition necessary to the maturity of the seed. Much of the seed in the east comes from southern points and is not desirable.

Observation has proved that the types of alfalfa plant which survived and grew under eastern conditions were those types with a spreading root system which could resist the soil conditions and the alternate freezing and thawing of eastern winters.

One authority says: "There is a tendency to a single tap root in all types of alfalfa. The difference between the various kinds is emphasized by a more or less striking difference in the root structure of the plant. The main consideration in choosing a type of alfalfa is that the root structure of the type selected should be adapted to the soil in which the seed is to be planted.

"After much experimentation the crown root formation was developed. This with its many side roots makes it exactly the kind of a plant to adapt itself to eastern soil and climatic conditions and has solved the problem of eastern winter kill."

CUTTING THE SEED CROP.

It is not an uncommon practice for the farmer to allow the seed crop to remain on the fields an excessive period, in order that more of the green pods may develop. In such fields on the same plant are found ripe pods bursting open, as well as fully developed, half grown and newly forming pods.

Observations show that many of the chalcis flies infesting the earlier or first pods have had sufficient time to complete their life development, emerge from the seeds and deposit their eggs into the green pods growing on the same plant upon which they themselves were fostered.

In view of this the seed crop should be so handled that the setting of pods will be as uniform as possible, and the crop should then be harvested as soon as the larger number of the pods are ripe.

SUGGESTIONS FOR PLOWING.

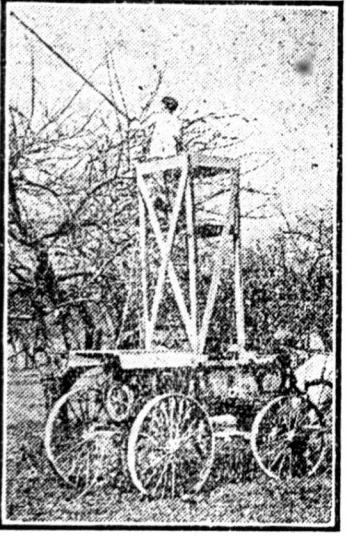
Scientific Farming

SPRAYS FOR SAN JOSE SCALE.

Vigorous Measures Should Be Taken to Combat This Disease.

[Prepared by the United States department of agriculture.]

Unless vigorous measures are taken to combat it the appearance of the San Jose scale in any orchard will in all probability put an end to the owner's hopes of profit. This pest multiplies with such extraordinary rapidity that its natural enemies are not nearly sufficient to keep it in check, and the only effective way of controlling it is to spray the trees thoroughly at least once a year. This should be done preferably during the dormant period either in the early spring or where the



A GASOLINE POWER SPRAYING OUTFIT.

climate is mild in the winter itself. Where this is done experience has shown that the scale causes comparatively little damage.

There are several kinds of sprays in common use, falling under the three classes of (1) lime-sulphur washes, (2) petroleum and kerosene washes and (3) soap washes. Of these the lime-sulphur washes are probably most generally used. They may be made at home, or concentrated solutions of lime-sulphur, which need only to be diluted with water, may be purchased from manufacturers.

Recently powdered sulphur compounds have also been put on the market. These are very convenient to handle and store and are therefore popular with those who have only a few trees to care for.

In a new publication of the department of agriculture, farmers' bulletin 650, "The San Jose Scale and Its Control," detailed instructions are given for the manufacture of lime-sulphur washes. A popular formula for a lime-sulphur concentrated solution which will keep when properly cared for a year or more is composed of fifty pounds of lime, a hundred pounds of sulphur and enough water to make fifty gallons after the mixture has been

THE NEW WALK.

The new walk which has appeared with the new skirts was at once adopted by the French women on the Riviera.

And now in the Casino at Monte Carlo and on the Promenade des Anglais at Nice all the women of the allied nations and their American cousins are trying to imitate her movements.

Since women have accustomed themselves to tight skirts and semi-Japanese steps for so long it will be rather difficult to change the way of walking all at a moment. The sport and the golf steps are even less desirable than are the little, short, quick steps of yesterday. It must be borne in mind that not only are the skirts full and, in the case of evening frocks, flounced, but also they are cut well above the ankle so that much attention must be paid to the feet.

The body is held very erect and the knees kept tight and what the dancing mistresses call "turned out." The steps must be medium in length and slightly springy. But care must be taken not to jerk or the skirt will not hang well, and there must be no suggestion of dancing in the movement; also the arms must on no account be allowed to swing. The correct movement requires practice and patience but it may perhaps prove a distraction from war thoughts.—Mona Letter in London Mail.

DOMESTIC DEMON.

Disorder Condemned by an Old Chinese Proverb.

"Invite not Disorder in thy home her demons lay it in waste."

This is a Chinese saying, so old nobody knows now by whom it was uttered. But the sage who delivered ages ago knew all there was to know of home life. He had looked into hearts of men, women and children and in thus personifying disorder was plain he regarded the quality the dire spiritual influence which mismanagement would exert. Demons are not only those of violent and unruly tempers, but the harmful effects of confusion and wastefulness. Every unprofitable phase of home was undoubtedly embraced in the found saying, whose philosophy is valuable today as it ever was.

To every woman who shall ever in a home this solemn injunction spoken. It holds all the creed of life, and so unto the end of time it have meaning. In spite of divers interests and activities, women are the keepers of the home, and in their wisdom and love and fidelity spend most of its comfort and peace prosperity. They are the makers of most telling laws in this sphere, and their deeds are good or bad so home takes its color from them.

DRESSING TABLE ACCESSO.

A Convenient Article For the Boudoir Made of Hand Embroidery.

Among the hundred and one things which adorn milady's boudoir at

izing it. Neglect of this precaution may lose you a cow. Pump the udder full enough so that it is just tense, but not strained with pressure. It will often be necessary to repeat the operation several times.—Mail and Breeze.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Look after worn spots on the lawn. Manure them well and spade deeply. Rake and sow grass seed.

Some of the schizanthus hybrids are striking flowers. They may be used as cut flowers and always attract attention.

Golden Bantam is one of the best early sweet corns. It is not quite so early as Peep o' Day, but is of better quality.

Set out a strawberry bed as soon as the soil can be worked and the plants secured. Senator Dunlap is a good variety.

After day is a good time to get the school children interested in cleaning up the schoolyard and planting it with shrubs and trees.

If nursery stock is received in a dry condition thoroughly wet the plants and either feed them in or put them in a cool moist cellar for a few days.

A good lawn is secured by sowing a thoroughly well prepared rich soil with forty-two pounds of pure Kentucky blue grass, five pounds of solid redtop and three pounds of white clover per acre. Sow as soon as the land can be well prepared, rake the seed in well and roll lightly.—Le Roy Cady, Associate Horticulturist, University Farm, St. Paul.

COAXING THE FURNACE.

Try Gentleness and the Uplift and Kindly, Soothing Words.

Treat your furnace kindly. Let your watchwords as a furnace tender be gentleness and uplift. Be firm with your furnace, but always gentle. Some persons imagine that the way to make a furnace behave properly is to first shake it violently and then maul the life out of the remaining coals with the poker. They try chastisement when they should try gentleness and uplift and only succeed in packing the coal harder and destroying ventilation, the secret of successful furnace tending.

Nothing responds more readily to uplift than does a furnace fire. When in the early morning you wish to arouse the furnace fire from its slumbers, you should first shake it gently, then gently tickle the ribs of the grate with the poker to make ventilation more perfect and then crack the top crust with a lever-like uplifting use of the poker. In a minute the fire will be wide awake and in good humor, laughing and sticking out its tongues of flame at you in merriment.

Never swear at your furnace, no matter how it annoys you. That will make it sulky and obstinate. You never saw a furnace which was sworn at often which was not frequently sulky and obstinate. Now, did you? It is advisable to take the directly opposite tack. I know a man who always addresses his furnace as "sweetheart" or "darling," and he assures me the plow works to perfection. "Maybe it doesn't really make the furnace warm up the way it seems to," he frankly admits. "Maybe the mere suggestion just keeps me from losing my temper and hammering my fire to pieces. But, anyway, the results are excellent. Savvy?"—Lee Shippay in Judge.

themselves were fostered.

In view of this the seed crop should be so handled that the setting of pods will be as uniform as possible, and the crop should then be harvested as soon as the larger number of the pods are ripe.

SUGGESTIONS FOR PLOWING.

Depth Depends Upon Season of the Year and Kind of Soil.

The depth at which land should be plowed depends much upon the season of the year, the kind of soil and the physical condition of the subsoil. Fall plowing, except for fall sown grain, should invariably be deeper than spring plowing, as there is more time for it to become sufficiently settled and compacted. Whenever land is plowed quite deeply and the climatic conditions do not thoroughly settle the furrows it should be thoroughly worked before it is planted.

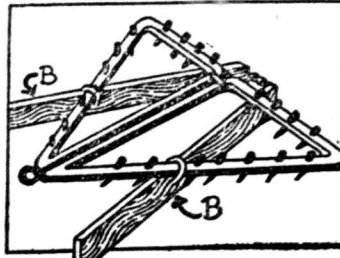
Heavy soils need to be plowed deeper than the lighter types of soils. Such soils usually have quite compact subsoils, and they are benefited by being brought to the surface. It is also a benefit to heavy soils to bury the vegetable matter at a good depth, as this will assist in keeping the subsoil from becoming too compact.

Lighter soils are very much the opposite. Their subsoils are usually not too compact, and it is better to have the vegetable matter mixed with the surface soil. Deep plowing of such soils has a tendency to make them too loose, and care should be taken to thoroughly compact them before they are planted to crops.

Plowing land continuously at the same depth every time has a tendency to form a hard, compact layer in the subsoil at that depth. This is an undesirable condition and can usually be avoided by varying the depth slightly from year to year. New land when first brought under the plow should not be plowed too deeply. While it may be desirable to ultimately have a furrow six or seven inches in depth, it should be brought about gradually by plowing a half inch or so deeper every year.

Filler For Dead Furrows.

To fill the water furrow, or dead furrow, that disagreeable ditch left by the turning plow, take a peg tooth harrow and two 1 by 6 inch boards four feet long, writes P. P. Parsons of Doris, N. M., in the Missouri Valley Farmer. Set the boards between the teeth of harrow, starting them a little to the side



of the center in front and slanting them so they almost meet at the back. This when drawn over the water furrow from end to end will draw the soil back into the ditch. Reverse the boards to level down the ridges. One section of an adjustable harrow with teeth set straight will do as well as a peg tooth.

In a new publication of the department of agriculture, farmers' bulletin 650, "The San Jose Scale and Its Control," detailed instructions are given for the manufacture of lime-sulphur washes. A popular formula for a lime-sulphur concentrated solution which will keep when properly cared for a year or more is composed of fifty pounds of lime, a hundred pounds of sulphur and enough water to make fifty gallons after the mixture has been boiled for from fifty minutes to an hour. In making this concentrate the water is first brought to the boiling point, then the lime is added and immediately afterward the sulphur. The mixture must be stirred vigorously while boiling until the lime is slaked and must be agitated throughout the time of cooking. At the expiration of the hour it should be drawn off into barrels through a thirty mesh strainer, the agitation being continued in order to secure equal distribution of the suds. The amount of water to be added to the concentrated solution to make the spray depends, of course, upon the strength of the solution itself. For convenience in handling it is desirable to have as highly concentrated solution as possible, and the following formula is therefore sometimes used:

Fresh stone lime, 80 pounds; commercial ground sulphur, 100 pounds; water to make of the finished product 50 gallons.

The following table shows the amount of water to be added to lime-sulphur solutions of various strengths. These strengths can be ascertained by means of a hydrometer:

DILUTION TABLE FOR CONCENTRATED LIME-SULPHUR SOLUTIONS.

Degrees Brixine	Specific gravity	Number gallons concentrated lime-sulphur solution to make 50 gallons tray solution		
		Summer strength	Winter strength	in lbs. per gallon
60	1.53	14	55	634
65	1.51	14	54	63
64	1.50	14	56	6
63	1.49	15	53	534
62	1.48	15	54	53
61	1.47	15	54	534
60	1.46	15	55	53
59	1.45	15	56	534
58	1.44	15	57	53
57	1.43	15	58	534
56	1.42	15	59	53
55	1.41	15	60	534
54	1.40	15	61	53
53	1.39	15	62	534
52	1.38	15	63	53
51	1.37	15	64	534
50	1.36	15	65	53
49	1.35	15	66	534
48	1.34	15	67	53
47	1.33	15	68	534
46	1.32	15	69	53
45	1.31	15	70	534
44	1.30	15	71	53
43	1.29	15	72	534
42	1.28	15	73	53
41	1.27	15	74	534
40	1.26	15	75	53
39	1.25	15	76	534
38	1.24	15	77	53
37	1.23	15	78	534
36	1.22	15	79	53
35	1.21	15	80	534
34	1.20	15	81	53
33	1.19	15	82	534
32	1.18	15	83	53
31	1.17	15	84	534
30	1.16	15	85	53
29	1.15	15	86	534
28	1.14	15	87	53
27	1.13	15	88	534
26	1.12	15	89	53
25	1.11	15	90	534
24	1.10	15	91	53
23	1.09	15	92	534
22	1.08	15	93	53
21	1.07	15	94	534
20	1.06	15	95	53

It will be noted that applications during the summer are much tighter than those for the winter. This is due to the fact that the spraying is likely to injure the foliage. Spraying if the dormant period of the tree is therefore much more desirable, and summer spraying for scale should only be resorted to when the previous work has proved ineffective. Dilute lime-sulphur is principally used as a fungicide.

Tools, Not Toys.

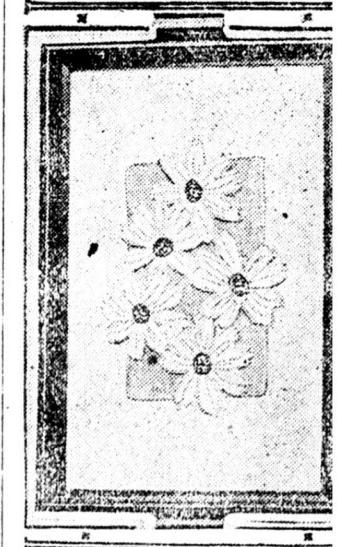
Flimber—Met Umson downtown today. He'd just bought a tin horn, a triangle, some blocks, a rattle box, some sleigh bells and a popgun. I didn't know he had a baby. Flimson—He hasn't. He's a vaudeville trap drummer. Those things are part of his outfit—Puck.

pend most of its comfort and peace prosperity. They are the makers of most telling laws in this sphere, and their deeds are good or bad so home takes its color from them.

DRESSING TABLE ACCESSORIES

A Convenient Article For the Bou Made of Hand Embroidery.

Among the hundred and one th which adorn milady's boudoir a will always be found. This tray m be ornamental. More often it is ply useful. Pictured here is a



HAIRPIN TRAY.

which is at once useful and beaut As shown, it was made of yellow s embroidered with dainty white dai with black French knot centers. oblong piece of yellow embroi satin is slipped under the glass top tray frame, and a handsome dring table accessory is the result.

The Workbag.

Cross stitch in tones of blue con uses to be very popular and is t chiefly on table linen, towels and lows. This design is intended fo square or rectangular pillow; you use it either as printed or turned in opposite direction for the ends o table runner.

Use any material, either white or ter gray, and work the dark portion the design in dark blue and for gray use a light blue.

Baste a piece of canvas over the terial and with the newspaper patt as a guide count the threads as work the stiches. If the weave of canvas is finer than indicated in design allow two squares of the for to one of the latter; when finished ravel the canvas and remove with disturbing the cross stitch.

Explaining Gravitation's Law.

If you ask a scientific man wh stone falls to the ground he will you that he doesn't know. Not ago he would have replied that it to the ground because the earth stone attract one another. This is much the same as saying that an supported stone falls to the gro because, as has been ascertained frequent experiments, an unsuppor stone falls to the ground.—Scient American.

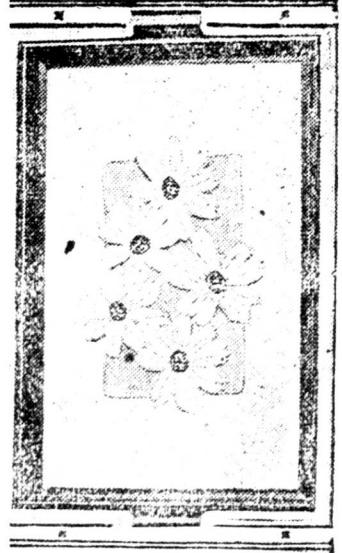
SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. :: 25 cents.

most of its comfort and peace and prosperity. They are the makers of the best telling laws in this sphere, and as their deeds are good or bad so the same takes its color from them.

RESSING TABLE ACCESSORY

Convenient Article For the Boudoir Made of Hand Embroidery.

Among the hundred and one things which adorn milady's boudoir a tray will always be found. This tray might be ornamental. More often it is simply useful. Pictured here is a tray



HAIIPIN TRAY.

which is at once useful and beautiful. As shown, it was made of yellow satin embroidered with dainty white daisies with black French knot centers. This long piece of yellow embroidered tin is slipped under the glass top of tray frame, and a handsome dressing-table accessory is the result.

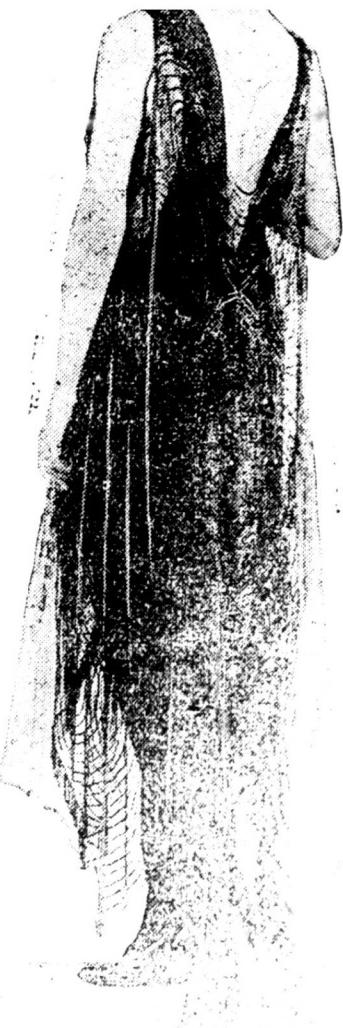
The Workbag.

Cross stitch in tones of blue continues to be very popular and is used nicely on table linens, towels and pillows. This design is intended for a square or rectangular pillow; you can cut it either as printed or turned in the positive direction for the ends of a table runner.

Use any material, either white or oyster gray, and work the dark portion of a design in dark blue and for the eye use a light blue.)

Cut a piece of canvas over the material and with the newspaper pattern a guide count the threads as you work the stitches. If the weave of the canvas is finer than indicated in the sign allow two squares of the former one of the latter; when finished unravel the canvas and remove without stirring the cross stitc.

Explaining Gravitation's Law.
If you ask a scientific man why a man falls to the ground he will tell you that he doesn't know. Not long ago he would have replied that it fell the ground because the earth and man attract one another. "This is very much the same as saying that an unsupported stone falls to the ground because, as has been ascertained by frequent experiments, an unsupported man falls to the ground."—Scientific American.



HANDSOME CREATION

through the jet under the arms and forms a filling for the V shaped back and front. The sleeves are closely conspicuous by their absence, which is the case in so many of the evening gowns in these days.

Apple Pie, German Style.

Grease an oblong tin well. Cover it with raised cake or cookie dough. Place and cut four or five apples in slices. Lay them on the dough in parallel rows. Beat the yolk of an egg and three tablespoonsfuls of cream together and drip around the apples. Bake for twenty or thirty minutes in a hot oven.

Fried Celery.

Clean well and cut out the stalks in good sized pieces. Put them in boiling water for a quarter of an hour. Dry on a napkin. Beat up an egg mixed with hot water or a soup stock. Season with salt and pepper. Roll in breadcrumbs and fry in a deep fat.

It Makes a Difference.

In Lever's "Charles O'Malley" the hero's boast while on his way to a duel, "I can break the stem of a wine-glass at fifteen paces," was met by his friend and mentor with the comment, "Yes, but the wineglass hasn't a pistol in its hand."

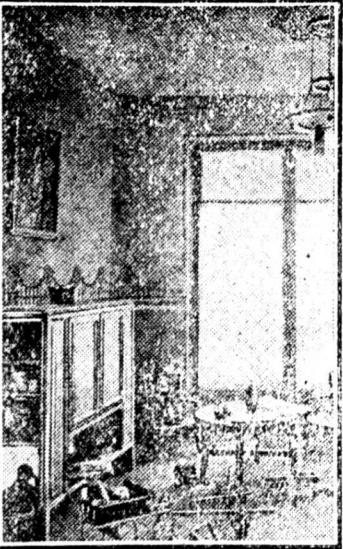
Sensible men show their sense by saying much in few words.—Franklin.

furniture and floor coverings. The furniture will be simple of line and will be low enough for the convenience of the small inhabitant. A cupboard will be provided in which toys may be stored when not in use, thus inculcating in the wee one orderly habits, which a harmonious room will also help to instill.

If in addition the nursery is properly ventilated and heated the mother will have the ideal nest in which to begin to train her young fledgeling in the duties, joys and beauties of modern life.

And as the child grows seize upon every tiny evidence of his love for the aesthetic and wisely train it, for in every individual there exists the desire for beauty, a craving which is no less insistent in its way than the purely physical appetites and one that demands a constant satisfaction.

It is in art that the intellectual and emotional characteristics of an individual or a race find concrete expres-



WELL APPOINTED NURSERY.

sion. Indeed, it is only when their psychology is understood that we can deduce, automatically, some idea of the culture which expresses these conditions. The reverse of this holds true, follow the course of the strong, clear and fine red of the Italian renaissance velvets through the period of Louis XIV., where the tone becomes less intense, until it changes to the Du Barry rose of Louis XV., and fades into the pretty Marie Antoinette pink of the Louis XVI. period. That transition tells an eloquent tale of the moral decadence of the French Court, the most brilliant, wasteful yet creative period of decorative art in history.

Out of the muddleheadness of the Victorian era there has arisen a clear, scientific and reasoning spirit, a spirit that analyzes and explains, that has expressed itself very definitely in art, and particularly in that art with which we are all so closely concerned—the creation of a harmonious home.

The time has long since passed in which interior decoration was regarded as an esoteric art, understood only by the initiated. Successful decoration is self expression and common sense—with some knowledge, either intuitive or acquired, of the emotional and intellectual reaction of the individual to certain colors, compositions and arrangements. Beauty is harmony, and harmony means rest.

It is this knowledge which has elim-

inated. Let each day's task be just a little beyond your ability, so that you will progress, but do not attempt those things which lay way out of your reach.

The surgeon cannot make remarkable operations until he has spent years of study on small problems. The chemist cannot attack the most difficult experiments until he has learned reams of textbooks. The pianist cannot play the biggest compositions until he has worked years on scales. The singer cannot sing arias of florid brilliancy without having first spent years on technique.

And so it goes. The accomplishment of anything fine means the working out of each day's problems one by one, never losing courage or patience, but plodding steadily on, with the goal always in view in the distance.

MILITARY CLOTHES.

From the latest reports from spring resorts it is quite evident that we shall wear either linen or summer silk for morning. While there is much to be said for the fresh, crisp linens that bespeak coolness, if the truth must be confessed they are anything but cool, and the vote should go to the summer silk.

Now as to the method of fashioning the linen suits, they are to be the most military of all our clothes. Linen or mercerized cotton braids, frogs and buttons are to be employed in great quantities. The coats dip in the most approved fashion, are belted in the front and back or only at the sides and are black with white insets, all black, all white or white with black portions. Pockets have become necessary, trimming, should one say? Well, they are certainly in evidence. As many as four are used on a Norfolk suit.

Speaking of the Norfolk suit, in linen it is to be mighty attractive, made of white or the natural color linen. Waists made on the lines of the Norfolk jacket are to be popular also. A tailored waist of this sort is certainly practical for wear with the plain tailored skirt. A trim little morning affair for the woman who needs to market, go to town or especially suitable for the business girl.

There are two effects to be obtained by the ever popular Norfolk—that with a yoke and that without. With the three plaits extending from the shoulder the line unbroken adds length to the stout figure, while the yoke is to be recommended for the very slender girl.

Easy.

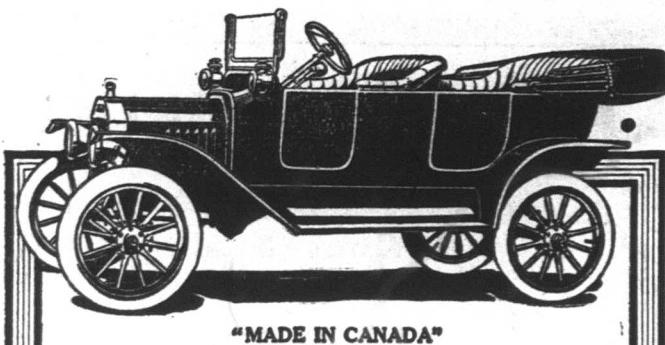
"I wish I knew how to get rid of trouble."

"I'll help you out. I know a fellow who's always looking for it!"—Judge.

Alligators' Teeth.

Ivory from alligators' teeth is as rich in hue as and has a brighter luster than the best tusks that ever came from an African elephant.

There is work on God's wide earth for all men that he has made with hands and hearts.—Carlyle.



Ford Touring Car Price \$590

No advance in the price of the "Made in Canada" Ford will be made because of the 7½% War Tariff. We as loyal Canadians will gladly absorb whatever increased duty we are forced to pay on such raw materials as cannot be obtained at home. The Ford is manufactured in Canada—not assembled in Canada.

The Ford Runabout is \$540; the Town car \$840; the Coupelet \$850; the Sedan \$1150—all fully equipped, f. o. b. Ford, Ont. Ford buyers will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915. New models on exhibition at

**W. J. NORMILE'S
SHOW ROOMS, - NAPANEE**



Seeds! Seeds!

- Garden Seeds.
- Sugar Beet Seeds.
- Mangel Seeds.
- Onion Sets.

All Good Fresh Stock.

Highest price paid for Eggs.
Cash or trade.

FRANK H. PERRY.
Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 150.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
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FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee

Strictly Private and Confidential.

39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

39

Asparagus, ferns in pots, ten cents
at Hooper's.

Mower grinders, scythe stones,
grindstones, hay forks, rope and pulleys.
BOYLE & SON.

Two suspected Germans were arrested
in Napanee on Tuesday. After an examination they were let go.

Don't buy a camera until you see the
new Autographic Kodak, at WALLACE'S, Drug store—Keeps a record
of every picture taken.

Mr. W. H. Cadman brought to our
office this week a sample of rye standing
6 feet, 6 inches high, showing the
splendid growth this season.

Lieut. John Herkimer Stewart,
whose parents live at Harrowsmith, but who was formerly from Tamworth
is reported killed in action in France.

Owing to Sunday School convention held this week, the Children's Aid Society's meeting is postponed until Friday, July 2nd, at four o'clock in the afternoon, in the Council Chamber.

**Visit Napanee on Dominion Day, July 1st, and
enjoy a day in the prettiest town in Ontario and
the best driving park.**

The Napanee Driving Park has been very much improved by a new wire fence on the west-side, new cement ticket offices, a stout picket fence in front of the grand stand, and repairs to the fencing and grand stand.

The Daughters of the Empire and

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Chas. E. Cragg, B. D., Pastor.

9.30 a.m.—Class meeting led by Mr. Desmore Davis.

10.30 a.m.—Morning worship. This service set aside for Empire Day in the Sunday School. The Sunday School will worship with the morning congregation. Every member of the school is requested to assemble at 10 o'clock in the Sunday School room and then, in classes, will march to the main auditorium of the church. The address will be given by the pastor. Subject, "Manhood Called of God."

6 p.m.—Class service.

7 p.m.—Evening service. Subject, "Red Cross in War Time," being a review of the origin, development, and organization of the Red Cross Associations among the Allies.

Monday, 8 p.m.—The Young People's meeting in charge of Christian Citizenship Department.

Wednesday, 8 p.m.—General prayer and praise service.

Photographs.

Eugene Richardson, has opened a photographic studio over Frank Perry's grocery store and will be pleased to receive orders.

29-
f

Show Your Colors!

Mayor Gibbard requests all citizens to make a display of bunting and flags on July 1st. Show the spirit of loyalty and patriotism by displaying the colors on Dominion Day.

Annual Meeting.

The Annual Meeting of the Addington Farmers Institute, will be held in Keeche's Hall, Enterprise, June 19th, 1915, at 2.30 p.m.

W. S. LOCKWOOD,
Secretary.

Sunday School Convention.

County Sunday School convention of Lennox and Addington will be held in the Grace Methodist Church, Napanee, on Friday, June 25th. There will be three sessions, morning afternoon and evening. Mr. Otter, the new Secretary of the Provincial Association, will be present and take a leading part in the programme. All interested in Sunday work are invited.

Rose Evening.

About 125 persons enjoyed a very interesting and instructive programme given by the Literary Committee of Grace Methodist Church Epworth League last Monday evening. The room was a bower of roses, and the papers, recitations and music all dealt with this subject. Mrs. Geo. Gibbard, Vice-Pres. of this department, presided and twenty others took part. There is a bright outlook for this Society. The new year promises to be one of great profit and blessing to all its members.

Trinity Church Notes.

Rev. S. Sellery leaves next week for his holiday. Rev. T. C. Brown, of Brockville, will supply the pulpit and look after all the interests of the church in the absence of the pastor. Mr. Brown is an excellent preacher. Each summer during his residence in Brockville he has supplied the pulpit of Wall street church during the pastor's vacation. On his return to Brockville in August he will supply the pulpit of that church during the absence of the pastor. Mr. and Mrs. Brown will occupy the parsonage during their stay in Napanee. Mr. Brown's motto for the warm weather will be "Bright and brief services."

House Cleaning Time

The winter's accumulation of dust and dirt thoroughly removed by the

Dry Cleaning Process

from Portiers, Mantle Scarfs, Curtains, Table Covers, and many other household articles which would be spoiled by washing in the usual way.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. B. MacLeod, M. A., preach both morning and evening. It is hoped the congregation turn out in full strength to both services.

11.45—Sunday School and B Classes.

Morning music.—Anthem, "Seek the Lord," with solo and obligata taken by Miss M. M. Barton.

Evening music.—Anthem, "Our Land and Shield."

Solo—Miss Barton.

BINDER TWINE.

Do not send out of town for Best prices at MAGDALENE'S.

Sure Death to Potato Bugs.

Pure English Paris Green (in cans). Also lead arsenate. All quantities at WALLACE'S Limited, leading Drug Store.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH
Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M.A., Vicar
Services at St. Mary Magdalene Church:

8—Holy Communion.

10.30—Morning Prayer.

12—Sunday School. Special patriotic session.

7—Evening Prayer. (shortened through the summer months).

Farmers, Attention!

Accommodation at The Hotel Ixon stables have been put in first-class condition and you are respectfully requested to give us a call. No better meals can be secured in town for money. When you are in town again call in and see what has been done for your comfort.

Yours very truly,

FRED B. McCLENNEN.

Clean your old straw hats for cents at Hooper's.

A CORRECTION RE KING ALBERT LETTER.

In reference to a letter appearing

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential.

39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

LENNOX HOTEL BARBER SHOP

Mr. F. S. Scott has purchased this shop and will be pleased to receive a share of your patronage.

Steamer Lamonde

PICTON-NAPANEE SERVICE

TIME TABLE

Leave Napanee 6:00 a.m. daily
Deseronto 7:00 a.m. daily
Picton 8:00 a.m. daily
Deseronto for Picton 1:45 p.m. daily
Picton for Napanee 4:00 p.m. daily

SUBJECT TO CHANGE

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class workmen; cigars and tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

Annual celebration at Napanee—Dominion Day.

When you see the word Rexall stamped on your bottle of Hydrogen peroxide, you will know that you are getting the highest grade obtainable. Sold only at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.



NEW SUITS

—AT—

\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds, New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.
Napanee, Ont.

VISIT NAPANEE ON DOMINION DAY, July 1st, and enjoy a day in the prettiest town in Ontario and the best driving park.

The Napanee Driving Park has been very much improved by a new wire fence on the west-side, new cement ticket offices, a stout picket fence in front of the grand stand, and repairs to the fencing and grand stand.

The Daughters of the Empire and Committee will hold their usual work meeting and tea on Wednesday afternoon next, 29th of June. The change is made for this time only owing to Dominion Day falling on Thursday this year.

The last meeting of the W.C.T.U. for the year, will be held in Grace Methodist Church on Tuesday, June 29th, 1915, at 3 p.m. A full attendance is requested to hear the County report and to select Superintendents of Departments.

An interesting feature of the service in St. Mary Magdalene church last Sunday morning was the unveiling of a tablet which had been erected in memory of Henry Macdougall, architect of the Church, who died in 1877, aged 33 years. The Venerable Archdean Bogert, of Ottawa, was rector, at the time when the Church was built and had intended to be present on Sunday but was prevented by ill health. The tablet, which is a very handsome one, was made by the Richardson & Andrew's Co., of Ottawa.

On Monday evening last there was a well represented meeting of St. Andrew's church, congregation held for the purpose of moderating in a call to a minister. Rev. W. Acton, M.A., interim moderator, opened the meeting with devotional exercises and occupied the chair, when a unanimous and hearty invitation was extended to the Rev. A. B. MacLeod, M.A., of Nova Scotia, and late of St. John's Presbyterian church, Cornwall, to become their pastor. Mr. MacLeod is an able preacher, and it is hoped that he will see his way clear to accept the position.

Don't forget the base ball game this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the Driving Park. Line up as follows: 1890 team—J. Rose, catcher; A. Wood, pitcher; W. Daly, 1st; J. Allison, 2nd; G. Taylor, 3rd; J. Derry, s.s.; C. Maybee, r.f.; H. Daly, l.f.; Dr. Leonard, c.f.; F. Haggerty, E. Roy, spare. 1915 team—J. Soby, catcher; F. Carter, pitcher; W. McLaughlin, 1st; S. Garvin, 2nd; P. Vrooman, s.s.; G. Savage, 3rd; C. Vanalstine, r.f.; S. Henderson, c.f.; A. Schernehorn, l.f.; J. Wilson, H. Dunlop, spare; Jas. Pringle, umpire.

A quiet but very pretty wedding was performed at Cole Lake by Rev. J. Leach, of Verona, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Campbell, on Tuesday, June 15th, at 9:30 a.m., when their second daughter, Myrtle E., was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Herbert Yorke, Tamworth. The winsome bride looked charming in a fairy-like dress of white embroidered satin, with wide satin girdle and pearl trimming, leaning on her father's arm. Her veil was becomingly arranged with a wreath of orange blossoms, while in her hand she carried a bouquet of white flowers. After the ceremony the bridal party sat down to a sumptuous repast, after which the happy couple left, amid a shower of rice and confetti, for Toronto and other western points. The bride's travelling suit was blue with hat to match. A number of useful presents showed the esteem in which the bride was held. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Yorke unite in wishing them a long and prosperous life. Mr. Yorke is a prosperous farmer at Tamworth.

Annual celebration at Napanee—Dominion Day.

Brockville, will supply the pulpit and look after all the interests of the church in the absence of the pastor. Mr. Brown is an excellent preacher. Each summer during his residence in Brockville he has supplied the pulpit of Wall street church during the pastor's vacation. On his return to Brockville in August he will supply the pulpit of that Church during the absence of the pastor. Mr. and Mrs. Brown will occupy the parsonage during their stay in Napanee. Mr. Brown's motto for the warm weather will be "Bright and brief services."

You get the pure English Paris Green at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

MEETING TO ORGANIZE A YOUNG MEN'S LIBERAL CLUB.

At the Town Hall, Napanee, on July 5th at 7:30 p.m., a meeting will be held to organize a Lennox and Addington Young Men's Liberal Club. All Liberals throughout the County, and especially the younger men, are cordially invited to attend this meeting. Mr. Grange, our Candidate, will be here and when the organization is completed he will give an address explaining the social features such a club will carry out. Every Liberal should attend this meeting.

The most effective, yet harmless, remedy for worms in children is Rexall Worm Syrup, 25c per bottle, at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

MORE POULTRY AND CHICKENS WANTED.

M. B. Mills has started a poultry exchange on Centre street, where he will be prepared to buy for cash your chickens and other poultry alive. This is the best way to dispose of your extra stock, as you get your money when you bring the birds in and save yourself the trouble of plucking, and the risk of loosing in shipping. Bring in any day up to July.

Table fowl supplied on order.

18-2-m

Annual celebration at Napanee—Dominion Day.

WEDNESDAY HALF HOLIDAYS.

We, the undersigned merchants of the Town of Napanee agree to close our respective places of business at twelve thirty every Wednesday afternoon during the months of July and August, and to remain closed until the following morning.

Jewellers—F. Chinneck, F. W. Smith & Bro., J. A. Vandewater.

Hardware—Madonie Hardware Co., Boyle & Son, W. T. Waller, J. G. Fennell, R. J. Wales.

Grocers—H. W. Kelly, J. H. Fish, The Fair, A. S. Kimmerly, The H. E. Maddock Co., S. Casey Denison, R. J. Wales, F. H. Perry, T. D. Scrimshaw, John Paisley, V. Cowling, Theo. Windover.

Shoe Stores—Wilson & Pro., Weiss Bros., J. J. Haines, J. P. Allison, Jas. O'Brien.

Clothing & Dry Goods—J. L. Boyes, The Graham Co., McIntosh Bros., The H. E. Maddock Co., Doxsee & Co., A. Duncan, F. Simmons, W. Davis, James Walters.

Harness Shops—F. H. Carson, W. VanDusen.

Barber Shops—H. E. Scott, L. A. Scott, J. N. Osborne, Paul Killorin, The Lennox Barber Shop.

Furniture Dealers—M. P. Judson.

Butchers—Market Meat Shop, H. Saul, F. Mills.

... call in and see what has been done for your comfort.

Yours very truly,
FRED B. McCLENNE:

Clean your old straw hats for cents at Hooper's.

A CORRECTION RE KING AL LETTER.

In reference to a letter appear last week's issue of the "Beaver so in the Kingston "Whig," an "Globe," and the "Daily News, Toronto, regarding the socks k by Mrs. Stover, of Violet, who stated, had received a personal from King Albert, of Belgium, in her in the name of the Be people, for her donation of 15 pairs of socks, which, though past 83 of age, she had knitted herself, Executive of the "U.E.L." Ch L.O.D.E. wish to state that they apparently been some miscon in the matter, and that the fact the case are as follows: Mrs. S is 85 years of age, and has knitt pairs of socks, all for the Pa of the Empire. In the spring Harshaw, Regent of the Local ter of the Imperial Order, Daug of the Empire, desiring to bring King Albert's notice how genera the sympathy evinced for himself the afflicted Belgians, even in th mtoe town of Canada, and how versal the work accomplished for and for the soldiers, through th ganization, and by old and you like, forwarded a small parcel of Stover's socks, stating her ag His Majesty of Belgium. In course Mrs. Harshaw received a gracious acknowledgement of the and other letter, asking her to c to Mrs. Stover. His Majesty's ap fac-simile of the original letter, ten of course in French, and translation, were sent to Mrs. S by Mrs. Harshaw, with which lady was greatly pleased, and pritiately proud of her achieve which had elicited recognition of a character.

It is as well to state for the b of those living outside our co that Violet is in the County of nox and Addington.

Kingston "Whig" and other p please copy.

SEE
ANNOUNCEMENTS
ON
PAGE 7



For verandah and kitchen floors your paint at Hooper's.

Rexall Corn Solvent is sold under a guarantee to remove your corns, or your money back, at WALLACE'S Drug Store, Limited.

28-ff.

House Cleaning Time

The winter's accumulation of dust and dirt thoroughly removed by the

Iry Cleaning Process

from Portiers, Mantle Scarfs, Curtains, Table Covers, and many other household articles which would be spoiled by washing in the usual way.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

T. ANDREWS' CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN.)

v. A. B. MacLeod, M. A., will ch both morning and evening. is hoped the congregation will out in full strength to both ser-

45—Sunday School and Bible ses.
ring music.—Anthem, "Seek ye Lord," with solo and obligato a by Miss M. M. Barton.
ening music.—Anthem, "Our Help Shield."
lo—Miss Barton.

DER TWINE.

not send out of town for it. prices at MADOLE'S.

Death to Potato Bugs.

ire English Paris Green (in tin). Also lead arsenate. All quan- s at WALLACE'S Limited, the Drug Store.

MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH
J. H. H. Coleman, M.A., Vicar rvices at S. Mary Magdalene ch:

Holy Communion.
30—Morning Prayer.
—Sunday School. Special patrio-
cession.

Evening Prayer, (shortened ugh the summer months).

ers, Attention!

commodation at The Hotel Len- stables have been put in first-class liton and you are respectfully re- lited to give us a call. No better is can be secured in town for the ey. When you are in town again in and see what has been done for comfort.

Yours very truly,
FRED B. McCLENNEN.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

The pastor's last Sunday before vacation.

9.45—Class Meeting.

10.30—Topic, "Making a Living and Making a Life." Where do you put the emphasis?

11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—"The Kingdom of God" (continued). The laws of this kingdom applied to the following personal problems: Happiness, the use of time, the care and use of the body, education, occupation, amusements, the expenditure of money.

Mrs. Freeman, late of Tweed, will sing at the evening service. Be sure and hear Mrs. Freeman.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Rev. T. C. Brown, of Brockville, will preach during July and the first Sunday in August.

PERSONALS

Mr. J. L. Boyes spent a few days this week in Toronto.

Mrs. Alexander McCutcheon, Co- bourg, spent the week end the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Warner.

Miss Edith Gibson is home from Seaforth for the holidays.

Mrs. Nicholas Vanalstine, and daughter, Mrs. Frank Hudson, spent a few days in Kingston this week.

Mrs. Dr. Curry, and daughter, of Dunellen, N. J., are expected in town to-morrow, to spend Sunday with her parents, Rev. Samuel and Mrs. Sellery.

Miss Gertrude E. Metzler came home on Wednesday from Albert College, Belleville, and will spend the summer holidays with her parents in town.

Miss Kathleen Wilson, left on Wednesday to spend her holidays with her sister, Mrs. J. L. Paterson, Ingersoll.

Mr. A. L. Dafoe went to Hamilton on Wednesday to bring down an Over- land car.

Miss Kathleen Cowan of Barrie, is home for the holidays.

Rev. A. B. MacLeod M.A., who was extended a unanimous call from St. Andrew's Congregation will preach next Sunday both morning and evening.

Mrs. MacFarlane Wilson, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ham, returned yesterday to St. Paul Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ham, Mrs. Wilson, of St. Paul and Mr. Kenneth Ham, motored to Wellington and the Sand Banks to spend Sunday.

The Schooner Keewatin brought in a cargo of coal for Gleeson this week.

The Schooner Newlands is in the harbor with a cargo of coal for Van- Loven.

Miss Ethel Hawley spent a few days this week in Belleville.

Mrs. R. G. H. Travers spent a few days in Belleville this week, with her husband, Lieut. Travers.

Mrs. Fred Sheppard left last week for Wayburn, Sask., to visit her daughter, Mrs. Wilson.

Mrs. M. J. Bates left last week for her summer home at 1000 Island Park.

Mrs. A. S. Ashley and Miss Edna are visiting Miss Maud Ashley at Hartford, Conn.

Mrs. Campbell sr., Mrs. Campbell jr., and son, Alexandria Bay, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Menzro Grooms, Richmond.

Miss Emma Howell of Napanee, is the guest of Mrs. Dr. Whiteman, Picton.

Mrs. C. S. Freeman late of Tweed

W. C. T. U. ITEMS.

"Helping the Germans."

"Under this startling heading The Pioneer pointed out that this is what is being done by every liquor seller who supplies intoxicants to a Canadian soldier, and that every citizen who treats a soldier to intoxicating drink is committing the same offence. Such a statement ought to provoke thought, for there can be no doubt of its truth. Leading soldiers as well as scientists are now fully assured that alcoholic indulgence interferes with physical efficiency and lessens a man's value on the battlefield. This is the foundation of much military discipline and regulations to-day. So that, as the paper well points out, anyone who lessens the efficiency of the British soldiers is really disloyal to the British Empire, and, whether he realizes it or not, is taking part in the crime of helping the Germans. In the face of charges of "treason" it is well for us to remember that there are many forms of it, and if it is wrong to betray one's country to an enemy and wrong to supply soldiers with inadequate clothing or food, it ought to be equally treasonable to impair the equipment of men by giving them strong drink. It is to be hoped that both in England and in Canada this simple but searching truth will be realized by those in authority as well as by ordinary people."—The Missionary Outlook.

Coal Oil Stoves, Screen Doors, Refrigerators, Hammocks, Freezers, Window Screens, Electric Irons, Charcoal Irons. Get them at MADOLE'S.

A DELIGHTFUL GARDEN PARTY.

Red Cross Society Scores Big Success.

On the beautiful lawn of W. S. Herrington, Esq., the Red Cross Society held, last Friday evening, one of the most successful garden parties ever given in this district. Announcement had been made that the ladies were expected to give linen, in some form, upon entering the grounds, while the men were invited to contribute cash. This novel plan met with a most generous response, as a careful estimate of the value of the linen received places it at \$175 while the net receipts in cash were something over \$150.

Every detail to make the evening successful had been so carefully looked after that the guests were entertained in a delightful manner from the time of arrival, and the various candy, ice cream, tea and sandwich tables supplied the desire for good things to eat. The prices were most reasonable and the young ladies who looked after these departments are to be complimented on their work.

An entertaining program was given in the music room of the house while in a quaint wig-wam in the garden three young ladies were kept busy telling fortunes.

The whole lawn was beautiful decorated for the occasion. Through the kindness and generosity of Mr. C. A. Walters of the Seymour Power Co., the grounds were wired and lighted free of expense and the effect produced by the lights scattered through the trees and shrubbery was much admired.

Mrs. A. W. Grange, President of the Society, the officers and members, and especially the Knitting Committee, who were in charge of the arrangements, are to be highly congratulated upon the success of their party.

The cash and linen received go to the Queen's University Hospital. This institution has

Screen Doors. Window Screens.

Lawn Mowers,
Lawn Hose,
Lawn Seats.

McCormack Repairs.

**Oil Stoves,
Paints and Oils,
Fly Oil.**

A Complete Line of Shelf Hardware. AT THE

Gurney - Oxford Store. J. G. FENNELL.

Your Groceries

The health of your family should be conserved. Do not buy anything not strictly First-Class. Your Groceries especially should receive your careful consideration.

We Guarantee all our Stock to be Fresh and Good.

Fresh Vegetables,
Fruits, Cured Meats.

T. D. Scrimshaw

Phone 215
Harshaw Block.
45-tf

Napanee Candy Store and Ice Cream Parlor.

The cleanest, nicest place in Napanee

ICE CREAM AND DRINKS,
CANDIES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

P. PAPPAS,

John Street, Napanee.

New Meat Market

reference to a letter appearing in week's issue of the "Beaver," al-

Yours very truly,
FRED B. McCLENNEN.

28-b

lean your old straw hats for ten
ts at Hooper's.

CORRECTION RE KING ALBERT
LETTER.

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Majesty of Belgium. In due course Mrs. Harshaw received a mostious acknowledgement of the same, other letter, asking her to convey Mr. Stover His Majesty's appreciation of her homage and work. A simile of the original letter, written of course in French, and of a station, were sent to Mrs. Stover Mrs. Harshaw, with which the old was greatly pleased, and proportionately proud of her achievement, it had elicited recognition of such character.

Is as well to state for the benefit those living outside our county, Violet is in the County of Lennox and Addington.

ngston "Whig" and other papers to copy.

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Mrs. A. S. Ashley and Miss Edna are visiting Miss Maud Ashley at Hartford, Conn.

Mrs. Campbell sr., Mrs. Campbell jr., and son, Alexandria Bay, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Menzro Grooms, Richmond.

Miss Emma Howell of Napanee, is the guest of Mrs. Dr. Whiteman, Picton.

Mrs. C. S. Freeman, late of Tweed, will sing in Trinity Church on Sunday evening. Her selection will be "Ashamed of Jesus" arranged from C. R. Hawley.

The Canadian Soldiers who have been in training at Belleville during the past few months, passed through Napanee on Wednesday evening. A number of Napanee boys as well as Lieutenant Travers were on the train, which was run in two sections.

Miss Evelyn Rockwell leaves on Sunday for an extended visit to relatives in Detroit, Mich. About August first Miss Rockwell leaves Detroit for Chicago for a month's stay, and after that will go to Crystal Lake, Michigan, where she will spend a month in camp with "The Camp-fire Girls."

MARRIAGES.

DETLOR—DEMING—At the residence of Mrs. Travers, Napanee, on Wednesday, June 23rd, 1915, by Rev. J. H. H. Coleman M.A., William Spencer Detlor to Mary Chase Deming.

PARKS—ANDERSON—At Frankford, on Wednesday, June 16th, 1915, by Rev. Jas. Batstone, Carrie Helen Anderson, daughter of J. M. Anderson Frankford, to Sidney Fraser Parks, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arch. Parks, Napanee.

STORMS—BAILEY—At Grace Methodist Parsonage, on Wednesday, June 23rd, 1915, Gilbert Jas. Storms was united in marriage to Edith Bailey, both of Napanee. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Chas. E. Cragg B.D.

There is nothing as good as Instant Louse Powder to kill lice on little chicks and turkeys—WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents for Napanee.

CHEESE BOARD.

Napanee Cheese Board met in Council Chamber on Friday last. Seventeen factories offered for sale, 420 white and 1380 colored. Bidding opened at 14 cents and closed at 15 cents, at which price all the cheese was sold. Seven buyers present.

Following factories boarded:

White Colored

Napanee.....	130
Phippen No. 1.....	70
Phippen No. 2.....	50
Phippen No. 3.....	70
Kingsford.....	75
Forest Mills.....	115
Odessa.....	200
Excelsior.....	115
Farmers' Friend.....	85
Palace Road.....	100
Centreville.....	100
Selby.....	140
Newburgh.....	95
Deseronto.....	140
Wilton.....	80
Whitman Creek.....	120
Enterprise.....	125

Perth, June 19.—There were 900 boxes of white and 300 colored cheese boarded. All sold. Ruling price 15 7-8c.

Belleville, June 19.—At the cheese board to-day 2,530 offered; 300 sold at 16 1-2c; balance 16 7-16c.

Guest-room toilet soap, ten cents per box at Hooper's.

lighted tree or expense and the effect produced by the lights scattered through the trees and shrubbery was much admired.

Mrs. A. W. Grange, President of the Society, the officers and members, and especially the Knitting Committee, who were in charge of the arrangements, are to be highly congratulated upon the success of their party.

The cash and linen received go to the Queen's University Hospital. This institution being so near to us should rightly be favored by Napanee people. The Queen's authorities and all others who have the welfare and comfort of our soldiers at heart should be grateful to Mr. and Mrs. Herrington for the tremendous amount of work they must have done to prepare for the party and to clear up the grounds after the event was over. They made an ideal host and hostess for such an occasion.

Your cows will milk better and your horses work better if you spray them with Williams' Fly Oil. Sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

John Street, Napanee.

New Meat Market

'Phone 230.

We have opened a Meat Market on the Market Square and will keep none but the best of all kinds of

Fresh, Cured and Cooked Meats

A share of your patronage will be appreciated.

F. MILLS.

Eggs purchased.

NOTICE !

ONTARIO LIQUOR LICENSE ACT.

Take notice that an application has been made to the Board of License Commissioners for Ontario for permission to transfer the tavern license now held by E. Clark, of Napanee, to James McVicar, of Deseronto, and that at the expiration of ten days from the date of the publication of this notice the said application will be considered by the Board. Any person objecting thereto should file a written notice thereof with the undersigned Inspector within one week from the date hereto, together with the reasons therefore.

W. S. EXLEY,

License Inspector

Dated at Napanee, the 17th day of June, 1915.



Dominion Day Excursions.

SINGLE FARE

Good going and returning Thursday, July 1st, only.

FARE AND ONE-THIRD

Good going June 30th and July 1st. Return limit Friday, July 2nd, 1915.

For tickets and information apply to E. McLaughlin, City Ticket Agent, R. E. McLean, Station Agent.

29b

A REPRESENTATIVE WANTED

—for—

THE OLD RELIABLE FONTHILL NURSERIES.

To sell in Napanee and District. A chance of a lifetime to do a big trade among the farmers as well as a good ornamental business in the town.

Exclusive territory. Handsome free outfit. Highest commissions.

Write for terms.

STONE & WELLINGTON, TORONTO.

Painting and Paperhanging

WE DO

Outside Painting, Paperhanging, Sign Painting, Gold Leaf and White Enamel Letters.

Interior Finishing and Floor Polishing.

None but Best Quality Supplies Used.

McCABE & SHAVER,

Telephone 147

Agents for BRANDRAM-HENDERSON PAINTS.

It doesn't pay to let your fruit spoil when a box of our preserving Powder only costs 10 cents. WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.